



2008

Annual Information Form

Cominar Real Estate Investment Trust
Year ended December 31, 2008

March 17, 2009

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GLOSSARY

The following terms used in this Annual Information Form have the meanings set out below:

“Adjusted Unitholders' Equity” means, at any time, the aggregate of the amount of Unitholders' equity and the amount of accumulated depreciation recorded in the books and records of the REIT in respect of its Properties, calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

“Cominar” means Cominar Real Estate Investment Trust and the corporations wholly-owned by Cominar.

“Contract of Trust” means the contract of trust made as of March 31, 1998, governed by the laws of the Province of Québec, pursuant to which the REIT was established, as amended, supplemented or restated as of May 8, 1998, May 13, 2003, May 11, 2004, May 15, 2007 and May 14, 2008.

“Dallaire Family” means the wife of the late Jules Dallaire, Michel Dallaire, Alain Dallaire, Linda Dallaire and Sylvie Dallaire and their spouses.

“Dallaire Group” means, collectively, “Corporation Financière Alpha (CFA) inc.”, previously known as “Immeubles Cominar inc.” and “AM Total Investments, General Partnership”, previously known as “Société en nom collectif Cominar”.

“Debenture” means a Series A 6.30% convertible unsecured subordinated Cominar debenture, or a Series B 5.70% convertible unsecured subordinated Cominar debenture, or a Series C 5.80% convertible unsecured subordinated Cominar debenture.

“Debentureholder” means a holder of Debentures.

“Distributable Income” means the amount of cash available to be distributed by the REIT, calculated in the manner set forth under the heading “Computation of Distributable Income for Distribution Purposes”.

“Distribution Reinvestment Plan” means the REIT distribution reinvestment plan described under the heading “Distribution Reinvestment Plan”.

“Immovable Hypothec” means a secured interest in an Immovable Property under the laws of the Province of Québec.

“Immovable Property” means immovable property under the laws of the Province of Québec or real property under other applicable law.

“Income Tax Act” means the *Income Tax Act* (Canada), as amended from time to time.

“Indenture” means the Trust indenture entered into as of September 17, 2004, between the REIT and Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as trustee, pursuant to which the Debentures were issued, as amended, supplemented or restated in May 2007 and October 2007.

“Independent Trustee” means a Trustee: (i) who is not a member of the Dallaire Family, an Associate, director, officer or employee of a corporation or partnership comprising the Dallaire Group or an affiliate thereof; (ii) who is not independent (as defined in the Corporate governance guidelines of the Canadian Securities Administrators) to the Dallaire Group; (iii) who is not a “related person” (within the meaning of the Income Tax Act) to the Dallaire Group or to any member of the Dallaire Family; (iv) who has no material business relationship with the REIT (other than his election or appointment as Trustee or, subject to the provisions of the Contract of Trust, his being a Unitholder), the Dallaire Group and any member of the Dallaire Family; and (v) who represents to the REIT, upon his election or appointment as Trustee, that he meets the foregoing criteria. A Trustee of the Dallaire Group shall be deemed not to be an Independent Trustee.

“Liens” has the meaning ascribed thereto in the *Canada Business Corporations Act*, as amended from time to time.

“Management” means the management of the REIT.

“Montréal Area” includes the City of Montréal, the City of Saint-Bruno, the City of Laval, the Town of Mount Royal, the City of Boucherville, the City of Longueuil, the City of Dorval, the City of Pointe-Claire, the City of Baie-d’Urfé, the City of Brossard, the City of Mont-Saint-Hilaire, the City of Sainte-Julie and the City of Sherbrooke.

“Net Operating Income” means the operating income before interest on borrowings, depreciation of income properties, amortization of deferred leasing expenses and depreciation of other assets, REIT’s administrative expenses, other income and unusual items.

“Non-Competition Agreement” means the non-competition agreement dated May 21, 1998 among the Dallaire Group and Messrs. Jules Dallaire (who passed away on August 15, 2006), Michel Dallaire and Alain Dallaire.

“Ottawa Area” includes the City of Ottawa and the City of Gatineau.

“Portfolio” means a 100% ownership interest in each of the Properties.

“Properties” means, unless the context requires otherwise, collectively, as at December 31, 2008, the 214 office, retail, industrial and mixed-use properties owned by the REIT, and **“Property”** means any one of them.

“Québec City Area” means the City of Québec and the City of Lévis, the City of Saint-Romuald, the City of Saint-Nicolas, the City of Saint-Augustin-de-Desmaures and the City of Saguenay.

“REIT” means Cominar Real Estate Investment Trust and the corporations wholly-owned by the REIT.

“Trustees” means the trustees of the REIT and **“Trustee”** means any one of them.

“Unit” means a unit of interest in the REIT issued from time to time in accordance with the Contract of Trust and includes, without limitation and, where the context so requires, units of the REIT issued pursuant to the Unit Option Plan or the Distribution Reinvestment Plan, and includes a fraction of a unit of the REIT.

“Unit Option Plan” means the unit option plan of the REIT described under “Management of the REIT — Unit Option Plan”.

“Unitholder” means a holder of REIT Units.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Information Form contains statements about expected future events and financial and operating results of Cominar that are forward-looking. By their nature, forward-looking statements require the REIT to make assumptions and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. There is a significant risk that predictions and other forward-looking statements will not prove to be accurate. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a number of factors may cause actual future results, conditions, actions or events to differ materially from the targets, expectations, estimates or intentions expressed in the forward-looking statements. Factors that may cause actual results to differ materially include but are not limited to economic conditions, the financial position of tenants, the REIT's ability to refinance its debts upon maturity and to lease vacant space, as well as changes in interest rates and other risk factors discussed herein and listed from time to time in Cominar's reports, comprehensive public disclosure documents, and in other documents filed with securities commissions in Canada and filed on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. For further information, see the "Risk Factors" section.

1. DATE OF ANNUAL INFORMATION FORM

This Annual Information Form (the "AIF") is dated as of March 17, 2009. Unless otherwise noted, the information contained in this AIF is stated as at December 31, 2008.

2. CORPORATE STRUCTURE

Cominar Real Estate Investment Trust is an unincorporated closed-end investment trust created by the Contract of Trust under, and governed by, the laws of the Province of Québec. The REIT was established on March 31, 1998 and began its activities on May 21, 1998, at the time of the completion of its initial public offering. Amendments to the Contract of Trust were made at various times to give the REIT greater flexibility in operating its portfolio.

The head office of the REIT is located at 455 du Marais Street, Québec, Québec G1M 3A2, phone number (418) 681-8151. Its website address is www.cominar.com.

Unless otherwise noted or the context otherwise indicates, references to the "REIT" or to "Cominar" in this AIF are to Cominar Real Estate Investment Trust. Reference to "SAC" is to Les Services Administratifs Cominar inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the REIT. SAC was incorporated under the *Canada Business Corporations Act* on March 17, 1998.

3. GENERAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE BUSINESS

3.1 OVERVIEW OF THE REIT

The REIT is the largest commercial property owner in the Province of Québec. As at December 31, 2008, the REIT owned a diversified portfolio of 214 office, retail, industrial and mixed-use Properties, of which 94 are located in the Québec City Area, 116 are located in the Montréal Area and 4 are located in the Ottawa Area.

The REIT's portfolio comprises approximately 5.3 million square feet of office space, 2.7 million square feet of retail space and 10.3 million square feet of industrial and mixed-use space, representing, in the aggregate, approximately 18.3 million square feet of leasable area. As at December 31, 2008, the REIT's portfolio was approximately 94.6% leased. The REIT's Properties are mostly situated in prime locations along major traffic arteries and benefit from high-visibility and easy access by both tenants and tenants' customers.

The REIT's asset and property management is fully internalized and the REIT is a fully integrated real estate investment operation. This management structure reduces the risk of conflicts of interest between Management and the REIT and ensures that the interests of Management and employees are aligned with those of Unitholders and results in improved operating and financial performance for the REIT.

The REIT believes that a comprehensive and proactive management strategy intended to enhance the operating and financial performance of the REIT is the best way to achieve that objective.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, the REIT had operating revenues of \$235.3 million and Net Operating Income of \$140.5 million compared to \$181.9 million and \$109.6 million, respectively, the previous year. The REIT's total assets as at December 31, 2008 were \$1.7 billion and it employed approximately 193 full-time people.

3.2 RETROSPECTIVE

On May 21, 1998, the REIT acquired a portfolio composed of 51 properties in the Québec City Area. The portfolio consisted of 8 office properties, 13 retail properties and 30 industrial and mixed-use properties for a total leasable area of approximately 3.1 million square feet. Between May 21, 1998 and December 31, 2008, the REIT's portfolio reached 214 properties representing more than 18.3 million square feet of leasable space, 6.7 million square feet of which is located in the Québec City Area, 11.0 million square feet of which is located in the Montréal Area and 0.6 million square feet of which is located in the Ottawa Area.

3.3 ACQUISITIONS, CONSTRUCTIONS AND EXPANSIONS IN FISCAL YEAR 2008

In the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, the REIT acquired and completed the development of properties representing a leasable area of approximately 1.3 million square feet. This included the acquisition of 12 properties totaling 1.2 million square feet and the construction and expansion of 2 properties for a total of 0.1 million square feet. These properties represent an investment of \$224.4 million.

Below is a summary of acquisitions, constructions and expansions completed during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008.

3.3.1 ACQUISITIONS

Detailed information on property acquisitions in 2008 is presented in the following table:

| Property | City | Activity Sector ⁽¹⁾ | Closing Date | Area (sq. ft.) | Acquisition Price (\$) ⁽²⁾ |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1875 55th Avenue | Dorval | I | 02/08 ⁽³⁾ | 40,939 | 18.6 |
| 1520-1660 55th Avenue | Montréal | I | 02/08 ⁽³⁾ | 39,511 | — |
| 1730-1850 55th Avenue | Montréal | I | 02/08 ⁽³⁾ | 39,511 | — |
| 1200 55th Avenue | Montréal | I | 02/08 ⁽³⁾ | 34,231 | — |
| 731-749 Meloche Avenue | Dorval | I | 02/08 ⁽³⁾ | 26,675 | — |
| 679-701 Meloche Avenue | Dorval | I | 02/08 ⁽³⁾ | 26,069 | — |
| 703-729 Meloche Avenue | Dorval | I | 02/08 ⁽³⁾ | 23,780 | — |
| 1870 St-Paul Blvd. | Saguenay | I | 05/08 ⁽⁴⁾ | 132,846 | 23.0 |
| 820 Alphonse-Desrochers Street | Lévis | I | 05/08 ⁽⁴⁾ | 212,000 | — |
| 933 Armand-Frappier Blvd. | Sainte-Julie | C | 05/08 | 14,600 | 3.0 |
| 2001 McGill College Avenue | Montréal | B | 10/08 | 528,532 | 165.0 |
| 4148-4150 de Portland Blvd. | Sherbrooke | I | 10/08 | 68,000 | 4.0 |
| Total | | | | 1,186,694 | 213.6 |

(1) I = Industrial and mixed-use, R = Retail and O = Office

(2) In \$000,000

(3) These seven properties were the subject of a single transaction.

(4) These two properties were the subject of a single transaction.

Additional information with respect to the abovementioned properties may be found in section 4.4 of this AIF.

3.3.2 COMPLETED DEVELOPMENTS

In 2008, the Trust converted two Properties currently under development into income-producing properties. Those Properties represent in total a further 107,357 square feet and an investment of \$10.8 million. The following table presents the completed developments:

| Development | City | Activity Sector ⁽¹⁾ | Completion Date | Area (sq. ft.) | Investment ⁽²⁾ (\$) |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| 72 du Tremblay Road | Boucherville | I | T2-2008 | 28,600 | 5.5 |
| 3025 J.-A.-Bombardier Street | Laval | I | T2-2008 | 78,757 | 5.3 |
| Total | | | | 107,357 | 10.8 |

(1) I = Industrial and mixed-use

(2) In \$000,000

Additional information with respect to the abovementioned properties may be found in section 4.4 of this AIF.

3.3.3 SALE

On October 31, 2008, Cominar sold a 23,129 square foot retail property located in Drummondville for \$2.0 million pursuant to the exercise of a purchase option by the lessee.

3.3.4 EXPROPRIATION

In June 2006, the Centre Hospitalier de l'Université de Montréal ("CHUM") started the expropriation process with respect to the property at 300 Viger Avenue in Montréal, Province of Québec.

The expropriation process is currently at the stage of finalizing the amount of the indemnity since a notice of transfer of ownership was served on Cominar on August 27, 2007, effective September 1, 2007 and on September 10, 2007 the Tribunal administratif du Québec awarded Cominar a provisional indemnity as provided for by law in such cases. The provisional indemnity was \$30 million and was received in 2007. The final indemnity will either be fixed by the Tribunal administratif du Québec or will be the subject of settlement between the parties. At this stage, it is impossible to estimate or assess the finalized amount of the indemnity.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS

4.1 GENERAL

The following objectives have been approved by the Trustees and may be amended or replaced by the Trustees from time to time. In setting the objectives of the REIT, the Trustees are subject to the investment guidelines and operating policies set out in the Contract of Trust. See "Investment Guidelines and Operating Policies".

The objectives of the REIT are to provide Unitholders with cash distributions payable monthly and to increase and maximize unit value through proactive management, including the acquisition of income properties and the development and expansion of various properties in its portfolio, with the participation of a reliable and experienced team.

The REIT manages its assets with an emphasis on growing net rental revenues and occupancy levels within the Portfolio and, where economically viable, exploiting expansion or redevelopment opportunities that offer the REIT an accretive, risk-adjusted rate of return. Growth in cash flow from existing Properties comprising the Portfolio is anticipated to be achieved through: (i) increases in lease rates built into existing leases for the Properties, (ii) improvements in occupancy rates and proactive leasing efforts and (iii) reductions in operating costs.

The REIT seeks to acquire income-producing immovable properties when the projected net yield on acquisition would result in a yield on the outstanding Units greater than the current yield to Unitholders. The REIT intends to concentrate its acquisition activities in the Québec City Area where it can exploit its competitive advantages, in the Montréal Area, in the Ottawa Area and other markets where the REIT can pursue other acquisitions that are complementary to the REIT's portfolio and management expertise. Management believes it will be able to maintain an investment strategy of acquiring properties to provide additional cash flow and enhance long-term portfolio value.

The continued growth of the REIT achieved through redevelopment and expansion of the Portfolio and future acquisitions enables the REIT to further realize economies of scale in the management of its Properties.

The REIT adopted the Dallaire Group's conservative approach to its borrowing policies and in general seeks to maintain a combination of short-term, medium-term and long-term debt maturities which are appropriate for the overall debt level of its portfolio, taking into account availability of financing, market conditions and the financial terms of the leases from which the REIT derives its cash flow. The REIT expects to issue Units only where such issuances are not considered by the Trustees to be materially dilutive to ensuing annual distributions to existing Unitholders.

Management believes that achieving these objectives will result in an increasingly diverse and stable income stream intended to reduce both risk and volatility in respect of the returns realized by Unitholders.

4.2 MANAGEMENT AND GROWTH STRATEGY OF THE REIT

The REIT believes that commercial real estate is a dynamic investment that requires active and experienced management in order to maximize total returns and minimize risk for Unitholders. The REIT believes that this objective can best be achieved through a comprehensive and proactive management strategy intended to enhance the operating and financial performance of the REIT. Specifically, the REIT focuses on:

- growing net rental revenues and occupancy levels of its Portfolio and, where economically viable, exploiting expansion or redevelopment opportunities for long-term value appreciation; and
- seeking accretive acquisitions, expansion and redevelopment opportunities for long-term value appreciation, firstly within the Québec City, Montréal and Ottawa Areas and in other markets where the REIT can capitalize on its development expertise and strong institutional, business and tenant relationships.

In 2008, the REIT continued to apply a conservative acquisition strategy and to develop quality properties in strategically located sites sought by customers in the Québec City, Montréal and Ottawa Areas.

As stated in the past, in order to meet its profitability criteria in a context of steadily rising property prices, the REIT has focused on developing those of its properties offering a potential increase in return, and on the construction of new properties on vacant lots under its ownership.

Based on its experience in the real estate sector and its in-depth market intelligence, the REIT believes that in the present market conditions it should remain conservative in developing its property portfolio in order to secure its profitability in the medium and long term. Every project is therefore appraised in accordance with specific criteria, the most important being the property's current and future profitability.

The key criterion in analyzing a prospective property acquisition remains the ratio between its purchase price, the debt involved and its profitability. The purchase price must be supported by the property's actual value, so as to associate a reasonable debt level with the transaction and to ensure satisfactory profitability through the various phases of an economic cycle.

Furthermore, to reduce the risk associated with a particular sector, the REIT continues to ensure that its portfolio is spread over its three sectors – office, retail and industrial and mixed-use properties.

Geographical diversification also plays a key role in the REIT's growth strategy. As at December 31, 2008, properties in the Québec City Area accounted for some 36.8% of its portfolio's leasable area, properties in the Montréal Area accounted for 59.9% and Properties in the Ottawa Area accounted for 3.3%.

In conclusion, the REIT's primary strategies are focused on continuing to make acquisitions and carry out developments, that match its criteria of quality and profitability over the short and long term, maintaining a fairly well-balanced segmented diversification among office, retail and industrial and mixed-use Properties, continuing to maintain geographical diversification, and finally, maintaining a conservative financing structure.

4.2.1 THE MARKET

The REIT has a leading presence in the Québec City Area by virtue of the size of the Portfolio, the concentration and diversity of the Properties and the attractiveness of their locations, all of which increase the likelihood that the REIT will discuss leasing opportunities with most prospective commercial tenants within such market. The ongoing strategy of the REIT is to maintain its leading position as well as to capitalize on other real estate investment opportunities.

As at December 31, 2008, the REIT owned 94 income Properties in the Québec City Area, totaling 6.7 million square feet. Since 1999, when Cominar acquired its first property in the Montréal Area, this region has been developed with the quality of service and management that has proven successful in terms of client satisfaction in the Québec City Area. It is for this reason that, as soon as the REIT penetrated the Montréal market, it opened a regional office and set up a team committed to meeting clients' needs. As at December 31, 2008, the REIT's portfolio included 117 Montréal Area Properties covering 11.2 million square feet. Lastly, in 2007 Cominar made its first acquisitions in the Ottawa Area by investing in four Properties representing 0,6 million square feet.

The recent financial crisis has caused a tightening of credit and led to stricter loan terms, thereby limiting access to available capital. Nonetheless, the REIT is confident that it can face this situation, given its very strong foundations and high occupancy rates. For example, in 2008, in the context of a difficult credit market, the REIT took out \$258.8 million in new mortgage loans, with an average weighted term of 6 years and an average weighted interest rate of 5.38%. In addition, in 2009 to date, the REIT has renewed all the mortgage loans maturing during the fiscal year and the expiry of the credit facility has been postponed to June 30, 2010. The REIT also recently signed a \$24.5 million financing agreement with a hypothecary lender which will be used to pay back part of the credit facility. The REIT is pursuing its discussions with various lenders, with a value of over \$200 million of mortgage-free and lien-free Properties as at December 31, 2008.

Despite the current economic context, the Québec City Area, where the REIT has a strong presence, has continued to show good financial health. Its economic indices show less variation than large industrialized cities during periods of instability due to its status as a capital, housing several government ministries. The presence of Université Laval and the many research and technology companies gravitating around it also contributes to this financial stability. At this point, the 3.8% unemployment rate in January 2009 and the less than 1.5% vacancy rate for Class A properties in Québec City and 3.3% of all classes together are an indication of the economic health of the Québec City Area.

As mentioned in the section entitled "Acquisition and Development Program", in 2008 the REIT began construction on a 396,000 square foot building which will include a 296,000 square foot office tower and 100,000 square feet of commercial space. The total amount invested will be \$74 million and its pre-leasing rate is 31%, which is satisfactory given how advanced construction on the building is.

The REIT can also count on a high-quality real estate portfolio, a diversified tenant base, good cost and risk management and a healthy financial condition, and it believes that it is currently in a good position to sustain a relatively stable financial performance during this period of economic slowdown.

4.2.2 ALIGNMENT OF THE INTERESTS OF MANAGEMENT AND OF THE REIT

The REIT is a fully integrated, self-administered, self-managed real estate operation. This structure reduces the potential for conflict between the interests of Management and the REIT. The REIT believes that by adopting a fully internalized management structure, the interests of Management and employees are aligned with those of Unitholders and improved operating and financial performance for the REIT will result. The REIT benefits from the experience and expertise of its executives and employees. The REIT also believes that interests of Management are further aligned with those of Unitholders through the granting of options under the Unit Option Plan. The Unit Option Plan provides an incentive for key Management personnel to increase the REIT's cash flow and Unit value. Participation in this Plan is offered to all employees of the REIT (subject to the applicable law).

4.2.3 COMPETITIVE STRENGTHS

The REIT intends to capitalize on the following strengths and competitive advantages of the Portfolio and Management:

- privileged relationships with its existing tenant base, which allow Management to identify and fulfill tenants' needs for expansion or contraction of space;

- ability to identify and close acquisition opportunities;
- strategic alliances with suppliers and innovative cost control measures which reduce or limit the increase in operating costs, such that gross rents continue to be competitive;
- strong relationships with financial institutions, which facilitate access to financing on favourable commercial terms and which may provide for acquisition and joint venture investment opportunities;
- efficient management information systems, including comprehensive and proprietary tenant information for each Property in the Portfolio competing within the Québec City Area real estate market; and
- development and redevelopment expertise and capability of Management and employees, providing the REIT with the ability to undertake expansion and redevelopment opportunities in compliance with the Investment Guidelines and Operating Policies of the REIT.

4.2.4 BALANCED PORTFOLIO

The REIT seeks to maintain a balanced portfolio based on asset type and property characteristics consistent with its existing portfolio, but also in line with evolving market conditions. Management believes this strategy provides the REIT with a diversified tenant base, reduces cash flow volatility and increases potential capital appreciation.

In 2008, the office-building sector made the greatest contribution to Net Operating Income with 42.2%, compared with 39.3% in 2007, while the contribution from the retail sector went from 23.6% in 2007 to 20.0% in 2008. For its part, the industrial and mixed-use sector remained stable, with a contribution of approximately 37.8% of Net Operating Income.

Information by Sector⁽¹⁾

| Sectors | Operating Revenue | | | | Net Operating Income | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| | 2008 | | 2007 | | 2008 | | 2007 | |
| | (\$000) | % | (\$000) | % | (\$000) | % | (\$000) | % |
| Office Properties | 104,884 | 44.6 | 75,098 | 41.3 | 59,257 | 42.2 | 43,132 | 39.3 |
| Retail Properties | 47,435 | 20.2 | 44,100 | 24.2 | 28,062 | 20.0 | 25,725 | 23.5 |
| Industrial and Mixed-Use Properties | 83,022 | 35.2 | 62,672 | 34.5 | 53,150 | 37.8 | 40,762 | 37.2 |
| Total | 235,341 | 100.0 | 181,870 | 100.0 | 140,469 | 100.0 | 109,619 | 100.0 |

(1) Excluding abandoned activities

4.2.5 DEBT MANAGEMENT

The REIT seeks to maintain a combination of short-term, medium-term and long-term debt maturities which are appropriate for the overall debt level of the Portfolio, taking into account availability of financing and market conditions and the financial terms of the leases from which the REIT derives its cash flow. The REIT normally manages its debt maturities by seeking predominantly fixed-rate medium-term debt and by maintaining a conservative level of debt relative to Gross Book Value. The REIT has obtained from a financial institution the financing required to make Immovable Property acquisitions, to undertake the expansion, redevelopment and improvement of its Properties and to cover certain operating expenses of the REIT and of its Properties from time to time, subject to the Investment Guidelines and Operating Policies of the REIT. See "Investment Guidelines and Operating Policies" below.

4.3 INVESTMENT GUIDELINES AND OPERATING POLICIES

4.3.1 INVESTMENT GUIDELINES

The Contract of Trust provides for certain guidelines on investments, which may be made by the REIT.

The Assets of the REIT may be invested only in accordance with the following guidelines:

- i) the REIT must focus its acquisition activities on existing income-producing Properties, including office, retail, industrial and mixed-use properties, that are substantially leased;
- ii) notwithstanding anything in the Contract of Trust to the contrary, the REIT may not make any investment or take any action or omit to take any action that would result in Units not being units of a “mutual fund trust” and of a “unit trust” within the meaning of the Income Tax Act, that would result in Units being disqualified for investment by registered retirement savings plans, registered retirement income funds or deferred profit sharing plans, that would result in the REIT being liable under the Income Tax Act to pay a tax imposed as a result of holdings by the REIT of foreign property as defined in the Income Tax Act, that would result in Units being foreign property for the purposes of the Income Tax Act or that would result in the REIT paying a tax under the registered investment provisions of the Income Tax Act for exceeding certain investment limits;
- iii) the REIT may invest in a joint venture arrangement only if:
 - (a) the arrangement is one pursuant to which the REIT holds an interest in Immovable Property jointly or in common with others (“**joint venturers**”) either directly or through the ownership of an interest in a corporation or other entity (a “**joint venture entity**”) as co-owners and not as partners and such Immovable Property is capital property of the REIT and, if owned through the ownership of an interest in a joint venture entity, the said Immovable Property is capital property of the joint venture entity;
 - (b) the REIT's interest in the joint venture arrangement is not subject to any restriction on transfer other than a right of first refusal, if any, in favour of the joint venturers;
 - (c) the REIT has a right of first refusal to buy the interests of the other joint venturers;
 - (d) the joint venture arrangement provides an appropriate buy-sell mechanism to enable a joint venturer to purchase the other joint venturers' interests or to sell its interest;
 - (e) the joint venture arrangement provides that the liability of the REIT to third parties is joint and not solidary (the common law equivalent being “several and not joint and several”), provided however, that, subject to any remedies that each joint venturer may have against the other joint venturers, a joint venturer shall be hypothecarily liable to the full extent of the property and that, further, may be required to give up its interest in any particular property owned by the joint venture entity as a result of another joint venturer's failure to honour its proportionate share of the obligations relating to such property; and
 - (f) the joint venture arrangement permits, but does not require, the REIT or its designee to participate fully in the management thereof;
- iv) except for temporary investments held in cash, deposits with a Canadian chartered bank or trust company registered under the laws of a province of Canada, short-term government debt securities, some or all of the receivables under an instalment receipt agreement or in money market instruments of, or guaranteed by, a Schedule 1 Canadian bank maturing prior to one year from the date of issue, the REIT may not hold securities other than securities of a joint venture entity or an entity or corporation wholly owned by the REIT formed and operated solely for the purpose of holding a particular Immovable Property or Immovable Properties or some or all of the receivables under an instalment receipt agreement or for any purpose relating to the activities of the REIT, and provided further that, notwithstanding anything contained in the Contract of Trust to the contrary, the REIT may acquire securities of other real estate investment trusts;
- v) except as otherwise prohibited in the Contract of Trust, the REIT may invest in interests (including ownership and leasehold interests) in income-producing Immovable Property in Canada and the United States that is capital property of the REIT;
- vi) the REIT may not invest in rights to or interests in mineral or other natural resources, including oil or gas, except as incidental to an investment in Immovable Property that is capital property of the REIT;

- vii) the REIT may not invest in operating businesses unless the investment is made indirectly in connection with a transaction (i) from which income will be earned, directly or indirectly, especially from real estate, or (ii) which consists primarily of acquiring ownership of or operating real estate, directly or indirectly (in each case, at the discretion of the trustees) or acquiring an interest in general or limited partnerships, it being understood, however, that the REIT may invest in a partnership under the following circumstances: (i) the partnership was set up and is operated for the sole purpose of purchasing, holding, maintaining, improving, leasing or managing one or more immovable properties or interests therein; (ii) unless the majority of independent trustees approves it, the REIT's interest in the partnership is unrestricted with respect to transfers other than a right of first refusal or right of first offer, where applicable, in favour of another partner or an affiliate thereof; provided, in each case, that the investment (A) does not lead to any obligation for the REIT or a registered retirement savings plan, a registered retirement income fund or a deferred benefit plan to pay, under the Income Tax Act, tax resulting from the property held by the REIT; (B) does not render the REIT ineligible as a "mutual fund trust" within the meaning of the Income Tax Act and (C) does not cause REIT to lose any status granted to it under the Income Tax Act which is beneficial to the REIT and unitholders;
- viii) the REIT may, with the prior approval of the Trustees, invest in raw-land to be held as capital property for development and ownership for other development projects, in any such case, for the purpose of (i) renovating or expanding existing facilities that are capital property of the Trust or (ii) developing new facilities which will be income producing and constitute capital property of the Trust, provided that the aggregate value of the investments of the Trust in raw-land will not exceed 5% of the Adjusted Unitholders' Equity;
- ix) the REIT may invest in Immovable Hypothecs, mortgages and hypothecary or mortgage bonds (including, with the consent of a majority of the Trustees, a participating or convertible Immovable Hypothec or mortgage) where:
 - (a) the Immovable Property which is security therefor is income-producing Immovable Property which otherwise meets the general investment guidelines of the REIT adopted by the Trustees from time to time in accordance with the Contract of Trust and the restrictions set out therein;
 - (b) the amount of the hypothecary or mortgage loan is not in excess of 75% of the market value of the property securing the Immovable Hypothec or mortgage and the Immovable Hypothec or mortgage has at least 1.2 debt service coverage;
 - (c) the Immovable Hypothec or mortgage is a first-ranking Immovable Hypothec or mortgage or of subsequent rank registered on title to the Immovable Property which is security therefor; and
 - (d) the aggregate value of the investments of the REIT in these Immovable Hypothecs and mortgages, after giving effect to the proposed investment, will not exceed 20% of the Adjusted Unitholders' Equity;
- x) the REIT may invest in Immovable Hypothecs or mortgages if the sole intention is to use the acquisition of the Immovable Hypothecs and mortgages as a method of acquiring control of an income-producing Immovable Property which would otherwise meet the investment guidelines of the REIT and provided the aggregate value of the investments of the REIT in such Immovable Hypothecs and mortgages after giving effect to the proposed investment, will not exceed 20% of the Adjusted Unitholders' Equity; and
- xi) subject to paragraph (ii), the REIT may invest an amount (which, in the case of an amount invested to acquire Immovable Property, is the purchase price less the amount of any indebtedness assumed or incurred by the REIT and secured by an Immovable Hypothec or mortgage on such property) up to 15% of the Adjusted Unitholders' Equity of the REIT in investments or transactions which do not comply with paragraphs (iv), (v), (ix) and (x) under the heading "Investment Guidelines and Operating Policies — Investment Guidelines" or paragraph (iii) under the heading "Investment Guidelines and Operating Policies — Operating Policies".

For the purpose of the foregoing guidelines, the assets, liabilities and transactions of a corporation or other entity wholly or partially owned by the REIT shall be deemed to be those of the REIT on a proportionate consolidation basis. In addition, any references in the foregoing to investment in Immovable Property shall be deemed to include an investment in a joint venture arrangement. Except as specifically set forth above to the contrary, all of the foregoing prohibitions, limitations or requirements for investment shall be determined as at the date of investment by the REIT. Nothing in the guidelines shall prohibit the REIT from holding or assigning some or all of the receivables due pursuant to any instalment receipt agreement.

4.3.2 OPERATING POLICIES

The Contract of Trust provides that the operations and affairs of the REIT shall be conducted in accordance with the following policies:

- i) the REIT shall not purchase, sell, market or trade in currency or interest rate futures contracts otherwise than for hedging purposes where, for the purposes hereof, the term "hedging" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto by National Policy No. 39 adopted by the Canadian Securities Administrators, as in effect immediately prior to the rescission thereof effective February 1, 2000;
- ii) any written instrument creating an obligation which is or includes the granting by the REIT of an Immovable Hypothec or mortgage, and to the extent the Trustees determine to be practicable and consistent with their duty to act in the best interests of the Unitholders, any written instrument which is, in the judgment of the Trustees, a material obligation shall contain a provision or be subject to an acknowledgment to the effect that the obligation being created is not personally binding upon, and that resort shall not be had to, nor shall recourse or satisfaction be sought from, the private property of any of the Trustees, Unitholders, Annuitants under a plan of which a Unitholder acts as a trustee or carrier, or officers, employees or agents of the REIT, but that only Property of the REIT or a specific portion thereof shall be bound; the REIT, however, is not required, but shall use all reasonable efforts, to comply with this requirement in respect of obligations assumed by the REIT upon the acquisition of Immovable Property;
- iii) the REIT shall not lease or sublease to any person any Immovable Property, premises or space where that person and its associates would, after the contemplated lease or sublease, be leasing or subleasing Immovable Property, premises or space having a fair market value net of encumbrances in excess of 20% of the Adjusted Unitholders' Equity of the REIT;
- iv) the limitations contained in paragraph (iii) shall not apply to the renewal of a lease or sublease and shall not apply where the lessee or sublessee is, or where the lease or sublease is guaranteed by:
 - (a) the Government of Canada, the Government of the United States, any province of Canada, any state of the United States or any municipality in Canada or the United States, or any agency thereof;
 - (b) any corporation of which the bonds, debentures or other evidences of indebtedness which it issues or guarantees are authorized as an investment for insurance companies pursuant to subsection 86(1)(k) of the *Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act* (Canada) in effect on December 31, 1991; or
 - (c) a Canadian chartered bank registered under the laws of a province of Canada;
- v) title to each Immovable Property shall be drawn up in the name of the Trustees or, to the extent permitted by applicable law, the REIT or a corporation or other entity wholly-owned by the REIT or jointly owned by the REIT with joint venturers;
- vi) the REIT shall not incur or assume any indebtedness if, after giving effect to the incurring or assumption of the indebtedness, the total indebtedness of the REIT would be more than 60% of the Gross Book Value (65% if any convertible debentures of the REIT are outstanding, including the aggregate par value of any convertible debenture);
- vii) the REIT shall not directly or indirectly guarantee any indebtedness or liabilities of any kind of a third party except indebtedness assumed or incurred under an Immovable Hypothec or mortgage by a corporation or other entity wholly-owned by the REIT or jointly owned by the REIT with joint venturers and operated solely for the purpose of holding a particular Property or Properties where such Immovable Hypothec or mortgage, if granted by the REIT directly, would not cause the REIT to otherwise contravene the restrictions set out under the heading "Investment Guidelines and Operating Policies", and where such Immovable Hypothec or mortgage is granted by a joint venture entity, subject to a joint venturer being required to give up its interest in a property owned by the joint venture entity as a result of another joint venturer's failure to honour its proportionate share of the obligations relating to such property, the liability of the REIT is limited strictly to the proportion of the hypothecary or mortgage loan equal to the REIT's proportionate ownership interest in the joint venture entity;
- viii) the REIT shall obtain an independent appraisal of each property that it intends to acquire;

- ix) the REIT shall obtain and maintain at all times insurance coverage in respect of potential liabilities of the REIT and the accidental loss of value of the assets of the REIT from risks, in amounts, with such insurers and on such terms as the Trustees consider appropriate, taking into account all relevant factors including the practices of owners of comparable properties; and
- x) the REIT shall have conducted a Phase I environmental audit of each Immovable Property to be acquired by it and, if the Phase I environmental audit report recommends that a Phase II environmental audit be conducted, the REIT shall have a Phase II environmental audit conducted, in each case by an independent and experienced environmental consultant; such audit, which constitutes a condition to any acquisition, shall be satisfactory to the Trustees. All new leases granted by the REIT shall contain appropriate covenants from the lessee respecting environmental matters as determined by the Trustees from time to time.

For the purposes of the foregoing policies, the assets, liabilities and transactions of a corporation or other entity wholly or partially owned by the REIT shall be deemed to be those of the REIT on a proportionate consolidation basis. In addition, any references in the foregoing to investment in Immovable Property shall be deemed to include an investment in a joint venture. All of the foregoing prohibitions, limitations or requirements pursuant to the foregoing policies shall be determined as at the date of investment or other action by the REIT.

4.3.3 AMENDMENTS TO INVESTMENT GUIDELINES AND OPERATING POLICIES

Pursuant to the Contract of Trust, all of the investment guidelines set out under the heading “Investment Guidelines and Operating Policies — Investment Guidelines” and the operating policies contained in paragraphs (v), (vi), (vii), (viii), (ix), (x) and (xi) under the heading “Investment Guidelines and Operating Policies — Operating Policies” may be amended only if such amendment is approved by two-thirds of the votes cast by Unitholders of the REIT at a meeting of Unitholders called for such purpose. The remaining operating policies may be amended if such amendment is approved by the Trustees and by a majority of the votes cast by Unitholders at a meeting called for such purpose.

4.4 PROPERTIES

As at December 31, 2008, the Portfolio of the REIT included 214 office, retail, and industrial and mixed-use Properties located in the Québec City Area, in the Montréal and Ottawa Areas. The Portfolio consists of 5.3 million square feet of office space, 2.7 million square feet of retail space and 10.3 million square feet of industrial and mixed-use space representing, in the aggregate, approximately 18.3 million square feet of leasable area. The Properties comprising the Portfolio are prime locations along major thoroughfares and benefit from high visibility and easy access by both tenants and tenants' customers. The Properties are well-maintained and in good operating condition.

4.4.1 OVERVIEW OF PORTFOLIO

The following tables summarize the Properties of the REIT as at December 31, 2008 by asset class, lease expiries and renewals and new leases as at December 31, 2008 and lease maturities from 2009 to 2013:

Allocation by Property Type⁽¹⁾

| Property Type | Number of Properties | Total Area (square feet) | % | % Leased |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Office Properties | 37 | 5,326,142 | 29.1 | 94.5 |
| Retail Properties | 38 | 2,685,867 | 14.6 | 97.1 |
| Industrial and Mixed-Use Properties | 139 | 10,308,088 | 56.3 | 94.0 |
| Total Portfolio | 214 | 18,320,097 | 100.0 | 94.6 |

Note:
 (1) Includes the Properties being developed that are not included in the calculation of the occupancy rate and the weighted average net rent (See “Summary of the Properties”).

Expiries, Renewals and New Leases as of December 31, 2008

| | Office | Retail | Industrial and Mixed-Use | TOTAL |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Leases expiring in 2008 | | | | |
| Number of clients | 220 | 139 | 226 | 585 |
| Leasable Area (square feet) | 640,239 | 347,891 | 1,645,433 | 2,633,563 |
| Average net rent/square foot | 10.01 | 8.44 | 5.58 | 7.04 |
| Renewed Leases | | | | |
| Number of clients | 133 | 99 | 159 | 391 |
| Leasable Area (square feet) | 501,449 | 327,455 | 1,185,552 | 2,014,456 |
| Average net rent/square foot | 10.65 | 10.84 | 6.05 | 7.93 |
| % of renewal | 77.4 | 96.1 | 73.1 | 77.1 |
| New Leases | | | | |
| Number of clients | 48 | 39 | 82 | 169 |
| Leasable Area (square feet) | 158,039 | 125,640 | 760,170 | 1,043,849 |
| Average net rent/square foot | 11.30 | 9.66 | 5.45 | 6.84 |

Lease Maturities⁽¹⁾

| | Office ⁽²⁾ | Retail ⁽³⁾ | Industrial and Mixed-Use | TOTAL |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------|
| Number of Leases | | | | |
| 2009 | 190 | 112 | 245 | 547 |
| 2010 | 193 | 117 | 171 | 481 |
| 2011 | 99 | 88 | 136 | 323 |
| 2012 | 137 | 134 | 120 | 391 |
| 2013 | 114 | 83 | 107 | 304 |
| Area (square feet) | | | | |
| 2009 | 587,388 | 278,079 | 1,700,928 | 2,566,395 |
| 2010 | 700,055 | 279,406 | 1,631,433 | 2,610,894 |
| 2011 | 628,297 | 286,850 | 1,328,862 | 2,244,009 |
| 2012 | 825,494 | 375,629 | 1,381,186 | 2,582,309 |
| 2013 | 478,069 | 173,038 | 1,031,717 | 1,682,824 |
| Weighted Average Net Rent (per sq. ft.) | | | | |
| 2009 | \$10.56 | \$11.12 | \$5.43 | \$7.22 |
| 2010 | \$13.33 | \$10.77 | \$5.44 | \$8.13 |
| 2011 | \$12.20 | \$10.87 | \$5.86 | \$8.27 |
| 2012 | \$10.76 | \$10.65 | \$6.38 | \$8.40 |
| 2013 | \$11.80 | \$14.06 | \$6.33 | \$8.68 |

Notes:

(1) Information given for the twelve months ending December 31 of each calendar year.

(2) Includes maturities for leases of office space at Place de la Cité.

(3) Includes maturities for leases of retail space at Place de la Cité.

4.4.2 SUMMARY OF THE PROPERTIES

The following table summarizes certain aspects of each of the Properties⁽¹⁾:

| Properties | Year Built/ Renovated | Leasable Area (ft ²) | % Leased | Selected Tenants ⁽²⁾ |
|--|--|--|-------------|--|
| OFFICE PROPERTIES | | | | |
| Québec City Area | | | | |
| 4635 1st Avenue Québec City | 1979/1993 | 41,069 | 88.7 | Industrial Alliance Life Insurance Company, a Canadian chartered bank, Subway (restaurant) |
| 5055 Wilfrid-Hamel Blvd. West Québec City | 1979/1996 | 28,021 | 100.0 | Matériaux Blanchet, Laforge Barbeau, Attorneys, Société immobilière du Québec |
| 5073-5075-5079 Wilfrid-Hamel Blvd. West Québec City | 1980/1994 | 28,636 | 94.9 | Au Vieux Duluth (restaurant), Gagnard et associés |
| 2014 Cyrille-Duquet Street Québec City | 1979/1997 | 61,986 | 99.5 | Canadian Automobile Association (Quebec), Innovmetric Logiciels, Sun Microsystems of Canada, Opsens inc. |
| 2200 Cyrille-Duquet Street Québec City | 1965/1986/ 1996 | 30,635 | 100.0 | Telus Communications (Québec) |
| Place de la Cité 2590-2640 Laurier Blvd. Québec City | 1964/1970/ 1982/1988/ 1993/ 2003/2004 | 698,730 | 99.9 | National Bank Financial, Desjardins Securities, AXA Assurances, Régie des rentes du Québec, The Great West Life Assurance Company, Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, The Guarantee Company, Gestion M.D., Aon, Microsoft Canada, SEPAQ, PriceWaterhouse-Coopers, Autorité des marchés financiers, Lombard Canada, a Canadian chartered bank, Hub International, Fonds des professionnels/Fonds d'investissements, Quebec Mining Association |
| 455 du Marais Street Québec City | 1977/1997 | 60,933 | 100.0 | Industrial Alliance Life Insurance Company, Cominar, Cygnal Technologies, Corporation des services d'ambulance du Québec, Moore North America, Telus Communications (Québec), Groupe Écho Canada |
| 3175 des Quatre-Bourgeois Road Québec City | 1990 | 101,334 | 87.1 | Public Works Canada, Re/Max, Société immobilière du Québec, Lumbermen's Underwriting Alliance |
| 979 de Bourgogne Avenue Québec City | 1976/1988/ 1996 | 66,363 | 100.0 | Public Works Canada, Farm Credit Canada, Office des personnes handicapées du Québec, Joint Health and Safety Association, Mining Sector |
| 150 René-Lévesque Blvd. East Québec City | 1973/1999 | 234,058 | 97.4 | Société immobilière du Québec, Cantel, Vidéotron, a Canadian chartered bank, Ernst & Young, Telus Communications (Québec) |
| 1265 Charest Blvd. West Québec City | 1975/2002 | 141,558 | 100.0 | Esri Canada, Société immobilière du Québec, Transcontinental Media, Groupe Altus |
| 565-585 Charest Blvd. East Québec City | 1950 1999/2000 | 109,967 | 93.4 | ABB Bomen, Groupe Roche, a Canadian chartered bank, Frima studio inc. |
| Sub-total | | 1,603,290 | | |

| Properties | Year Built/ Renovated | Leasable Area (ft²) | % Leased | Selected Tenants⁽²⁾ |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|--|
| Montréal Area | | | | |
| 255 Crémazie Blvd. East Montréal | 1967/2002 | 244,374 | 90.9 | Société immobilière du Québec, Communauté urbaine de Montréal, Pétrie Raymond LLP, Consultants 3LM, a Canadian chartered bank, Aecon Group, Ordre professionnel des travailleurs sociaux du Québec, Nordias Québec |
| 8500 Décarie Blvd. Montréal | 2001 | 175,060 | 100.0 | Ericsson Canada |
| 3400 Jean-Béraud Avenue Laval | 2001 | 156,270 | 100.0 | Public Works Canada |
| 201-211 Laurier Street East Montréal | 1916 1989 2001 | 132,134 | 100.0 | City of Montréal, Sitel Téléservices Canada, Softvoyage, the Canadian Corps of Commissionaires |
| 375 Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Blvd. Mont-Saint-Hilaire | 1999 | 49,855 | 100.0 | Breton, Banville et associés |
| 325 Honorius-Charbonneau Blvd. Mont-Saint-Hilaire | 1985 | 19,259 | 100.0 | Breton, Banville et associés SENC |
| 1080 Beaver Hall Hill Montréal | 1968/ 2000 | 319,655 | 94.4 | Natis Programming & Tech Inc., Dessau Soprin, Harris/Decima Inc., Board of Trade of Metropolitan Montreal, Groupe Option Retraite Inc., Draft Worldwide Montréal Inc., Broadsign Canada Inc., Iron Ore Company of Canada, Peer 1 Network Inc., Citenet Telecom Inc., Hapag Lloyd (Canada) Inc., Vidéotron Ltée, Protecteur du Citoyen |
| 4700 de la Savane Street Montréal | 1988/ 1998/1999 | 190,118 | 92.6 | Fujitsu Transaction Solutions Canada Inc., The Young & Rubicam Group of Companies ULC, Presagis Canada Inc., a Canadian chartered bank, Cuisilab Inc., Cominar |
| 455 Fénelon Blvd. Dorval | 1990 | 95,656 | 69.2 | Société immobilière du Québec, Adacel Inc., Lumbermen's Underwriting Alliance, Emerson Electric Canada Ltd., Patriot Freight Services Inc. |
| 9900 Cavendish Blvd. Montréal | 1987 | 84,636 | 91.4 | CIBC World Markets Inc., Procter & Gamble Inc., Kronos Canadian Systems Inc., Nymox Pharmaceutical Corp., Cato Research Canada Inc., Fournitures de bureau Denis Inc. |
| 9999 Cavendish Blvd. Montréal | 1988 | 51,100 | 92.9 | Pitney Bowes, Intertape Polymer Inc., Famic Technologies Inc. |
| 9960-9970 Côte-de-Liesse Road Montréal | 1983 | 24,728 | 95.0 | Fishery Products International Ltd., Energizer Canada |
| 1 Place Laval Laval | 1965/1989 | 123,870 | 86.5 | Carrefour Jeunesse Emploi, ASM Canada Inc., Groupe Echo Canada Inc., Société immobilière du Québec, Wells Fargo Financial Inc., Tecresult Inc., a Canadian chartered bank |
| 2 Place Laval Laval | 1965/1989 | 102,592 | 84.8 | Groupe Vézina & Associés Ltée, a Canadian chartered bank, Wells Fargo Financial Inc., CBV Collection Services Ltd, Croesus Finansoft Inc., SITQ Inc., Hôpital Sacré-Cœur de Montréal |

| Properties | Year Built/ Renovated | Leasable Area (ft ²) | % Leased | Selected Tenants ⁽²⁾ |
|---|--------------------------|--|-------------|--|
| 3 Place Laval Laval | 1965/1989 | 186,842 | 90.5 | City of Laval, Centre d'appels Expertel Inc., Vancouver Career College (Burnaby) Inc., Société immobilière du Québec, Public Works Canada, a Canadian chartered bank |
| 4 Place Laval Laval | 1965/1989 | 140,380 | 93.0 | Société immobilière du Québec, Devises Mondiales Inc., a Canadian chartered bank |
| 3080 Le Carrefour Blvd. Laval | 1990 | 89,748 | 93.8 | GMAC Residential Funding of Canada, Ltd., ID Biomedical Corp. of Quebec (GlaxoSmithKline), Prevail Energy Ltd, La Capitale services conseils Inc., HB Group Insurance Management Ltd., Investissements J.L. Gauthier, BMO Nesbitt Burns Inc. |
| 3090 Le Carrefour Blvd. Laval | 1986 | 73,052 | 87.4 | Scotia Capital Inc., Office municipal d'habitation de Laval, Financière Liberté 55, Services Comptables B.D.H., Services Financiers CIT Ltée, Brown Shoe Company of Canada Ltd., a Canadian chartered bank |
| 3100 Le Carrefour Blvd. Laval | 1988 | 75,508 | 92.8 | RBC Life Insurance Co., SNC-Lavalin Inc., Federated Insurance Company of Canada, Sun Life Insurance Company of Canada, Investors Services Ltd., a Canadian chartered bank |
| 2525 Daniel-Johnson Blvd. Laval | 1977 | 109,797 | 88.9 | Genivar Limited Partnership, Business Development Bank of Canada, Construction Kiewit Cie, Intégration Dolphin Inc., Industrial Alliance Company, a Canadian chartered bank |
| 1111 Dr.-Frederik-Philips Blvd. Montréal | 1990 | 102,744 | 100.0 | Makivik Corporation, Sun Life Insurance Company of Canada, Axidata Inc., Hospira Healthcare Corp., ACNielsen Company of Canada |
| 3300 Côte-Vertu Blvd. Montréal | 1976 | 98,278 | 96.5 | A Canadian chartered bank, Nikon Canada Inc., Public Works Canada, Delta Air Lines Inc., Société immobilière du Québec, Geosaf Inc., Gamma Entertainment Inc., Cambridge Mercantile Corp., Synnex Canada Limited, PSAC Holdings Inc. |
| 2001 McGill College Avenue Montréal | 1982 | 535,113 | 87.4 | Société immobilière du Québec, Cascades Canada inc., Vérificatrice générale du Québec, National Public Relations Inc., Société Internationale de Télécommunication Aéronautique, two Canadian chartered banks, Orange Business Services |
| Sub-total | | 3,180,769 | | |
| Ottawa Area | | | | |
| 550 de la Cité Blvd. Gatineau | 2003 | 320,742 | 100.0 | Public Works Canada |
| 480 de la Cité Blvd. Gatineau | 2003 | 45,528 | 100.0 | Brookfield Power Inc. |
| 400 Cooper Street Ottawa | 1974/ 1998 | 175,813 | 99.8 | Public Works and Government Services Canada, Community Health Center |
| Sub-total | | 542,083 | | |
| TOTAL OFFICE PROPERTIES | | 5,326,142 | 94.5 | |

| Properties | Year Built/ Renovated | Leasable Area (ft²) | % Leased | Selected Tenants⁽²⁾ |
|---|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|--|
| RETAIL PROPERTIES | | | | |
| Québec City Area | | | | |
| 3345 du Carrefour Sreet Québec City | 2005 | 20,305 | 100.0 | Caisse populaire du Vieux Moulin, Matelas Dauphin |
| 1367-1371 Sainte-Foy Road Québec City | 1950/1983 | 5,491 | 100.0 | Immeubles Couche-Tard |
| 5600 de la Rive-Sud Blvd. Lévis | 2005 | 8,100 | 100.0 | Société des alcools du Québec |
| 5 d'Orléans Street Québec City | 1978/1985 | 5,792 | 100.0 | A Canadian chartered bank |
| 1400 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue Québec City | 1979/1995 | 104,848 | 97.0 | Meubles Zip International Ltée, Mega Fitness Gym, Société de l'assurance automobile du Québec, BPR Bechtel |
| Halles Fleur de Lys 245 Soumande Street Québec City | 1978/1984/ 1994 | 89,407 | 92.4 | Marché Plus, Société des alcools du Québec, Restaurant Pacini |
| 2195 de la Rive-Sud Blvd. Saint-Romuald | 1977/1985 | 6,225 | 100.0 | A Canadian chartered bank |
| 2160 de la Rive-Sud Blvd. Saint-Romuald | 1971/1978/ 1996 | 72,843 | 100.0 | Metro, Caisse populaire Desjardins, Vidéo Éclair |
| Place de la Cité 2590-2640 Laurier Blvd. Québec City | 1964/1970/ 1982/1993 | 344,570 | 98.6 | Caisse populaire Desjardins, two Canadian chartered banks, Roots, Lunetterie New Look, Parfumerie Dans un Jardin, Uniprix (pharmacy), Restaurant Le Beaugarte, Club Entrain (sports and recreation centre), Canadian Automobile Association (Quebec), Desjardins Securities, Household Trust Company of Canada, Disnat, Urban Planet, Jardin Mobile, Gosselin Photo Vidéo inc., Clinique d'ophtalmologie de la Cité, TD Waterhouse |
| Carrefour Charlesbourg 8500 Henri-Bourassa Blvd. Québec City | 1976/1988/ 1995/1996/ 2004 | 313,235 | 94.2 | Metro, Pharmacie Brunet, Sports Experts, La Source, a Canadian chartered bank, Industrial Alliance Life Insurance Company, Énergie Cardio, Yellow, Dollarama, Rossy |
| 355 du Marais Street Québec City | 1990 | 37,375 | 100.0 | Schneider Canada Inc., Maître Piscinier, Duro Vitres d'Auto, Trans Canada Credit |
| 325 du Marais Street Québec City | 1991 | 78,869 | 98.7 | Restaurant Tomas Tam, Kit à Tout (furniture store), Re/Max, Public Works Canada |
| 3323 du Carrefour Street Québec City | 2006 | 4,054 | 100.0 | A Canadian chartered bank |
| 550 du Marais Street Québec City | 1995 | 16,649 | 100.0 | Écho Sports, Chaussures Néro Bianco, Telus |
| Les Promenades Beauport (excluding the area under renovation and expansion) 3333 du Carrefour Street Québec City | 1978/2002/ 2004/2008 | 440,316 | 96.2 | Dooly's, Jean Coutu, Dollarama, Yellow, Parfumerie Dans un Jardin, Énergie Cardio, Winners, La Source, Cantel, Public Works Canada, Meubles Léon, Garage, La Senza, Hart, Telus, Clément, Magasins Eureka |
| 1295 Charest Blvd. West Québec City | 1982/ 2007 | 27,905 | 100.0 | Boiteau Luminaire |
| Place Lévis 50 Président-Kennedy Road Lévis | 1970/1995 | 222,198 | 95.8 | Provigo Distribution, SuperClub Vidéotron, Cage aux Sports, Nautilus Plus, Desjardins Securities, Piscines Trévi, Simon Maranda, Ministère de l'Agriculture, des Pêcheries et |

| Properties | Year Built/ Renovated | Leasable Area (ft²) | % Leased | Selected Tenants⁽²⁾ |
|---|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|--|
| 3319 du Carrefour Street Québec City | 2003 | 3,090 | 100.0 | de l'Alimentation, La Financière Agricole Tim Horton |
| 329 Seigneuriale Street Québec City | 1992/1997 | 3,792 | 100.0 | Lebeau Vitres d'Auto |
| 1970 Chauveau Avenue Québec City | 1970/1983 | 2,400 | 100.0 | Provi-Soir |
| 1275 Charest Blvd. West Québec City | 1975/2002 | 63,222 | 100.0 | Meubles Croteau, Société immobilière du Québec, Tapis du Monde |
| 1050 René-Lévesque Blvd. Drummondville | 1987/2001 | 23,129 | 100.0 | Buropro Produits de bureau |
| Sub-total | | 1,870,686 | | |
| Montréal Area | | | | |
| 1479-1481-1483-1485 Saint-Bruno Blvd. Saint-Bruno | 1997 | 12,971 | 100.0 | Penningtons, Yellow |
| 1465 Saint-Bruno Blvd. Saint-Bruno | 1997 | 26,093 | 100.0 | Bureau en gros |
| 1475 Saint-Bruno Blvd. Saint-Bruno | 1997 | 129,638 | 100.0 | Wal-Mart |
| 1495 Saint-Bruno Blvd. Saint-Bruno | 1997 | 34,808 | 100.0 | Cineplex Odeon |
| 800 Claude-Jutras Blvd. Saint-Bruno | 2003 | 30,352 | 100.0 | Déco Découvertes |
| 239-245 Samson Blvd. Laval | 1991 | 40,622 | 96.4 | Cantel, Jean Coutu, SuperClub Vidéotron |
| 2101-2137 Curé-Labelle Blvd. Laval | 2003 | 64,684 | 100.0 | Trans Canada Credit, Sobeys, Familiprix |
| 2760-2784 Jacques-Cartier Blvd. East Longueuil | 2006 | 24,400 | 86.1 | Énergie Cardio, La Belle Province, Quizno's |
| 2790-2794 Jacques-Cartier Blvd. East Longueuil | 2006 | 6,000 | 100.0 | Restaurant Bravi, MTY Tiki Ming Enterprises Inc. |
| 340-360 Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Blvd. Mont-Saint-Hilaire | 2004/2005 | 23,776 | 100.0 | Dr. Charles Leroux, Chiropractor, SuperClub Vidéotron |
| 370-380 Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Blvd. Mont-Saint-Hilaire | 1991 | 46,109 | 99.0 | Iris Optométriste, Carrefour Jeunesse Travail Vallée du Richelieu, Industrial Alliance Insurance & Financial Services, Buffet Chan |
| 345 Honorius-Charbonneau Blvd. and 365 Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Blvd. Mont-Saint-Hilaire | 1995 1998 | 71,516 | 96.4 | Arpents Verts, Supermarché St-Hilaire Inc. (Metro), a Canadian chartered bank |
| 377-383 Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Blvd. Mont-Saint-Hilaire | 2000 | 9,265 | 100.0 | Restaurant Laora, CentreVisuel Plus de Mont-Saint-Hilaire, Société des alcools du Québec |
| 933 Armand-Frappier Blvd. Sainte-Julie | 2000 | 13,968 | 100.0 | Caisse populaire Desjardins Sainte-Julie, Dépan-Escompte Couche-Tard Inc. |
| Sub-total | | 534,202 | | |

| Properties | Year Built/ Renovated | Leasable Area (ft²) | % Leased | Selected Tenants⁽²⁾ |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|---|
| Ottawa Area | | | | |
| 120 de l'Hôpital Blvd. Gatineau | 1996 | 66,414 | 94.6 | Cinema 9, Fournitures de bureau Denis, Subway, Deli Chen Restaurant |
| TOTAL RETAIL PROPERTIES | | 2,471,302 | 97.1 | |
| INDUSTRIAL AND MIXED-USE PROPERTIES | | | | |
| Québec City Area | | | | |
| 2383-2393 Watt Avenue Québec City | 1973/1981 | 67,092 | 91.3 | Pâtisserie Dumas, Distribution Silpro, Radiateur Montréal, Arteau Récupération |
| 2345-2349 Dalton Avenue Québec City | 1973/1981 | 54,257 | 90.8 | Polycritec, Palmar Automotive |
| 830 Godin Avenue Québec City | 1978/1994 | 49,112 | 100.0 | Iron Mountain (Archivex), P.E. Fraser |
| 1165 Lomer-Gouin Street Québec City | 1941/1978/ 1993 | 71,970 | 96.0 | Produits Capitale, Asystel, Étiquettes Berco, MS2 Contrôle, Clef du découpage |
| 320 de la Canardière Road Québec City | 1980/1993 | 12,915 | 96.1 | Centre hospitalier Robert-Giffard |
| 1990 Cyrille-Duquet Street Québec City | 1976/1977/ 1995/1996 | 89,950 | 100.0 | Charactera, ADT Service de sécurité, Thyssen Elevators, Hitti Canada |
| 2006-2010 Lavoisier Street Québec City | 1976 | 68,235 | 100.0 | United Auto Part |
| 2022 Lavoisier Street Québec City | 1978 | 58,923 | 81.6 | Otis Canada, Canadian Broadcasting Corporation, KCI Médical |
| 2025 Lavoisier Street Québec City | 1978/1983/ 1990 | 37,330 | 81.0 | Telav, General Motors of Canada |
| 2015 Lavoisier Street Québec City | 1974 | 2,134 | 100.0 | Modulaire Plus |
| 280 Racine Street Québec City | 1984/1986 | 18,801 | 45.8 | A Canadian chartered bank, Canada Post Corporation |
| 5130 Rideau Street Québec City | 1988 | 24,385 | 100.0 | Toromont, Geyco, McAuslan Brewery, True World Foods |
| 2955 Kepler Avenue Québec City | 1978 | 14,960 | 100.0 | Expertise Transport Québec |
| 1515 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue Québec City | 1979/1989 | 62,266 | 96.7 | Barnabé Meubles (1983), Fixatech |
| 955 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue Québec City | 1978/1991 | 33,034 | 100.0 | Location Brossard, Distribution AG |
| 2020 Cyrille-Duquet Street Québec City | 1968 | 41,133 | 100.0 | Quillorama |
| 2100 Cyrille-Duquet Street Québec City | 1962/1975/ 1995 | 31,798 | 100.0 | Bagel Tradition'l |
| 2150 Cyrille-Duquet Street Québec City | 1970/1985/ 1994 | 22,432 | 100.0 | Canon of Canada |
| 2160 Cyrille-Duquet Street Québec | 1965/1981/ 1994 | 44,909 | 85.7 | Opération Enfant Soleil, Club Tissus Québec |
| 2180 Cyrille-Duquet Street Québec City | 1969/1984/ 1997/2003 | 20,100 | 100.0 | Mobilier International, Ash Temple (Servident) |

| Properties | Year Built/ Renovated | Leasable Area (ft²) | % Leased | Selected Tenants⁽²⁾ |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|---|
| 100 Chabot Street Québec City | 1968/1986/ 2004 | 59,783 | 100.0 | Regroupement des bingos Limoilou, City of Québec, Distribution Distrimax |
| 310 Métivier Street Québec City | 1972/1991 | 19,345 | 100.0 | Machinage Usitech, Centre Hydraulique GMB |
| 454-456 Marconi Avenue Québec City | 1984 | 15,592 | 100.0 | Axion Sonorisation Éclairage |
| 1730-1790 Newton Avenue Québec City | 1987 | 62,925 | 100.0 | Unisource, Ascenseurs Drolet Kone |
| 5000 Rideau Street Québec City | 1995 | 2,475 | 100.0 | Public Works Canada |
| 5125 Rideau Street Québec City | 1987/1997 | 11,575 | 100.0 | Canpar Transport |
| 4175 Sainte-Anne Blvd. Québec City | 1974/1977/ 1985/1988 | 38,841 | 90.7 | Bingo des Chutes, Verdure Beauport-Charlesbourg |
| 625 des Canetons Street Québec City | 1989 | 19,981 | 100.0 | United Parcel Service of Canada |
| 4975 Rideau Street Québec City | 1990 | 32,840 | 82.4 | Black and Decker Canada, Henry Schein Arcona |
| 2755 Dalton Avenue Québec City | 1971/1989 | 23,853 | 100.0 | Quincaillerie Richelieu, Inspec-Sol |
| 120 New York Street Saint-Augustin-de-Desmaures | 2006 | 34,030 | 100.0 | KCL West Holdings Inc. |
| 650 Godin Avenue and 460 Desrochers Street Québec City | 1967/1975 1977 | 188,638 | 98.0 | Société immobilière du Québec, LPA Médical |
| 625 Godin Avenue Québec City | 1989/1990 | 60,430 | 100.0 | Messageries Dynamiques, a division of Communications Quebecor, Scelco, Viking Chains, Brûlerie Tatum Inc. |
| 579 Godin Avenue Québec City | 1981/ 1999/2007 | 22,057 | 100.0 | Boc Gaz Canada |
| 2700 Jean-Perrin Street Québec City | 1987/1998 | 129,579 | 98.3 | Active Hightech, Canada Post, Télémaq 24, Graphiscan, Fondation Mira, Imprimerie Litho-Chic |
| 2181-2211 Léon-Harmel Street Québec City | 1974/2003 | 71,809 | 93.6 | Groupe SPL, Beauvais et Verret, Boulangerie Rondeau, Groupe Show Distribution |
| 1540 Cyrille-Duquet Street Québec City | 2000 | 9,425 | 100.0 | Marco Caravane |
| 445 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue Québec City | 1986/2003 | 91,795 | 91.1 | Sani Métal, Gentec Electro-optique, Arrow Electronics Canada, Moteurs Électriques Laval, ABF Freight Systems Canada, Rosedale Transport |
| 500 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue Québec City | 1987 | 87,360 | 100.0 | Fiso Technologies, EBQM, a Canadian chartered bank, Gecko Électronics |
| 5275 Wilfrid-Hamel Blvd. Québec City | 1981 | 29,989 | 94.2 | Acousti-Plus, Midbec |
| 1670 Semple Street Québec City | 1972/2000 | 89,293 | 100.0 | Société immobilière du Québec, Canadian Broadcasting Corporation |
| 2500 Jean-Perrin Street Québec City | 1998 | 75,347 | 95.3 | Telus Mobility, Primerica, Proludik, Ricoh Canada, Amants de la Nature, Sico |

| Properties | Year Built/ Renovated | Leasable Area (ft²) | % Leased | Selected Tenants⁽²⁾ |
|---|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|---|
| 2600 Jean-Perrin Street Québec City | 2001 | 48,814 | 56.2 | Maburco Québec plomberie, chauffage, Shred-It Canada, Intria Items |
| 470 Godin Avenue Québec City | 1980 | 22,532 | 100.0 | Dolbec Transport |
| 765 Godin Avenue Québec City | 1976/1989 | 15,350 | 100.0 | Tyco International of Canada |
| 1041 Pierre-Bertrand Blvd. Québec City | 1963/2002 | 118,611 | 100.0 | Sears Canada, Dolbec Transport |
| 989 Pierre-Bertrand Blvd. Québec City | 1974/1994 | 38,695 | 82.5 | Bicycles et Sports G.T.H., City of Québec |
| 955 Pierre-Bertrand Blvd. Québec City | 1995 | 47,654 | 100.0 | Restaurant La Casa Grecque, Palace Cabaret, Groupe PMT/Roy |
| 1075 des Basses-Terres Street Québec City | 1995 | 48,025 | 100.0 | Westburne Industrial Enterprises Ltd. |
| 235 Fortin Street Québec City | 1996 | 26,006 | 100.0 | Hostess Frito-Lay |
| 275 Métivier Street Québec City | 2003 | 38,919 | 100.0 | Amalcorp, Centre d'estimation de la capitale, Vision Audio-Visuel |
| 300 Métivier Street Québec City | 2004 | 28,708 | 100.0 | Dolbec Transport |
| 1255 des Artisans Street Québec City | 2007 | 42,427 | 80.1 | Produits Forestiers C.J.P., ATS and Lauer Transportation |
| 275 Saint-Sacrement Avenue Québec City | 1949/ 2006 | 61,853 | 80.6 | Wood Wyant Canada Inc., Fastenal Canada Company, Strati-Plus Inc., Ryder Truck Rental Canada Ltée, Crobel Ltée |
| 1775 Léon-Harmel Street Québec City | 2004 | 22,093 | 100.0 | Westburne – Wolseley Canada |
| 2600 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue Québec City | 2004 | 35,295 | 100.0 | Telops, Studio Ross, Sinclair Dentaire, Dooly's |
| 2800 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue Québec City | 2004 | 101,569 | 98.0 | Covéo Solution, Desjardins General Insurance Group, Dr. Yves Bélanger & Dr. Marc Bureau, Jardin Mobile, Irving Oil, Mission-HGE, Siemens, Public Works Canada |
| 3000 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue Québec City | 2004 | 46,844 | 100.0 | Société de gestion informatique Sogique |
| 795 Craig Street Saint-Nicolas | 1997/ 1999 | 23,041 | 100.0 | Ciba Speciality Chemicals |
| 820 Alphonse-Desrochers Street Saint-Nicolas | 2004 | 212,000 | 100.0 | Bertrand distributeur en alimentation inc. |
| 1870 Saint-Paul Blvd. Saguenay | 1964/1978/ 2007/2008 | 132,846 | 100.0 | Bertrand distributeur en alimentation inc. |
| Sub-total | | 3,113,980 | | |
| Montréal Area | | | | |
| 8288 Pie-IX Blvd. Montréal | 1989 | 119,522 | 100.0 | Belron Canada |
| 1415 32nd Avenue Montréal | 1989/1993 | 71,503 | 100.0 | C.A.C. Transport |
| 1455 32nd Avenue Montréal | 2001 | 32,500 | 100.0 | GGI International |

| Properties | Year Built/ Renovated | Leasable Area (ft²) | % Leased | Selected Tenants⁽²⁾ |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|---|
| 1475 32nd Avenue Montréal | 1988 | 91,599 | 89.4 | Pneutech |
| 3300 Jean-Baptiste-Deschamps Blvd. Montréal | 1989 | 19,393 | 100.0 | Paquette White |
| 9100 du Parcours Street Montréal | 1998/2000 | 122,602 | 100.0 | Ventrol Air Handling Systems |
| 10550 Parkway Blvd. Montréal | 1964/1972 | 110,000 | 100.0 | Arkon Safety Equipment |
| 2105 Dagenais Blvd. West Laval | 1999/2003 | 275,597 | 100.0 | Dura Housewares, MAS Automotive, Yourtruckshop, Papier Baldwin, Minimedia International, Canamex transitaire international |
| 894-930 Bergar Street Laval | 1989 | 33,179 | 100.0 | Boc Canada, Aero Chem, Gourmet Flash |
| 901-937 Michelin Street Laval | 1988 | 42,648 | 100.0 | Megalab, Québec Levage Expert |
| 3370-3418 Industriel Blvd. Laval | 1986 | 55,331 | 100.0 | Surplec, Franklyn Supply, Rexel Canada Electrical (Westburne) |
| 3401-3421 Industriel Blvd. Laval | 1986 | 53,422 | 100.0 | Produits Hydrauliques R.G, ATM PRQ, Tramac Equipment |
| 1405-1453 Bergar Street Laval | 1988 | 32,635 | 100.0 | Tasfilm, Attaches Richard, Town & Country Uniforms |
| 3424-3428 Francis-Hugues Avenue Laval | 2003 | 16,114 | 100.0 | Trane Québec, Industries Mecanorac |
| 1315 Gay-Lussac Street Boucherville | 1991 | 43,693 | 100.0 | Produits Paklab |
| 40 du Tremblay Road Boucherville | 1991/2006 | 142,805 | 100.0 | Ikea Wholesale |
| 620-650 Giffard Street Longueuil | 1980 | 52,748 | 87.6 | Groupe Master, Enertrak, Lumen |
| 677 Giffard Street Longueuil | 1980 | 47,431 | 67.9 | Construction Michel Gagnon, Aliments Krispy Kernels, Praxair Distribution |
| 784-818 Guimond Blvd. Longueuil | 1988 | 81,119 | 98.6 | Boiron Canada, Technologie Clemex, Kinecor |
| 9101 des Sciences Blvd. Montréal | 1999/2000 | 72,402 | 100.0 | Hibbert Wholesales (1998), Maison de Distribution Colac |
| 1675 de Montarville Blvd, Longueuil | 1989/2003 | 142,264 | 100.0 | Groupe Master |
| 5250 Armand-Frappier Street Longueuil | 1992 | 59,460 | 100.0 | Hydro-Québec |
| 1405-1455-1495 55th Avenue Dorval | 2001 | 66,185 | 100.0 | Intermove Canada, International Paint, division of Akzo Nobel Coatings Ltd., Total Logistics Partner (Ocean Consolidators) |
| 4500-4536 Louis-B.-Mayer Street Laval | 2004 | 46,740 | 100.0 | PH Vitres d'Auto, Laboratoires de construction 2000, Fournitures Funéraires Victoriaville, Lamnex |
| 2900-2976 Joseph-A.-Bombardier Street Laval | 2006 | 104,308 | 91.5 | Caterpillar, ECS Electrical Cable Supply Ltd, Mitek Canada Inc., Tvachats Inc. |
| 3025 Joseph-A.-Bombardier Street Laval | 2006/2007 | 78,757 | 58.6 | Wood Wyant Canada, Rockwell Automation Canada Inc., Systemex Technologies Inc. |

| Properties | Year Built/ Renovated | Leasable Area (ft²) | % Leased | Selected Tenants⁽²⁾ |
|---|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|--|
| 4451-4479 Laval Highway West Laval | 2004 | 116,298 | 96.7 | Agence de recouvrement TCR, Câblages informatiques Instacâble, Groupe Roche-Cadec, Industrial Alliance, Life Insurance Company, Mitek Canada, Philippe Dagenais Mobilier Décoration, Informatel services informatiques |
| 330 Avro Avenue Pointe-Claire | 1991/1998 | 101,222 | 100.0 | Dynacast Canada |
| 19701 Clark-Graham Avenue Baie-d'Urfé | 1987 | 162,000 | 100.0 | Alcan Packaging Canada Ltd. |
| 940 Bergar Street Laval | 1987 | 15,000 | 100.0 | Brite-Lite Maintenance Co. Ltd. |
| 11000 Parkway Blvd. Montréal | 1965 | 217,000 | 100.0 | Meubles Concordia, Groupe Data |
| 20 Hymus Blvd. Pointe-Claire | 1986 | 50,413 | 0.0 | |
| 2156-2168 de la Province Street Longueuil | 1990 | 40,662 | 100.0 | Futech Hitec, Keystone Manufacturing Plastics |
| 2170 de la Province Street Longueuil | 1990 | 22,615 | 100.0 | Style & Co International |
| 715 Delage Street Longueuil | 1990 | 42,195 | 88.4 | C.E.L. Équipement d'essai aérospatial, L.E.M. Technologies, SID Distribution |
| 6445 Côte-de-Liesse Road Saint-Laurent | 1980/1999 | 49,546 | 100.0 | SE CE Apparel |
| 19100-19180 Trans-Canada Highway Baie-d'Urfé | 1987 | 25,564 | 75.3 | John G. Weiss Co. Ltd, Mountain View Bag, Inc., Arrow Electronics Canada Ltd |
| 3600 Matte Blvd. Brossard | 1988 | 27,074 | 93.2 | Altrom Canada Corp., Nasuco Canada Inc., Les Machineries Technipack Inc. |
| 3650 Matte Blvd. Brossard | 1987 | 43,211 | 97.6 | Les Technologies Polycontrôles Inc., Cedarome Canada Inc. |
| 115 de Vaudreuil Street Boucherville | 1987 | 16,297 | 53.6 | Services Pharmaceutiques Melvin Dionne Inc. |
| 4148-4150 de Portland Blvd. Sherbrooke | 2000 | 68,000 | 100.0 | Graphica Printing Inc., The Color Group Division of Canada |
| 3071-3075 Louis-A.-Amos Street and 1922-1996 Onésime-Gagnon Street Montréal | 1987 | 164,206 | 67.0 | AVW-TELAV Inc., Panasonic Canada Inc. |
| 1615-1805 55th Avenue Dorval | 1990 | 158,310 | 90.9 | Ecosys Canada Inc., John L. Schultz Ltd, Les Entrepôts et Distribution OPS |
| 3339-3403 Griffith Street Montréal | 1987 | 118,025 | 97.4 | Corporation Presse Commerce, GOR Canada Inc., Henry Schein Ash Arcona Inc., Hyperchip |
| 8100 Cavendish Blvd. Montréal | 1981 | 114,596 | 100.0 | Boutique Jacob |
| 1949 Onésime-Gagnon Street Montréal | 1988 | 95,769 | 100.0 | Alcan Foil Products, Richards Packaging, Kintetsu World Express |
| 2260 32nd Avenue and 3142-3190 Joseph-Dubreuil Street Montréal | 1983 | 92,429 | 85.7 | Andritz Fibre Drying Ltd., Rogers Wireless, Anixter Canada |

| Properties | Year Built/ Renovated | Leasable Area (ft²) | % Leased | Selected Tenants⁽²⁾ |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|---|
| 2102-2150 32nd Avenue Montréal | 1984 | 77,361 | 100.0 | NSK-RHP Canada Inc., East West Plastics & Electrical Products, Canadian Automobile Association (Quebec) |
| 2024-2080 32nd Avenue Montréal | 1984 | 68,434 | 100.0 | AVW-Telav Inc., Harlan Sprague Dawley Inc., VF Imagewear Canada |
| 6320-6380 Côte-de-Liesse Road Montréal | 1955 1981 1990 | 57,754 | 100.0 | Services Personnel Unique, Distribution Maroline Inc., Speedware |
| 2025 de la Métropole Street Longueuil | 1977/1993 | 206,523 | 98.8 | SICO, Le Groupe B.M.R. Inc. |
| 1925-1975 Hymus Blvd. Dorval | 1988 | 105,411 | 92.8 | EGL Eagle Global Logistics (Canada), Apple Express Courier Ltd, PNH Enterprises Inc. |
| 80-140 Lindsay Avenue Dorval | 1986 | 44,381 | 100.0 | Bio Lonreco Inc., ICC Compliance Centre, Textiles Kufner |
| 8411-8453 Dalton Road Mount-Royal | 1975 | 31,520 | 100.0 | Les Matrices à découper LM Inc., Tindex Sales & Manufacturing |
| 8459-8497 Dalton Road Mount-Royal | 1975 | 41,156 | 83.1 | Tabori Holdings Inc., Les Produits Nord-américains Euro, Maxlab inc. |
| 8545-8579 Dalton Road Mount-Royal | 1987 | 38,423 | 100.0 | VWR Scientific of Canada, Schindler Elevators Corporation, Neopost Canada |
| 8605-8639 Dalton Road Mount-Royal | 1986 | 37,463 | 50.2 | Gametronix |
| 7527-7583 Henri-Bourassa Blvd. Montréal | 1975 | 138,915 | 61.2 | Pavigrès Ceramics Inc., Les Productions de Jeux 555, Reliure Ké-Ro Inc. |
| 8552-8648 Pie-IX Blvd. Montréal | 1988 | 146,541 | 84.6 | CPS Digital Inc., Memtronik Innovations Inc. |
| 8740-8878 Pie-IX Blvd. Montréal | 1992 | 164,496 | 100.0 | Laboratoires d'essais Mequaltech Inc., Imprimerie Transcontinental S.E.N.C., Peerless Clothing Inc. |
| 7075 Robert-Joncas Place Montréal | 1975 | 218,473 | 97.0 | Ingram Micro Logistics LP Inc., Best Buy Canada Ltd, Purolator Courier Ltd, Tornatech Inc. |
| 1225 Volta Street Boucherville | 1988/1991 | 225,600 | 100.0 | Metro Richelieu |
| 2000 Halpern Street Montréal | 1977 | 527,000 | 100.0 | LDC Logistics Development Corporation |
| 2105 23rd Avenue Montréal | 1964 | 318,960 | 100.0 | Hudson's Bay Company |
| 1111 46th Avenue Montréal | 1973 | 107,644 | 100.0 | Palmar Inc. |
| 1200 55th Avenue Montréal | 1987 | 68,461 | 100.0 | A.R. Medicom |
| 5055 Lévy Street Montréal | 1989/1990 | 60,666 | 100.0 | TI-Titanium Ltd, Services Kamtech Inc., Aviyatech Technologies Inc. |
| 243 Hymus Blvd. Pointe-Claire | 1969 | 40,000 | 100.0 | Harwell Packaging Inc. |
| 2555 Pitfield Blvd. Montréal | 2003 | 99,000 | 0.0 | |

| Properties | Year Built/ Renovated | Leasable Area (ft ²) | % Leased | Selected Tenants ⁽²⁾ |
|---|------------------------------|--|-------------|--|
| 731-749 Meloche Avenue and 11450 Côte-de-Liesse Road Dorval | 1979 | 35,626 | 100.0 | Gemmar Systems International Inc., Kodiak Fret International Inc., Abrasicorp & Equipment Ltd. |
| 703-729 Meloche Avenue Dorval | 1980 | 31,690 | 100.0 | Heidelberg Canada Graphic Equipment Limited, la Société en commandite Tafisa Canada, Chic Tex inc. |
| 679-701 Meloche Avenue and 135-137 Lindsay Street Dorval | 1981 | 34,718 | 88.3 | Outillages King Canada, Fabrication D.E.C., General Electric Canada |
| 1730-1850 55th Avenue and 5435 François-Cusson Street Montréal | 1986 | 78,813 | 90.3 | L'Auto Journal, L.H. Mfg Inc., Transit Nord- Plus inc., Teco-Westinghouse Motors (Canada) Inc. |
| 1520-1660 55th Avenue and 5430 Fairway Street Montréal | 1986 | 79,179 | 95.3 | MBS Bearing Service, Joslyn Canada Inc., Elkon Inc. |
| 1875 55th Avenue and 20-62 Lindsay Street Dorval | 1988 | 81,908 | 100.0 | Omnimedia Corporation, Distribution Amscan Inc., Airport Courier |
| 72 du Tremblay Road Boucherville | 2008 | 28,610 | 100.0 | Société en commandite Strongco |
| Sub-total | | 6,949,115 | | |
| TOTAL INDUSTRIAL AND MIXED-USE PROPERTIES | | 10,063,095 | 94.0 | |
| UNDER DEVELOPMENT PROPERTIES | | | | |
| Promenades Beauport Québec City (area under renovation and expansion) | 1978/2002/ 2004/2007/2008 | 104,325 | | |
| 1990 5th Street Saint-Romuald | 2008 | 50,000 | | |
| 2828 Laurier Blvd ⁽³⁾ Québec | 2008 | — | | |
| Mégacentre St-Bruno - Phase 1 | 2007/2008 | 79,341 | | |
| Mégacentre St-Bruno - Phase 2 | 2007/2008 | 30,899 | | |
| 2400 Trans-Canada Highway Pointe-Claire | 1969/1976/1995 | 194,993 | | |
| TOTAL PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT | | 459,558 | | |
| TOTAL PORTFOLIO | | 18,320,097 | 94.6 | |

Notes:

(1) These figures are as at December 31, 2008 and are calculated on a per square foot basis of occupied space (and in the case of retail space, calculated in commercial retail units (CRU)) as at such date.

(2) Generally well known tenants.

(3) The first phase of this project will cover 396,000 square feet of leasable area.

The following is a summary of each of the Properties comprising the Portfolio of the REIT.

4.4.3 PLACE DE LA CITÉ

2590-2640 Laurier Blvd., Québec City, Québec

Place de la Cité in Sainte-Foy, Québec is a fully-integrated 1.04 million square foot multi-functional office and retail complex built between 1964 and 2004, comprising 698,730 square feet of Class "A" office space and 343,570 square feet of retail space, including a 46,718 square foot health and recreational centre (Club Entrain). The complex has parking for 2,368 cars, of which 2,230 are on three underground levels. In 1995, a major \$20 million renovation program was completed to upgrade and integrate the two office buildings into the retail and services complex and ground floor shopping mall. In April 2004, Cominar completed the construction of a 17-storey office tower (the "Cominar Tower") having a leasable area of approximately 205,000 square feet. Place de la Cité enjoys a prime location on Laurier Boulevard, the most important thoroughfare of the Borough of Sainte-Foy and into Québec City, and is strategically situated between two major shopping centres comprising approximately 1.7 million square feet of retail space in the aggregate. Université Laval, which is attended by approximately 34,000 students, is in the immediate vicinity. In addition, the area is characterized by a heavy concentration of hotels, restaurants, office buildings, businesses and two major hospitals.

4.4.3.1 Office Space

Place de la Cité is one of the foremost business addresses for the financial and professional services industry in the Québec City Area.

The following table sets forth the major office tenants for Place de la Cité:

| Tenants | Leasable Area (square feet) |
|--|--|
| Régie des rentes du Québec | 221,142 |
| Autorité des marchés financiers | 79,009 |
| SEPAQ | 34,534 |
| A Canadian chartered bank | 30,293 |
| Aon Parizeau Inc. | 29,373 |
| PWC Management Services LP | 26,178 |
| AXA Insurance Inc. | 24,184 |
| National Bank Financial Inc. | 13,886 |
| Great West, Insurance company | 13,435 |
| Malenfant Dallaire S.E.N.C.R.L. | 12,615 |
| Desjardins Securities | 12,349 |
| Gestion MD | 10,635 |
| Régime de Retraite de l'Université du Québec | 9,999 |
| Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation | 9,272 |
| Produits Forestiers Portbec ltée | 9,066 |
| Services Conseils Systematix | 8,090 |
| Passport Office | 7,664 |
| Centre de recherche informatique de Montréal | 7,480 |
| Telus Communications Company | 6,815 |
| Other tenants | 132,711 |
| Total | 698,730 |

In addition to the tenants listed above, other prominent office tenants are Laberge Lafleur SENC, TD Waterhouse, Zurich Canada, Transportation Safety Board of Canada, Lombard Canada, Microsoft Canada, The Guarantee Company, Hub International, Fonds des professionnels/Fonds d'investissements, Quebec Mining Association.

4.4.3.2 Retail Space

Place de la Cité is the central property in the highest concentration of retail shopping in the Québec City Area. Place de la Cité is situated immediately between two major regional shopping centres:

- Place Laurier, a 1.1 million square foot super-regional shopping centre anchored by Sears, The Bay, Zellers and Toys "R" US; and

- Place Ste-Foy, a 656,000 square foot regional mall anchored by Les Ailes de la Mode, Archambault, Simons, Metro and Holt Renfrew.

Place de la Cité is the direct connection between Place Ste-Foy and Place Laurier and benefits from a continuous flow of retail shoppers, as evidenced by pedestrian traffic of 200,000 people per week on average.

The following table sets forth the major retail tenants for Place de la Cité:

| Tenants | Leasable Area (square feet) |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Club Entrain | 41,784 |
| Caisse populaire Desjardins | 18,831 |
| Urban Planet | 17,363 |
| Jardin Mobile | 9,909 |
| Clinique d'Ophtalmologie de la Cité | 8,484 |
| Automobile & Touring Club du Québec | 8,483 |
| A Canadian chartered bank | 7,933 |
| A Canadian chartered bank | 5,903 |
| Disnat Courtier à escompte Inc. | 4,394 |
| Other tenants | 221,486 |
| Total | 344,570 |

In addition to the tenants listed above, prominent retail tenants also include Restaurant Le Beaugarte, Roots, Parfumerie Dans un Jardin, Uniprix, TD Waterhouse, Lunetterie New Look and Gosselin photo video inc.

The following is a summary of each of the other Properties comprising the Portfolio.

4.4.4 OFFICE PROPERTIES

4605-25-35 1st Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 41,069 square foot office building situated on 53,198 square feet of land. It was built in 1979 and renovated in 1993 at a total cost of \$300,000. The building is 88.7% leased and has 170 parking spaces, 40 of which are indoors. Major tenants include Industrial Alliance Life Insurance Company, Subway and a Canadian chartered bank. The bank's lease provides for a right of first refusal in favour of the tenant with respect to any proposed sale of the Property pursuant to a third party offer to purchase which the REIT is prepared to accept, for the same price as the third party offer to purchase.

5055 Wilfrid-Hamel Blvd. West, Québec City, Québec

A 28,021 square foot office building erected on 87,250 square feet of land. It was built in 1979 and renovated in 1996 at a total cost of \$300,000. The building is 100% leased and has 74 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Matériaux Blanchet, Société immobilière du Québec and La Forge Barbeau, Attorneys.

5073-75-79 Wilfrid-Hamel Blvd. West, Québec City, Québec

A 28,636 square foot office building erected on 54,297 square feet of land. It was built in 1980 and renovated in 1994. The building is 94.9% leased and has 141 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Au Vieux Duluth (a restaurant) and Gagnard et associés.

2014 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City, Québec

A 61,986 square foot office building erected on 75,650 square feet of land. It was built in 1979 and renovated in 1997 at a total cost of \$540,000. The building is 99.5% leased and includes 164 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include the Canadian Automobile Association (Quebec), Innovmétric Logiciels, Sun Microsystems of Canada and Opsens Inc.

2200 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City, Québec

A 30,635 square foot office building erected on 94,055 square feet of land. The building is used for offices and warehousing. It was built in 1965, expanded in 1986 and renovated in 1996. The building is 100% leased and has 77 outdoor parking spaces. The main tenant is Telus Communications (Québec) Inc.

455 du Marais Street, Québec City, Québec

A 60,933 square foot office building, and Cominar's head office, on 110,437 square feet of land. It was built in 1977 and expanded in 1997. The building is 100% leased and includes 137 outdoor parking spaces. Apart from Cominar, major tenants include Industrial Alliance Life Insurance Company, Telus Communications (Québec) Inc., Cygnal Technologies, Corporation des services d'ambulance du Québec, Moore North America and Groupe Echo Canada.

3175 des Quatre-Bourgeois Road, Québec City, Québec

A 101,334 square foot office building erected on 76,122 square feet of land. Built in 1990, it is 87.0% leased and has 270 indoor and outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Public Works Canada, Re/Max Fortin Delage, Société immobilière du Québec and Lumbermen's Underwriting Alliance.

979 de Bourgogne Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 66,363 square foot office building erected on 68,411 square feet of land. It was built in 1976, expanded in 1988 and renovated in 1996 at a total cost of \$480,000. The building is 100% leased and has 134 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Farm Credit Canada, Public Works Canada, Office des personnes handicapées du Québec (handicapped persons' protection office) and Joint Health and Safety Association, Mining Sector.

Place de la Capitale**150 René-Lévesque Blvd. East, Québec City, Québec**

A 20-storey, 234,058 square foot office tower erected on 36,344 square feet of land. It was built in 1973 and renovated in 1998-1999. It is 97.4% leased and has 300 indoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Société immobilière du Québec, Cantel, Vidéotron, Ernst & Young, Telus Communications and a Canadian chartered bank.

1265 Charest Blvd. West, Québec City, Québec

A 141,558 square foot office building erected on 82,295 square feet of land. It was built in 1975 and renovated in 2002. The building has 12 floors of office space. The property is 100% leased and has 278 outdoor parking spaces and 350 indoor spots. Major tenants include Société immobilière du Québec, Groupe Altus, Esri Canada and Transcontinental Media.

565-585 Charest Blvd. East, Québec City, Québec

A 109,967 square foot office Class A building erected on 23,048 square feet of land. It was built in 1950 and fully renovated in 1999-2000. The property is at the southwest corner of Charest Boulevard East and de la Chapelle Street, in downtown Québec City, with easy access to Highway 40. It is 93.4% leased and has approximately 35 indoor parking spaces. Its major tenants are ABB Bomen, Groupe Roche, a Canadian chartered bank and Frima Studio Inc.

2828 Laurier Blvd., Québec City, Québec

An office building situated on a major Québec City thoroughfare, near the exit for bridges linking the two shores of the St. Lawrence River. This thoroughfare is one of the main gateways into Québec City. Given the current economic uncertainty, Cominar's Management has decided to postpone construction of the second phase and, as a result, the project as it now stands will consist of 396,000 square feet of leasable area, approximately 100,000 square feet of which are earmarked for retail use, leaving approximately 296,000 square feet for office space. The estimated construction costs amount to \$74 million. Cominar's Management expects the first occupants to move in November 2009.

255 Crémazie Blvd. East, Montréal, Québec

A 244,374 square foot office building erected on 49,766 square feet of land (1.1 acre) located on a site adjacent to Highway 40, Montréal's main east-west highway. Built in 1967 and renovated in 2002, the building houses 12 floors of office space and two floors of underground parking. The building is 90.9% leased and major tenants include Société immobilière du Québec, Communauté urbaine de Montréal, Pétrie Raymond LLP, Consultants 3 LM, Aecon Group, Ordre professionnel des travailleurs sociaux du Québec, a Canadian chartered bank and Nordia Québec.

8500 Décarie Blvd., Montréal, Québec

A 175,060 square foot office building erected on 177,752 square feet of land (4.1 acres) located on a site adjacent to Décarie Boulevard, one of the Montréal's principal North-South thoroughfares. Built in 2001, the building has eight floors of office space. The property is 100% leased to Ericsson Canada and has 270 indoor and 430 outdoor parking spaces.

3400 Jean-Béraud Avenue, Montréal, Québec

A 156,270 square foot office tower located on 283,456 square feet of land. The building was built in 2001 and is 100% leased to Public Works Canada. The building is located between Chomedey and Daniel-Johnson boulevards in Laval. It houses offices and has approximately 553 parking spaces.

201-211 Laurier Street East, Montréal, Québec

A 132,134 square foot office building erected on 29,645 square feet of land. It was built in 1916, expanded in 1989 and renovated in 2001. The building is located at the North East intersection of de Gaspé and Laurier East avenues, in the Plateau Mont-Royal borough. The property has six floors of office space and 128 interior parking spaces as well as 16 outdoor parking spaces. It is 100% leased. Major tenants include the City of Montréal, Sitel Téléservices Canada, Softvoyage and the Canadian Corps of Commissioners.

375 Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Blvd., Mont-Saint-Hilaire, Québec

A three-storey, 49,855 square foot office building erected on 104,910 square feet of land. It was built in 1999 and is located in the heart of the Mont-Saint-Hilaire's business district, on Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Boulevard. The building is 100% leased to Breton, Banville & associés and has 194 parking spaces.

325 Honorius-Charbonneau Blvd., Mont-Saint-Hilaire, Québec

A three-storey, 19,259 square foot office building erected on 36,000 square feet of land. It was built in 1985. The property is located in the heart of the Mont-Saint-Hilaire's business district, on Honorius-Charbonneau Boulevard, near Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Boulevard. The building is 100% leased to Breton, Banville & associés and has 56 parking spaces.

1080 Beaver Hall Hill, Montréal, Québec

A 319,655 square foot office building erected on 17,131 square feet of land. The building was built in 1968 and renovated in 2000. It has approximately 150 indoor parking spaces and is 94.4% leased. Major tenants include Natis Programming & Tech Inc., Dessau Soprin, Harris/Decima Inc., Board of Trade of Metropolitan Montreal, Groupe Option Retraite Inc., Draft Worldwide Montréal Inc., Broadsign Canada Inc., Iron Ore Company of Canada, Peer 1 Network Inc., Citenet Telecom Inc., Hapag Lloyd (Canada) Inc., Vidéotron Ltée and Le Protecteur du Citoyen. The property is subject to an emphyteutic lease expiring in 2047.

4700 de la Savane Street, Montréal, Québec

A 190,118 square foot class B office building erected on 260,310 square feet of land on de la Savane Street, which links Jean-Talon Street to the Décarie Expressway. The property was built in 1988 and renovated in 1998. The property has 344 outdoor parking spaces and 58 indoor parking spots and is 92.6% leased. Major tenants include Fujitsu Transaction Solutions Canada Inc., Young & Rubicam Group of Companies ULC, Presagis Canada Inc., a Canadian chartered bank, Cuisilab Inc. and Cominar. Both the building site and parking area are subject to emphyteutic leases that expire in 2046 and that may be renewed until 2066.

455 Fénélon Blvd., Dorval, Québec

A 95,656 square foot office building erected on 140,853 square feet of land in close proximity to the Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The building was built in 1990 and has 232 outdoor and 65 basement level indoor parking spaces. It is 69.2% leased. Major tenants include Société immobilière du Québec, Adacel Inc., Lumbermen's Underwriting Alliance, Emerson Electric Canada Ltd. and Patriot Freight Services Inc.

9900 Cavendish Blvd., Montréal, Québec

An 84,636 square foot office building erected on 123,660 square feet of land located on Cavendish Boulevard just south of Côte-Vertu Boulevard. The four-story building was built in 1987 and has 120 outdoor, and 36 indoor, parking spaces. It is 91.4% leased. Major tenants include CATO Research Canada Inc., Kronos Canadian Systems Inc., CIBC World Markets Inc., Nymox Pharmaceutical Corp., Fournitures de bureau Denis Inc. and Procter & Gamble Inc.

9999 Cavendish Blvd., Montréal, Québec

A 51,100 square foot office building erected on 129,356 square feet of land. The three-story building was built in 1988 and has 144 outdoor, and 35 indoor, parking spaces. It is 92.9% leased. Major tenants include Pitney Bowes of Canada, Intertape Polymer Inc., and Famic Technologies 2000 Inc.

9960-9970 Côte-de-Liesse Road, Montréal, Québec

A 24,728 square foot office building erected on 107,046 square feet of land in close proximity to Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The building was built in 1983 and has 82 outdoor parking spaces. It is 95.0% leased. Major tenants include Fishery Products International and Energizer Canada Ltd.

1, 2, 3, 4 Place Laval, Laval, Québec

A 553,684 square foot, four-tower office complex erected on 11.48 acres of land located at the intersection of Saint-Martin and des Laurentides boulevards. The towers have 5 and 6 storeys respectively and were built at various times between 1965 and 1989. Overall, the buildings are 88.7% leased. Major tenants include Société immobilière du Québec, the City of Laval, SITQ National Inc, two Canadian chartered banks, ASM Canada Inc., Groupe Echo Canada Inc., Wells Fargo Financial Inc., Tecsub Inc., Groupe Vézina & Associés Ltée, CBV Collection Services Ltd., Croesus Finansoft Inc., Hôpital Sacré-Cœur de Montréal, Carrefour Jeunesse Emploi, Centre d'appels Expertel Inc., Vancouver Career College (Burnaby) Inc., Public Works Canada and Devises Mondiales Inc.

3080 Le Carrefour Blvd., Laval, Québec

An 89,748 square foot, eight-storey office building erected on 1.73 acres of land in close proximity to Le Carrefour Laval, a regional, tier one, super shopping centre. The building is 93.8% leased and has 118 indoor parking spaces. Major tenants include GMAC Residential Funding of Canada, Ltd., ID Biomedical Corp. of Quebec (GlaxoSmithKline), Prevail Energy Ltd., H.B. Group Insurance Management Limited, La Capitale services conseils Inc., Investissements J.L. Gauthier and BMO Nesbitt Burns Inc.

3090 Le Carrefour Blvd., Laval, Québec

A seven-storey 73,052 square foot office building erected on 2.54 acres of land in close proximity to Le Carrefour Laval, a regional tier one super shopping centre. The building is 87.4% leased. Major tenants include a Canadian chartered bank, Scotia Capital Inc., l'Office municipal d'habitation de Laval, Financière Liberté 55, Les services comptables B.D.H., Services financiers CIT Ltée and Brown Shoe Company of Canada Ltd.

3100 Le Carrefour Blvd., Laval, Québec

A seven-storey 75,508 square foot office building erected on 1.51 acres of land in close proximity to Le Carrefour Laval, a regional tier one super shopping centre. The building is 92.8% leased and has 120 indoor parking spots and 160 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include a Canadian chartered bank, Investors Services Ltd., RBC Life Insurance Co., SNC-Lavalin Inc., Federated Insurance Company of Canada and Sun Life Insurance Company of Canada.

2525 Daniel-Johnson Blvd., Laval, Québec

A 109,797 square foot, six-storey office building erected on 3.13 acres of land in close proximity to Le Carrefour Laval, a regional tier one super shopping centre which was built in 1977. The building is 88.9% leased. Major tenants include a Canadian chartered bank, Groupe Conseil Genivar Inc. and Industrial Alliance Insurance & Financial Services Inc., Business Development Bank of Canada, Construction Kiewit Cie and Intégraton Dolphin Inc.

1111 Dr.-Frederik-Philips Blvd., Montréal, Québec

A 102,744 square foot office building built in 1990 erected on 150,186 square feet of land. The building is 100% leased. Major tenants include Makivik Corp., la Corporation de soins de la santé Hospira, Axidata Inc., Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada and ACNielsen Company of Canada.

3300 Côte-Vertu Blvd., Montréal, Québec

A 98,278 square foot office building built in 1976 erected on 127,446 square feet of land. The building is 96.5% leased. Its major tenants include Nikon Canada Inc., Public Works Canada, Delta Airlines Inc., a Canadian chartered bank, Société immobilière du Québec, Geosaf Inc., Cambridge Mercantile Corp., Synnex Canada Ltd., PSAC Holdings Inc. and Gamma Entertainment Inc.

2001 McGill College Avenue, Montréal, Québec

A 24-story, 535,113 square foot office building erected on 50,973 square feet of land. It was built in 1982. Located at the intersection of McGill College Avenue and Sherbrooke Street West, in the heart of the business district, it is 87.4% leased and has approximately 305 indoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Société immobilière du Québec, Cascades Canada inc., Vérificatrice Générale du Québec, National Public Relations Inc., Rio Tinto Canada Management Inc., Société Internationale de Télécommunication Aéronautique), two Canadian chartered banks and Orange Business Services.

550 de la Cité Blvd., Gatineau, Québec

A 320,742 square foot, 10-storey office building erected on 292,284 square feet of land located in de la Cité/Maloney boulevards and Carrefour Boulevard sector of Gatineau and was built in 2003. The building is 100% leased to Public Works and Government Services Canada and has 540 outdoor parking spaces.

480 de la Cité Blvd., Gatineau, Québec

A two-storey 45,528 square foot office building erected on 64,000 square feet of land located in de la Cité/Maloney boulevards and Carrefour Boulevard sector of Gatineau and was built in 2003. The building is 100% leased to Brookfield Energy Marketing Inc., a subsidiary of Great Lakes Power Inc., and has 100 outdoor parking spaces.

400 Cooper Street, Ottawa, Ontario

A nine-storey, 175,813 square foot office building erected on approximately 78,000 square feet of land. It was built in 1974 and renovated in 1998. The building is 99.8% leased and has 326 parking spaces. Major tenants include Public Works and Government Services Canada and Centretown Community Health Centre.

4.4.5 RETAIL PROPERTIES**3345 du Carrefour Street, Québec City, Québec**

A 20,305 square foot retail building built in 2005 on the land of Les Promenades Beauport shopping center. The Property is 100% leased and its major tenants include Caisse populaire du Vieux-Moulin and Matelas Dauphin.

1367-1371 Sainte-Foy Road, Québec City, Québec

A 5,491 square foot retail building erected on 3,714 square feet of land. It was built in 1950 and renovated in 1983. The building is 100% leased and has six outdoor parking spaces. Its most important tenant is Immeubles Couche-Tard Inc.

5600 de la Rive-Sud Blvd., Lévis, Québec

An 8,100 square foot retail building built in 2005 on the land of Place Lévis shopping center. It is 100% leased to Société des alcools du Québec.

5 d'Orléans Street, Québec City, Québec

A 5,792 square foot retail building erected on 15,577 square feet of land. It was built in 1978 and expanded in 1985. The Property is 100% leased to a Canadian chartered bank and has 29 outdoor parking spaces. The tenant's lease provides for a right of first refusal in favour of the tenant with respect to any proposed sale of the Property pursuant to a third party offer to purchase that the REIT is prepared to accept, for the same price as the third party offer to purchase.

1400 St-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 104,848 square foot retail complex, including 36,120 square feet of ancillary office space, erected on 253,830 square feet of land. It was built in 1979 and renovated in 1995 for a total cost of \$270,000. The building is 97.0% leased and has 297 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Meubles Zip International Ltée (a furniture store), Mega Fitness Gym, BPR Bechtel and the Société de l'assurance automobile du Québec.

Halles Fleur de Lys - 245 Soumande Street, Québec City, Québec

An 89,407 square foot public market, including 29,041 square feet of ancillary office space, erected on 249,722 square feet of land. It was built in 1978, expanded in 1984 and renovated in 1994 at a total cost of \$345,000. The Property is 92.4% leased and has 525 outdoor parking spaces. It is situated in close proximity to the Place Fleur de Lys regional shopping centre in a mixed commercial and residential area. The Property is easily accessible from Hamel Boulevard and Laurentian Boulevard, two major thoroughfares. Major tenants include Société des alcools du Québec (liquor store), Restaurant Pacini and Marché Plus (grocery store).

2195 de la Rive-Sud Blvd., Saint-Romuald, Québec

A 6,225 square foot retail building erected on 23,310 square feet of land. It was built in 1977 and expanded in 1985. The Property is 100% leased to a Canadian chartered bank and has 42 outdoor parking spaces. The tenant's lease provides for a right of first refusal in favour of the tenant with respect to any proposed sale of the Property pursuant to a third party offer to purchase which the REIT is prepared to accept, for the same price as the third party offer to purchase.

2160 de la Rive-Sud Blvd., Saint-Romuald, Québec

A 72,843 square foot retail complex, erected on 142,806 square feet of land. It was built in 1971 and expanded in 1978 and 1996. The building is 100% leased and has 247 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Metro (grocery store), Caisse populaire Desjardins (Desjardins credit union) and Vidéo Éclair.

Carrefour Charlesbourg - 8500 Henri-Bourassa Blvd., Québec City, Québec

A 313,235 square foot retail complex, including 61,252 square feet of ancillary office space, erected on 854,253 square feet of land. It was built in 1976, expanded in 1988 and 1996 and renovated in 1995 and 1996. A total of \$3.5 million has been spent on expansions and renovations since 1995. An expansion of 76,000 square feet was completed in 2005 at a total cost of approximately \$9.8 million. The Property is 94.2% leased and is located on the principal thoroughfare in the main commercial area of the City of Charlesbourg, a residential suburban community in the Québec City Area. Major retail tenants include Metro (grocery store), Pharmacie Brunet (pharmacy), Sports Experts, La Source, Dollarama, Rossy, a Canadian chartered bank, Énergie Cardio and Yellow. Major office tenants include the Industrial Alliance Life Insurance Company.

355 du Marais Street, Québec City, Québec

A 37,375 square foot retail building erected on 98,088 square feet of land. It was built in 1990. The building is 100% leased and has 119 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Maître Piscinier, Schneider Canada Inc., Duro Vitres d'Auto and Trans Canada Credit.

325 du Marais Street, Québec City, Québec

A 78,869 square foot retail complex, including 39,600 square feet of ancillary office space, erected on 117,213 square feet of land. It was built in 1991. The building is 98.6% leased and includes 141 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Re/Max, Restaurant Tomas Tam, Public Works Canada and Kit à Tout.

3323 du Carrefour Street, Québec City, Québec

A 4,054 square foot retail property erected on 31,823 square feet of land, built in 2006. It is located on du Carrefour Street, on the North side of Highway 40. It is 100% leased to a Canadian chartered bank and has 19 parking spaces.

550 du Marais Street, Québec City, Québec

A 16,649 square foot retail building erected on 58,885 square feet of land. It was built in 1995. The building is 100% leased and has 60 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Écho Sports, Chaussures Néro Bianco and Telus.

Les Promenades Beauport - 3333 du Carrefour Street, Québec City, Québec

A 544,641 square foot retail building (including 108,588 square feet of ancillary office space) erected on 1,498,365 square feet of land (34.4 acres). The property is located in a large retail area adjacent to Highway 40, Québec City's main east-west thoroughfare. It was built in 1978, renovated in 1991 and 2002 and expanded by 189,054 square feet in 2002. The second 123,400 square foot expansion phase ended in winter 2005. The last phase of the shopping centre upgrade is underway. The project includes renovating approximately 65,000 square feet and adding 50,000 square feet of leasable space. The REIT expects to complete the upgrade in the third quarter of 2009. The building is 96.2% leased and has 2,985 parking spaces. Major tenants include Dooly's, Groupe Jean Coutu, Énergie Cardio, Yellow Group, Winners, Dollarama, Parfumerie Dans un Jardin, La Source, Cantel, Leon's Furniture, Public Works Canada, Garage, La Senza, Magasins Ureka, Clément, Hart and Telus.

1295 Charest Blvd. West, Québec City, Québec

A 27,905 square foot retail property erected on 83,450 square feet of land (1.9 acre). Built in 1982 and renovated in 2007 and has 78 parking spaces. The building is 100% leased to Boiteau Luminaire.

Place Lévis - 50 Président-Kennedy Road, Lévis, Québec

A 222,198 square foot retail building erected on 596,568 square feet of land (13.7 acres). The property is located on Président-Kennedy Road, one of the principal thoroughfares of Lévis, the largest municipality on the South shore of the Québec City Area. The building was built in 1970 and renovated in 1995, and has a large outside parking area containing more than 1,000 parking spaces. The building is 95.8% leased and the major tenants are Provigo Distribution, Nautilus Plus, Cage aux sports, SuperClub Vidéotron, Rossy, Desjardins Securities, Piscines Trévi, Simon Maranda, Ministère de l'Agriculture, des Pêcheries et de l'Alimentation et La Financière Agricole.

3319 du Carrefour Street, Québec City, Québec

A 3,090 square foot retail building erected on the land of Les Promenades Beauport shopping center. It was built in 2003. The building is 100% leased to Tim Horton.

329 Seigneuriale Street, Québec City, Québec

A 3,792 square foot retail building erected on 21,315 square feet of land. It was built in 1992 and expanded in 1997 at a total cost of \$60,000. The Property is 100% leased to Lebeau Vitres d'Auto and has 20 parking spaces. The tenant's lease provides for a right of first refusal in favour of the tenant with respect to any proposed sale of the Property pursuant to a third party offer to purchase which the REIT is prepared to accept, on the same terms and conditions and for the same price as the third party offer to purchase.

1970 Chauveau Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 2,400 square foot retail building erected on 45,246 square feet of land. It was built in 1970 and renovated in 1983. The building is 100% leased to Provi-Soir Inc. (convenience store) and has 28 parking spaces. The tenant's lease provides for a right of first refusal in favour of the tenant with respect to any proposed sale of the Property pursuant to a third party offer to purchase which the REIT is prepared to accept, on the same terms and conditions and for the same price as the third party offer to purchase. The tenant's lease also provides for an option to purchase the Property in favour of the tenant, subject to certain conditions, for a price to be agreed upon by the parties or, failing such agreement, for a price equal to the then appraised fair market value of the Property.

1275 Charest Blvd. West, Québec City, Québec

A 63,222 square foot retail building erected on 79,656 square feet of land, makes with two buildings located at 1265 and 1295 Charest Boulevard in Québec City, a retail and office complex of more than 253,000 square feet. The building, built in 1975 and renovated in 2002, is 100% leased and has 101 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Société immobilière du Québec, Meubles Croteau and Tapis du Monde.

1465-1495 Saint-Bruno Blvd., Saint-Bruno, Québec (Includes five properties)

A 233,862 square foot power centre comprised of five retail buildings erected on 1,034,167 square feet of land (23.7 acres). The Property is located in a high traffic retail area adjacent to Highway 30. The buildings were built in 1997 and 2003. They are 100% leased and have 1,600 parking spaces. Major tenants are Wal-Mart Canada, The Business Depot, Cineplex Odeon Corporation, Yellow Group, Reitmans (Canada) and Déco Découverte.

239-245 Samson Blvd., Laval, Québec

A 40,622 square foot retail building erected on 118,906 square feet of land. It was built in 1991. The building is 96.4% leased and has 260 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Cantel, Groupe Jean Coutu and SuperClub Vidéo-tron.

2101-2137 Curé-Labelle Blvd., Laval, Québec

A 64,684 square foot retail complex, erected on 269,995 square feet of land, built in 2003. The building is 100% leased and has 369 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Sobey's, Familiprix inc. and Trans Canada Credit.

2760-2784 Jacques-Cartier Blvd. East, Longueuil, Québec

A 24,400 square foot retail property erected on 163,768 square feet of land, built in 2006. It is located on Jacques-Cartier Boulevard East near the de Mortagne Boulevard exit of the Jean-Lesage Highway in Longueuil. It is 86.1% leased and has a vast parking lot. Major tenants include Énergie Cardio, La Belle Province and Quizno's.

2790-2794 Jacques-Cartier Blvd. East, Longueuil, Québec

A 6,000 square foot retail property erected on 163,768 square feet of land, built in 2006. It is located on Jacques-Cartier Boulevard East close to the de Mortagne Boulevard exit of the Jean-Lesage Highway in Longueuil. It is 100% leased and has a vast parking lot. Major tenants include MTY TikiMing Enterprises Inc. and Restaurant Bravi.

Mégacentre St-Bruno - Phase 1, Saint-Bruno, Québec

A 79,341 square foot retail property erected on 474,628 square feet of land, and built in 2007. It is currently under development.

Mégacentre St-Bruno - Phase 2, Saint-Bruno, Québec

A 30,899 square foot retail property erected on 474,628 square feet of land and built in 2007. It is currently under development.

340-360 Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Blvd., Mont-Saint-Hilaire, Québec

A 23,776 square foot retail property erected on 95,338 square feet of land. It was built in 2004 and 2005. The building is located in the centre of Mont-Saint-Hilaire's retail district, on Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Boulevard, the municipality's main thoroughfare. The building is 100% leased and has 156 parking spaces. Major tenants include SuperClub Vidéotron and Dr. Charles Lehoux, Chiropractor.

370-380 Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Blvd., Mont-Saint-Hilaire, Québec

A two-storey 46,109 square foot retail property erected on 91,573 square feet of land. It was built in 1991. The building is 99.0% leased and has 118 parking spaces. Major tenants include Iris Optométriste, Carrefour Jeunesse Travail Vallée du Richelieu, Industrial Alliance Insurance and Financial Services, and Buffet Chan.

353-361 Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Blvd., 345-351 Honorius-Charbonneau Blvd. and 365 Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Blvd., Mont-Saint-Hilaire, Québec

A 71,516 square foot retail property erected on 222,712 square feet of land. It was built in 1995 and expanded in 1998. The building is 96.4% leased and has 282 parking spaces. Major tenants include Les Arpents Verts, Supermarché St-Hilaire (Metro) and a Canadian chartered bank.

377-383 Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Blvd., Mont-Saint-Hilaire, Québec

A 9,265 square foot retail property erected on 27,753 square feet of land. It was built in 2000. The building is 100% leased and has 38 parking spaces. Major tenants include Restaurant Laora, Centre visuel Plus de Mont-Saint-Hilaire and Société des alcools du Québec.

933 Armand-Frappier Blvd., Sainte-Julie, Québec

A 13,968 square foot retail building erected on 64,982 square feet of land. It was built in 2000. It is 100% leased and has 80 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Caisse populaire Desjardins Sainte-Julie and Dépan-Escompte Couche-Tard Inc.

120 de l'Hôpital Blvd., Gatineau, Québec

A 66,414 square foot retail property erected on 159,402 square feet of land. It was built in 1996. The property is well located at the Northeast intersection of Maloney and de l'Hôpital boulevards, near Highway 50. Maloney Boulevard is one of Gatineau's main commercial thoroughfares. The building is 94.6% leased and has 307 parking spaces. Major tenants include Cinéma 9, Fournitures de bureau Denis, Deli Chen Restaurant and Subway.

4.4.6 INDUSTRIAL AND MIXED-USE PROPERTIES**2383-2393 Watt Avenue, Québec City, Québec**

A 67,092 square foot industrial building erected on 200,015 square feet of land that is used for warehousing and showrooms. The front building was built in 1973 and the extension was built in 1981. The building is 91.3% leased and has 67 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Pâtisserie Dumas, Distribution Silpro, Arteau récupération and Radiateur Montréal.

2345-2349 Dalton Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 54,257 square foot industrial building erected on 102,664 square feet of land. It was built in 1973 and renovated in 1981 at a total cost of \$190,000. It is used for warehousing and showrooms. The building is 90.8% leased and has 67 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Polycritec and Palmar Automotive.

830 Godin Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 49,112 square foot industrial building erected on 123,570 square feet of land. It was built in 1978 and renovated in 1994 at a total cost of \$180,000. It is used for warehousing and workshops. The building is 100% leased and has 61 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Iron Mountain (archives) and P.E. Fraser.

1165 Lomer-Gouin Street, Québec City, Québec

A 71,970 square foot industrial building erected on 112,095 square feet of land. It was built in 1941 and renovated in 1978 and 1993. It is used for warehousing and workshops. The building is 96% leased and has 61 outdoor parking spaces. There is also municipal parking in close proximity. Major tenants include Produits Capitale, Asystel, Étiquettes Berco, MS2 Contrôle and Clef du Découpage.

320 de la Canardière Road, Québec City, Québec

A 12,915 square foot mixed-use building erected on 13,638 square feet of land. It was built in 1980 and renovated in 1993. The building is 96.1% leased and includes 19 outdoor parking spaces. The biggest tenant is the Centre hospitalier Robert-Giffard.

1990 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City, Québec

An 89,950 square foot mixed-use building erected on 184,177 square feet of land. It was built in 1976 and 1977 and renovated in 1995 and 1996 at a total cost of \$390,000. The building is 100% leased and has 196 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Caractera, ADT Sécurité Service, Thyssen Elevators and Hilti Canada.

2006-2010 Lavoisier Street, Québec City, Québec

A 68,235 square foot industrial building erected on 225,961 square feet of land. It was built in 1976 and is used as a warehousing facility. The Property is 100% leased to United Auto Parts and has 87 outdoor parking spaces.

2022 Lavoisier Street, Québec City, Québec

A 58,923 square foot industrial building erected on 161,596 square feet of land. The building is used for offices, showrooms and warehousing. It was built in 1978. The building is 81.6% leased and has 141 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Otis Canada, Canadian Broadcasting Corporation and KCI Médical.

2025 Lavoisier Street, Québec City, Québec

A 37,330 square foot industrial building erected on 93,815 square feet of land. The building is used for offices, showrooms and warehousing. It was built in 1978 and 1983 and renovated in 1990. The building is 81.0% leased and has 72 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Telav and General Motors of Canada.

2015 Lavoisier Street, Québec City, Québec

A 2,134 square foot industrial building erected on 15,539 square feet of land. It is used for offices and workshops. It was built in 1974, is 100% leased to Modulaire Plus and has 17 outdoor parking spaces.

280 Racine Street, Québec City, Québec

An 18,801 square foot mixed-use building erected on 36,512 square feet of land. It was built in 1984 and expanded in 1986. The building is 45.8% leased and has 60 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Canada Post Corporation and a Canadian chartered bank. Canada Post Corporation's lease provides for a right of first refusal in its favour with respect to any proposed sale of the Property pursuant to a third party offer to purchase at certain times during the initial term or the renewal term of the lease on the same terms as such third party offer, subject to certain conditions.

5130 Rideau Street, Québec City, Québec

A 24,385 square foot industrial building erected on 89,781 square feet of land. It was built in 1988 and has 47 outdoor parking spaces. The building is 100% leased. Major tenants include Toromont, Geyco, McAuslan Brewery and True World Foods.

2955 Kepler Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 14,960 square foot industrial building erected on 82,290 square feet of land. The building is used for offices and warehousing. It was built in 1978. The Property is 100% leased to Expertise Transport Québec and has 54 outdoor parking spaces. The tenant's lease provides for a right in favour of the tenant to approve any purchaser of the Property, such consent not to be withheld without just cause.

1515 St-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 62,266 square foot industrial building erected on 284,078 square feet of land. It was built in 1979 and renovated in 1989 and is used for stores and showrooms. The building is 96.7% leased and has 87 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Barnabé Meubles (1983) inc. and Fixatech.

955 St-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 33,034 square foot industrial building erected on 197,925 square feet of land which is used for businesses, showrooms and warehousing. It was built in 1978 and renovated in 1991 and has 65 outdoor parking spaces. The building is 100% leased. Major tenants include Distribution AG and Location Brossard.

2020 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City, Québec

A 41,133 square foot industrial building erected on 129,002 square feet of land. The building is used for a bowling alley. It was built in 1968. The Property is 100% leased to Quilles Univers and has 62 outdoor parking spaces.

2100 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City, Québec

A 31,798 square foot industrial building erected on 88,948 square feet of land. The building is used for offices, showrooms and warehousing. It was built in 1962, expanded in 1975 and renovated in 1995 at a total cost of \$240,000. The building is 100% leased and has 76 outdoor parking spaces. The major tenant is Bagel Tradition'l.

2150 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City, Québec

A 22,432 square foot industrial building erected on 58,002 square feet of land. The building is used for offices, showrooms and warehousing. It was built in 1970, expanded in 1985 and renovated in 1994 for a total of \$260,000. The Property is 100% leased. The major tenant is Canon of Canada and the property has 59 outdoor parking spaces.

2160 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City, Québec

A 44,909 square foot industrial building erected on 115,692 square feet of land. The building is used for offices, showrooms and warehousing. It was built in 1965, expanded in 1981 and renovated in 1994 at a total cost of \$220,000. The building is 85.7% leased and has 71 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Opération Enfant Soleil and Club Tissus Québec.

2180 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City, Québec

A 20,100 square foot industrial building erected on 50,382 square feet of land. It was built in 1969, expanded in 1984, renovated in 1997 and expanded in 2003. A total of \$425,000 was spent on such renovations. The building is 100% leased and has 44 outdoor parking spaces. The tenants are Mobilier International Inc. (furniture store) and Ash Temple Ltd. (Servident).

100 Chabot Street, Québec City, Québec

A 59,783 square foot industrial building erected on 109,684 square feet of land. It was built in 1968, expanded in 1986 and renovated in 2004. The building is 100% leased to Regroupement des bingos Limoilou, City of Québec, Distribution Distrimax and has 94 outdoor parking spaces.

310 Métivier Street, Québec City, Québec

A 19,345 square foot industrial building erected on 50,000 square feet of land. It is used for warehousing and workshops. It was built in 1972 and renovated in 1991 and has 57 outdoor parking spaces. The building is 100% leased. Major tenants include Centre Hydraulique GMB and Machinage Usitech.

454-456 Marconi Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 15,592 square foot industrial building erected on 65,183 square feet of land. The building is used for offices and warehousing. It was built in 1984. The Property is 100% leased and has 58 outdoor parking spaces. The major tenant is Axion Sonorisation Éclairage.

1730-1790 Newton Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 62,925 square foot industrial building erected on 163,786 square feet of land. It was built in 1987 and is used for offices and warehousing. The building is 100% leased and has 65 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Unisource and Ascenseurs Drolet Kone.

5000 Rideau Street, Québec City, Québec

A 2,475 square foot industrial building erected on 46,395 square feet of land. It was built in 1995, has 36 outdoor parking spaces and is 100% leased to Public Works Canada. The tenant's lease provides for a right of first refusal in favour of the tenant in respect of any third party offer to purchase at certain times during the initial term or renewal term of the lease on the same terms as such third party offer, subject to certain conditions. The tenant's lease also provides for an option to purchase the Property in favour of the tenant for a price significantly higher than the purchase price to the REIT, exercisable at certain times during the term of the lease or renewal term of the lease, subject to certain conditions.

5125 Rideau Street, Québec City, Québec

An 11,575 square foot industrial building erected on 90,062 square feet of land. It was built in 1987, renovated in 1997 and has 56 outdoor parking spaces. The Property is 100% leased to Canpar Transport.

4175 Ste-Anne Blvd., Québec City, Québec

A 38,841 square foot industrial building erected on 96,342 square feet of land. The building is used for showrooms and warehousing. It was built in 1974 and expanded in 1977, 1985 and 1998. The building is 90.7% leased and has 66 outdoor parking spaces. The major tenants are Bingo des Chutes and Verdure Beauport-Charlesbourg.

625 des Canetons Street, Québec City, Québec

A 19,981 square foot industrial building erected on 178,624 square feet of land. It was built in 1989, has 64 outdoor parking spaces and is 100% leased to United Parcel Service of Canada.

4975 Rideau Street, Québec City, Québec

A 42,840 square foot industrial building erected on 106,598 square feet of land. It was built in 1990 and is used for offices, showrooms and warehousing. The building is 82.4% leased and has 64 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Black & Decker Canada and Henry Schein Arcona.

2755 Dalton Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 23,853 square foot industrial building erected on 69,648 square feet of land. It is used for offices and warehousing. It was built in 1971 and renovated in 1989 and has 67 outdoor parking spaces. The building is 100% leased. The major tenants are Quincaillerie Richelieu and Inspec-Sol.

120 New-York Street, Saint-Augustin-de-Desmaures, Québec

A 34,030 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 260,479 square feet of land, built in 2006. It is located on New-York Street in the Saint-Augustin industrial park. It is 100% leased to KCL West Holdings Inc.

650 Godin Avenue and 460 Desrochers Street, Québec City, Québec

An 188,638 square foot industrial building erected on 334,215 square feet of land. It was built in 1967, expanded in 1975 and 1977 and renovated at the end of the 1980's. The building is used for offices, workshops and warehousing. The building is 98.0% leased and the major tenants are Société immobilière du Québec and L.P.A. Medical.

625 Godin Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 60,430 square foot industrial building erected on 131,200 square feet of land. This building was built in 1989 and 1990 and is used for warehousing and showrooms. It is 100% leased and has 103 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants are Messageries Dynamiques, a division of Communications Quebecor, Viking Chains, Scelco and Brûlerie Tatum.

579 Godin Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 22,057 square foot industrial building erected on 124,003 square feet of land. It was built in 1981, renovated in 1999 and expanded by 10,000 square feet in 2007. The building is 100% leased to BOC Gaz Canada and has 25 outdoor parking spaces.

2700 Jean-Perrin Street, Québec City, Québec

A 129,579 square foot mixed-use building, including 28,511 square foot of office, erected on 327,528 square feet of land. It was built in 1987 and renovated in 1999. The building is 98.3% leased and has 325 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Canada Post Corporation, Télémaq 24, Graphiscan, Fondation Mira, Cor Active Hightech and Imprimerie Litho-Chic.

2181-2211 Léon-Harmel Street, Québec City, Québec

A 71,809 square foot mixed-use building erected on 174,315 square feet of land. It was built in 1974 and expanded in 2003. This building is 93.6% leased and has 70 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Groupe SPL, Beauvais et Verret and Boulangerie Rondeau.

1540 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City, Québec

A 9,425 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 100,003 square feet of land (2.3 acres). The property is located in a major industrial park in the Québec City Area and is adjacent to a group of industrial and mixed-use Properties owned by the REIT. It was built in 2000 and is a build-to-suit for a single tenant for warehouse and office use. The warehouse has a 24-foot clear ceiling height. The building is 100% leased to Marco Caravane and has 110 parking spaces.

445 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec, Québec

A 91,795 square foot industrial building, erected on 262,348 square feet of land. It was built in 1986 and expanded in 2003. The building is 91.1% leased and has 110 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Sani Métal, Gentec Électro-optique, Arrow Electronics Canada, ABF Freight Systems Canada, Moteurs Électriques Laval and Rosedale Transport.

500 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec City, Québec

An 87,360 square foot industrial building, erected on 262,997 square feet of land. It was built in 1987 and is used for office and warehouse. The building is 100% leased and has 120 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include FISO Technologies (Exfo-Ingénierie Electro-Optique), National Bank of Canada, E.B.Q.M. and Gecko Electronics.

5275 Wilfrid-Hamel Blvd., Québec City, Québec

A 29,989 square foot mixed-use building erected on 88,692 square feet of land. It was built in 1981. The building is 94.2% leased and has 78 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Acousti-Plus and Midbec.

1670 Sempie Street, Québec City, Québec

A 89,293 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 271,354 square feet of land (6.2 acres). The property is located in a major industrial park and is adjacent to a group of industrial and mixed-use Properties owned by the REIT. It was built in 1972 and renovated in 2000. It is used for warehousing and offices. The warehouse has a 22-foot clear ceiling height. The building is 100% leased and has 225 parking spaces. Major tenants include Société immobilière du Québec and the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation.

2500 Jean-Perrin Street, Québec City, Québec

A 75,347 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 155,666 square feet of land (3.6 acres). The property is located in a major industrial park adjacent to Highway 40, Québec City's main east-west artery. It was built in 1988 and is used for warehousing and offices. The warehouse has a 20-foot clear ceiling height. The building is 95.3% leased and has 160 parking spaces. Major tenants are Primerica, Sico, Proludik, Telus Mobility, Ricoh Canada and Amants de la Nature.

2600 Jean-Perrin Street, Québec City, Québec

A 48,814 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 197,375 square feet of land (4.5 acres). The property is located in a major industrial park adjacent to Highway 40, Québec City's main east-west highway. Located between two Properties already owned by the REIT, the property is in a geographically favourable location. The building contains warehousing and office space. The warehouse has a 22-foot clear ceiling height. The building is 56.2% leased and has 201 parking spaces. Major tenants are Intria Item, Miburco Québec plomberie chauffage and Shred-it Canada.

470 Godin Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 22,532 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 49,967 square feet of land (1.1 acre). The property is located in an industrial park and is adjacent to a group of industrial and mixed-use Properties owned by the REIT. It was built in 1980 and contains warehousing and office space. The warehouse has a 24-foot clear ceiling height. The building is 100% leased to Dolbec Transport and has 28 parking spaces.

765 Godin Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 15,350 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 54,914 square feet of land (1.3 acre). The property is located in an industrial park and is adjacent to a group of industrial and mixed-use Properties owned by the REIT. It was built in 1976, expanded in 1989 and contains warehousing and office space. The warehouse has a 23-foot clear ceiling height. The building is 100% leased to Tyco International of Canada.

1041 Pierre-Bertrand Blvd., Québec City, Québec

A 118,611 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 267,264 square feet of land (6.1 acres) located in a major industrial area. This location is in close proximity to Highway 40. The building was built in 1963 and renovated and expanded in 2002 and is used for warehousing and offices. The warehouse has a 24-foot ceiling height. The building has 200 parking spaces and is 100% leased. Major tenants include Sears Canada and Dolbec Transport.

989 Pierre-Bertrand Blvd., Québec City, Québec

A 38,695 square foot industrial building, erected on 68,524 square feet of land. It was built in 1974 and renovated in 1994. The building is 82.5% leased and has 180 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Bicycles et Sports G.T.H. and Ville de Québec.

955 Pierre-Bertrand Blvd., Québec City, Québec

A 47,654 square foot industrial building, erected on 227,341 square feet of land. It was built in 1995. The building is 100% leased and has 225 outdoor and indoor parking spaces. Major tenants include the restaurant La Casa Grecque, The Palace Cabaret and Groupe PMT/Roy.

1075 des Basses-Terres Street, Québec City, Québec

A 48,025 square foot industrial building, erected on 186,194 square feet of land. It was built in 1995. The building is 100% leased to Westburne Industrial Entreprises Ltd and has 110 outdoor parking spaces.

235 Fortin Street, Québec City, Québec

A 26,006 square foot industrial building, erected on 150,000 square feet of land. It was built in 1996. The building is 100% leased to Hostess Frito-Lay and has 60 outdoor parking spaces.

275 Métivier Street, Québec City, Québec

A 38,819 square foot industrial building, erected on 110,000 square feet of land. It was built in 2003. The building is 100% leased and has 75 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Vision Audio visuel, Amalcorp and Centre d'estimation de la Capitale.

300 Métivier Street, Québec City, Québec

A 28,708 square foot industrial building erected on 128,963 square feet of land. It was built in 2004. The building is 100% leased to Dolbec Transport (1983) and has 33 outdoor parking spaces.

1255 des Artisans Street, Québec City, Québec

A 42,427 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 141,178 square feet of land. It was built in 2007. It is 80,1% leased. Major tenants include Produits Forestiers C.J.P. and ATS & Lauer Transportation.

275 St-Sacrement Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 61,853 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 193,017 square feet of land, built in 1949, and renovated and expanded in 2006. It is 80.6% leased. Major tenants include Wood Wyant Canada Inc., Fastenal Canada Company, Strati-Plus Inc., Ryder Truck Rental Canada Inc. and Crobel Ltée.

1775 Léon-Harmel Street, Québec City, Québec

A 22,093 square foot industrial building erected on 61,853 square feet of land. It was built in 2004. The building is 100% leased to Westburne Wolseley and has 31 outdoor parking spaces.

2600 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 35,295 square foot industrial and mixed-use building part of a three building project known as the "Projet Henri IV". It is located next to the Henri-IV Highway, in Québec City and is erected on 550,424 square feet of land. It is 100% leased and major tenants include Telops, Studio Ross, Sinclair Dentaire and Dooly's.

2800 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 101,569 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 336,630 square feet of land, built in 2004 and part of the Henri-IV Project. It is located at the intersection of Henri-IV highway and Wilfrid-Hamel Blvd. It is 98.0% leased and has a vast parking lot. Major tenants include Coveo Solution, Desjardins Insurance Group, Dr. Yves Bélanger and Dr. Marc Bureau, Jardin Mobile, Irving Oil, Mission-HGE, Siemens and Public Works Canada.

3000 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec City, Québec

A 46,844 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 113,802 square feet of land, built in 2004. It is located at the intersection of Henri-IV highway and Wilfrid-Hamel Blvd. It is 100% leased and has a vast parking lot. The main tenant is Société de gestion informatique Sogique.

1990 5th Street, Saint-Romuald, Québec

Currently being developed, this is a two-story industrial and mixed-use building with 50,000 square feet of leasable area.

795 Craig Street, Saint-Nicolas, Québec

A 23,041 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 68,201 square feet of land. It was built in 1997 and expanded in 1999. The building is located in the Laporte de Lévis industrial park, near Québec bridges and local and regional highways, including Highways 20 and 73 and Highways 40 and 175 by Pierre-Laporte Bridge. It is used for offices and warehousing. The warehouse ceilings are 18 feet high. The building is 100% leased to CIBA Specialty Chemicals Canada Inc.

820 Alphonse-Desrochers, Saint-Nicholas, Québec

A 212,000 square foot industrial building erected on 550,019 square feet of land. Built in 2004, it is located near Autoroute 20 in the Bernières Industrial Park. It is 100% leased to Bertrand distributeur en alimentation inc. and has a vast parking lot.

1870 Saint-Paul Blvd., Saguenay, Québec

A 132,846 square foot industrial building erected on 583,218 square feet of land. Built in 1964, it was expanded in 1978 and 2007 and renovated in 2008. It is located near Autoroute 70. It is 100% leased to Bertrand distributeur en alimentation inc. and has a vast parking lot.

8288 Pie-IX Blvd., Montréal, Québec

An 119,522 square foot industrial building, erected on 250,302 square feet of land. It was built in 1989 and is used for offices and warehousing. The building is 100% leased to Belron Canada and has 133 outdoor parking spaces.

1415 32nd Avenue, Montréal, Québec

A 71,503 square foot industrial building, erected on 119,388 square feet of land. It was built in 1989 and expanded in 1993. The building is 100% leased to CAC Division Transport and has 88 outdoor parking spaces.

1455 32nd Avenue, Montréal, Québec

A 32,500 square foot industrial building, erected on 119,164 square feet of land. It was built in 1989 and is used for offices and warehousing. The building is 100% leased to CGI International and has 70 outdoor parking spaces.

1475 32nd Avenue, Montréal, Québec

A 91,599 square foot industrial building, erected on 206,264 square feet of land. It was built in 1988 and is used for offices and warehousing. The building is 89.4% leased to Pneutech and has 96 outdoor parking spaces.

3300 J.B. Deschamps Blvd., Montréal, Québec

A 19,393 square foot industrial building, erected on 118,456 square feet of land. It was built in 1989 and has 46 outdoor parking spaces. The building is 100% leased to Paquette White.

9100 du Parcours Street, Montréal, Québec

A 122,602 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 351,633 square feet of land (8.1 acres). The property is located in a major industrial park and is in reasonable proximity to Highway 40, Montréal's main east-west highway. It was built in 1998 and expanded in 2000, and is used for warehousing and offices. The warehouse has a 23-foot clear ceiling height. The building is 100% leased to Ventrol Air Handling Systems and has 180 parking spaces.

10550 Parkway Blvd., Montréal, Québec

An 110,000 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 177,247 square feet of land (4.1 acres). The property is located in a major industrial park and in reasonable proximity to highway 40. The building was built in 1964 and renovated in 1972, and contains warehouse and office space. The warehouse has an 18-foot ceiling height. The building is 100% leased to Arkon Safety Equipment and has 170 parking spaces.

2105 Dagenais Blvd. West, Laval, Québec

A 275,597 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 585,550 square feet of land (13.4 acres). The property is located in a major industrial park in Laval and is within reasonable proximity to Autoroute 440 with easy access to Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The building was built in 1999 and expanded by 31,700 square feet in 2003. It contains warehouse space and office space. The warehouse has an 18-foot clear ceiling height. The building is 100% leased and has 253 parking spaces. Major tenants include Dura Housewares, MAS Automotive and Yourtruckshop, Minimedia International, Canamex transitaire international and Baldwin Paper Company.

894-930 Bergar Street, Laval, Québec

A 33,179 square foot industrial building, erected on 75,654 square feet of land. It was built in 1989. The building is 100% leased and has 75 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Boc Canada, Aero Chem and Gourmet Flash.

901-937 Michelin Street, Laval, Québec

A 42,648 square foot industrial building, erected on 142,389 square feet of land. It was built in 1988. The building is 100% leased and has 65 outdoor parking spaces. The major tenants are Megalab and Québec Levage Expert.

3370-3418 Industriel Blvd., Laval, Québec

A 55,331 square foot industrial building, erected on 136,564 square feet of land. It was built in 1986. The building is 100% leased and has 86 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Surplec, Franklin Supply and Rexel Canada Electrical (Westburne).

3401-3421 Industriel Blvd., Laval, Québec

A 53,422 square foot industrial building, erected on 139,807 square feet of land. It was built in 1986. The building is 100% leased and has 82 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Produits Hydrauliques R.G., ATM PRQ and Tramac Equipment.

1405-1453 Bergar Street, Laval, Québec

A 32,635 square foot industrial building, erected on 93,279 square feet of land. It was built in 1988. The building is 100% leased and has 58 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Town & Country Uniforms, Tasfilm and Attaches Richard.

3424-3428 Francis-Hugues Avenue, Laval, Québec

A 16,114 square foot industrial building erected on 45,499 square feet of land. It was built in 2003. The building is 100% leased and has 33 outdoor parking spaces. The major tenant is Trane Québec.

1315 Gay-Lussac Street, Boucherville, Québec

A 43,693 square foot industrial building, erected on 120,000 square feet of land. It was built in 1991. The building is 100% leased to Produits Packlab and has 48 outdoor parking spaces.

40 du Tremblay Road, Boucherville, Québec

A 142,805 square foot industrial building, erected on 302,943 square feet of land. It was built in 1991 and expanded in 2006. The building is 100% leased to Ikea Wholesale and has 170 outdoor parking spaces.

620-650 Giffard Street, Longueuil, Québec

A 52,748 square foot industrial building, erected on 191,254 square feet of land. It was built in 1980. The building is 87.6% leased and has 141 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Groupe Master, Lumen and Enertrak.

667-687 Giffard Street, Longueuil, Québec

A 47,431 square foot industrial building, erected on 93,626 square feet of land. It was built in 1980. The building is 67.9% leased and has 41 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants are Construction Michel Gagnon, Aliments Krispy Kernels and Praxair Distribution.

784-818 Guimond Blvd., Longueuil, Québec

An 81,119 square foot industrial building, erected on 234,457 square feet of land. It was built in 1988 and expanded in 2003. The building is 98.6% leased and has 65 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Boiron Canada, Technologie Clemex and Kinecor.

9101 des Sciences Blvd., Montréal, Québec

A 72,402 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 136,062 square feet of land and built in 2000. The building is 100% leased and has 63 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Hibbert Wholesales (1988), Viandes Décarie and Maison de distribution Colac.

1675 de Montarville Blvd., Boucherville, Québec

A 142,264 square foot industrial building, erected on 300,100 square feet of land. It was built in 1989 and expanded in 2003. The building is 100% leased to Groupe Master and has 90 outdoor parking spaces.

5250 Armand-Frappier Street, Longueuil, Québec

A 59,460 square foot industrial building, erected on 325,014 square feet of land. It was built in 1992. The building is 100% leased to Hydro-Québec and has 242 outdoor parking spaces.

1405-1455-1495 55th Avenue, Dorval, Québec

A 66,185 square foot industrial building erected on 119,111 square feet of land. It was built in 2001. The building is 100% leased and has 60 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Intermove Canada (1992), International Paint, division of Akzo Nobel Coatings Ltd. and Total Logistick Partner (Ocean consolidators).

4500-4536 Louis-B.-Mayer Street, Laval, Québec

A 46,740 square foot industrial and mixed-use building that is part of a four-building project known as the Laval "Highway 440 Project". The project is located next to the Highway 440. The four buildings are erected on a total of 936,750 square feet of land. The Property is 100% leased and major tenants include PH Vitres d'Auto and Fournitures Funéraires Victoriaville.

2900-2976 Joseph-A.-Bombardier Street, Laval, Québec

This 104,305 square foot industrial and mixed-use building is the third building forming part of the "Highway 440 Project". It is 91.5% leased. Major tenants include Caterpillar, ECS Electrical Cable Supply Ltd, Mitek Canada Inc. and TVAchats Inc.

3025 Joseph-A.-Bombardier Street, Laval, Québec

This 78,757 square foot industrial and mixed-use property is the fourth building forming part of the "Highway 440 Project". It is 58.6% leased. Major tenants include Wood Wyant Canada, Systemex Technologies Inc. and Rockwell Automation Canada Inc.

4451-4479 Laval Highway West, Laval, Québec

A 116,298 square foot industrial and mixed-use property is the second building forming part of the "Highway 440 Project". It was built in 2004. It is 96.7% leased and has a vast parking lot. Major tenants are Agence de recouvrement TCR, Câblages informatiques Instacâble, Groupe Roche-Cadec, Industrial Alliance, Mitek Canada, Informatel services informatiques and Philippe Dagenais Mobilier Décoration.

330 Avro Avenue, Pointe-Claire, Québec

A 101,222 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 225,646 square feet of land. It was built in 1991 and expanded in 1998. The building is located west of des Sources Boulevard and south of the Trans-Canada Highway in Pointe-Claire. It contains warehouses and offices. It is 100% leased to Dynacast Canada and has approximately 215 parking spaces.

19701 Clark-Graham Avenue, Baie-d'Urfé, Québec

A 162,000 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 383,500 square feet of land. It was built in 1994 and expanded in 1999. The building is located next to the Transcanadian Highway in the Beaconsfield-Baie-d'Urfé area. It contains warehouses and offices. It is 100% leased to Emballages Alcan Canada Ltd. and has approximately 200 parking spaces.

940 Bergar Street, Laval, Québec

A 15,000 square foot industrial and mixed-use property erected on 70,001 square feet of land, built in 1987. It is located in an industrial park in Laval, close to the Industriel Blvd. and north of Laval Highway. It is 100% leased to Brite-Lite Maintenance Co. Ltd. and has a vast parking lot.

11000 Parkway Blvd., Montréal, Québec

A 217,000 square foot industrial and mixed-use property erected on 245,358 square feet of land, built in 1965. It is located at the corner of Parkway Blvd. and Jean-René-Ouimet Street, in the heart of the Anjou industrial park. It is 100% leased and has 75 parking spaces. Major tenants are Groupe Data and Meubles Concordia.

20 Hymus Blvd., Pointe-Claire, Québec

A 50,413 square foot industrial and mixed-use property erected on 176,591 square feet of land, built in 1987. It is located on Hymus Blvd., in the Pointe-Claire industrial park. It is currently not leased.

2156-2168 de la Province Street, Longueuil, Québec

A 40,662 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 198,352 square feet of land, built in 1990. It is located on de la Province Street in the Vieux-Longueuil industrial park. It is 100% leased and has a vast parking lot. Major tenants include Futech Hitec and Keystone Manufacturing Plastics.

2170 de la Province Street, Longueuil, Québec

A 22,615 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 198,352 square feet of land, built in 1990. It is located on de la Province St in the Vieux-Longueuil industrial park. It is 100% leased to Style & Co. International.

715 Delage Street, Longueuil, Québec

A 42,195 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 198,352 square feet of land, built in 1990. It is located on de la Province Street in the Vieux-Longueuil industrial park. It is 88.4% leased and has a vast parking lot. Major tenants include C.E.L. Équipement d'essai aérospatial, L.E.M. Technologies and SID Distribution.

6445 Côte-de-Liesse Road, Montréal, Québec

A 49,546 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 91,192 square feet of land, built in 1980 and expanded in 1999. It is located on the North side of Côte-de-Liesse Road in the Saint-Laurent industrial park. It is 100% leased to SE CE Appareil.

19100-19180 Trans-Canada Highway, Baie-d'Urfé, Québec

A 25,564 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 137,650 square feet of land. It was built in 1987. The property is located in the Baie-d'Urfé industrial park, near local and regional highways, including Highways 13, 20 and 40. It is used for offices and warehousing. The warehousing area ceilings are 18 feet high. The building is 75.3% leased and has 82 parking spaces. Major tenants included John G. Weiss Co. Ltd., Mountain View Bag Inc. and Arrow Electronics Canada Ltd.

3600 Matte Blvd., Brossard, Québec

A 27,074 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 78,158 square feet of land. It was built in 1988. The property is located in the Brossard industrial park, near local and regional roads, including Highway 132. It is used for offices and warehousing. The warehousing area ceilings are 20 feet high. The building is 93.2% leased and has 91 parking spaces. Major tenants include Altrom Canada Corp., Casuco Canada Inc. and Les machineries Technipack Inc.

3650 Matte Blvd., Brossard, Québec

A 43,211 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 121,842 square feet of land. It was built in 1987. The property is located in the industrial park de Brossard, near local and regional roads, including Highway 132. It is used for offices and warehousing. The warehouse ceilings are 20 feet high. The building is 97.6% leased and has 123 parking spaces. Major tenants include Technologies Polycontrôles Inc. and Cedarome Canada Inc.

115 de Vaudreuil Street, Boucherville, Québec

A 16,297 square foot industrial and mixed-use building erected on 35,714 square feet of land. It was built in 1987. The property is located in the Borough of Boucherville industrial park, near Highways 132 and 20. It is used for offices and warehousing. The warehousing area ceilings are 22 feet high. The building is 53.6% leased and has 30 parking spaces. Major tenants include Services pharmaceutiques Melvin Dionne Inc.

4148-4150 Portland Blvd., Sherbrooke, Québec

A 68,000 square foot industrial building erected on 300,000 square feet of land. It was built in 2000. It is located in the City of Sherbrooke's regional industrial park and is 100% leased. Major tenants include Graphica Printing Inc. and the Color Group Division of Canada.

3071-3075 Louis A. Amos Street and 1922-1996 Onésime-Gagnon Street, Montréal, Québec

A 164,206 square foot industrial building erected on 462,399 square feet of land and built in 1987. The building is 67.0% leased and has 365 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include AVW Telav Inc. and Panasonic Canada.

1615-1805 – 55th Avenue, Dorval, Québec

A 158,310 square foot industrial building erected on 434,373 square feet of land in close proximity to the Montréal-Trudeau Airport and built in 1990. The building has 252 outdoor parking spaces. The building is 90.9% leased. The building's major tenants include Ecosys Canada Inc., John L. Schultz Limited and Les Entrepôts et distribution OPS.

3339-3403 Griffith Street, Montréal, Québec

A 118,025 square foot industrial building, which was built in 1987, erected on 457,918 square feet of land near Cavendish Boulevard and the Trans-Canada Highway. The building has 222 outdoor parking spaces. The building is 97.4% leased. Major tenants include Groupe Presse Commerce, Henry Schein Ash Arcona and Hyperchip.

8100 Cavendish Blvd., Montréal, Québec

A 114,596 square foot industrial building erected on 262,913 square feet of land. It was built in 1981 and has 21 outdoor parking spaces, as well as a sizeable shipping and trucking area. The building is 100% leased to Boutique Jacob.

1949 Onésime-Gagnon Street, Montréal, Québec

A 95,769 square foot industrial building erected on 244,192 square feet of land. It was built in 1988 and is 100% leased. The property has 181 outdoor parking spaces, as well as a sizeable shipping and trucking area. This class A building is well situated near major arteries. Major tenants include Richards Packaging Inc., Alcan Foil Products and Kintetsu World Express (Canada) Inc.

2260 32nd Avenue and 3142-3190 Joseph-Dubreuil Street, Montréal, Québec

A 92,429 square foot industrial building erected on 216,244 square feet of land. It was built in 1983 and has 136 outdoor parking spaces. It is 85.7% leased. Major tenants include Andritz Fiber Drying Ltd., Rogers Wireless Inc. and Anixter Canada.

2102-2150 32nd Avenue, Montréal, Québec

A 77,416 square foot industrial building erected on 203,361 square feet of land. It was built in 1984, is 100% leased and has 109 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include NSK-RHP Canada Inc., East West Plastics and Electrical Products and the Canadian Automobile Association (Quebec).

2024-2080 32nd Avenue, Montréal, Québec

A 68,434 square foot industrial building built in 1984, erected on 182,983 square feet of land. The building is 100% leased and has 99 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include AVW Telav Inc., Harlan Sprague Dawle and VF Imagewear Canada.

6320-6380 Côte-de-Liesse Road, Montréal, Québec

A 57,754 square foot industrial building erected on 253,203 square feet of land. It was built in 1955, renovated in 1981 and expanded twice in the 1990's. Over \$2.0 million was spent on the renovations and expansion. The building is 100% leased and has 104 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Speedware Ltd., Distribution Maroline Inc. and Services Personnel Unique.

2025 de la Métropole Street, Longueuil, Québec

A 206,523 square foot industrial building erected on a 434,700 square feet of land, featuring approximately 117,300 square feet of industrial space at 25 feet clear height, 73,000 square feet of industrial space at 16 feet clear height as well as 14,400 office component on two floors. This building was built in phases from 1977 to 1993. The building is 98.8% leased to Sico Inc. and to Groupe BMR Inc. The Property has approximately 60 parking spaces outdoor in proximity to the office section of the property.

1925-1975 Hymus Blvd., Dorval, Québec

A 105,411 square foot detached multi-tenant industrial building erected on 202,204 square feet of land fronting on Hymus Boulevard, adjacent to the Trans-Canada Highway and in close proximity to Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The building was built in 1988 and is 92.8% leased. It has 94 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Les Entreprises PNH Inc., EGL Eagle Global Logistics Inc. and Apple Express Courier.

80-140 Lindsay Avenue, Dorval, Québec

A 44,381 square foot industrial building erected on 114,314 square feet of land fronting on Lindsay Avenue, adjacent to Highway 20 and the Côte-de-Liesse Highway, in close proximity to the Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The property was built in 1986. It is 100% leased and has 80 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include ICC International Compliance Center, Bio Lonreco Inc. and Kufner Textiles Inc.

8411-8453 Dalton Road, Mount-Royal, Québec

A 31,520 square foot detached multi-tenant industrial building erected on 73,120 square feet of land fronting on Dalton Road, adjacent to the Trans-Canada Highway and in close proximity to Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The building was built in 1975 and is 100% leased. Major tenants include Matrices à Découper LM Inc., Tindex Sales & Mfg Inc. and has 30 outdoor parking spaces.

8459-8497 Dalton Road, Mount-Royal, Québec

A 41,156 square foot detached multi-tenant industrial building erected on 80,255 square feet of land fronting on Dalton Road, adjacent to the Trans-Canada Highway and in close proximity to Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The building was built in 1975. It is 83.1% leased and has 30 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include North American Euro Products, Muxlab Inc. and Tabori Holdings Inc.

8545-8579 Dalton Road, Mount-Royal, Québec

A 38,423 square foot industrial building erected on 88,818 square feet of land fronting on Dalton Road, adjacent to the Trans-Canada Highway and in close proximity to Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The property was built in 1987. The building is 100% leased and has 52 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include VWR Scientific of Canada Ltd., Schindler Elevators Corp. and Neopost Canada.

8605-8639 Dalton Road, Mount-Royal, Québec

A 37,463 square foot detached multi-tenant industrial building erected on 87,714 square feet of land fronting on Dalton Road, adjacent to the Trans-Canada Highway and in close proximity to Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The property was built in 1986. The building is 50.2% leased and has 69 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include GameTronix.

7527-7583 Henri-Bourassa Blvd., Montréal, Québec

A 138,915 square foot industrial building erected on 275,311 square feet of land, strategically located on Henri-Bourassa Boulevard. The building was built in 1975. It is 61.2% leased and has 147 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Les Productions Jeux, Reliure Ké-Mo Inc. and Pavigres Ceramics Inc.

8552-8648 Pie-IX Blvd., Montréal, Québec

A 146,541 square foot industrial complex erected on 212,038 square feet of land located on the West side of Pie-IX Blvd., near Robert Street, north of the Trans-Canada Highway in the heart of the east-end industrial park. The building was built in 1988. It is 84.6% leased and has 178 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Disque Americ Inc., Memtronik Innovations Inc. and CPS Digital Inc.

8740-8878 Pie-IX Blvd., Montréal, Québec

A 164,496 square foot industrial complex erected on 259,707 square feet of land, located on the west side of Pie-IX Blvd., near Robert Street, north of the Trans-Canada Highway in the heart of the east-end industrial park. The building was built in 1992. It

is 100% leased and has 178 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Imprimerie Transcontinental, Peerless Clothing Inc. and Laboratoire d'essais Mequaltech.

7075 Place Robert-Joncas, Montréal, Québec

A 218,473 square foot industrial complex erected on 439,498 square feet of land. The building was built in 1975. It is 97.0% and has 350 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Purolator Courier Ltd., Tornatech Inc. and Best Buy Canada Ltd and Ingram Micro Logistics LP Inc.

1225 Volta Street, Boucherville, Québec

A 225,600 square foot industrial building featuring about 206,500 square feet of industrial space at 25 feet of clear height and a two floors of 19,100 square feet of Class "B" office space. It is located on approximately 483,100 square feet of land and is serviced by a rail siding. The building was built in phases between 1988 and 1991 and has 95 outdoor parking spaces. The building is 100% leased to Metro Richelieu.

2000 Halpern Street, Montréal, Québec

A 527,000 square foot industrial building built in 1977 and erected on 19.42 acres of land. The building is 100% leased to LDC Logistic Development Corp.

2105 23rd Avenue, Montréal, Québec

A 318,960 square foot industrial building built in 1964 and erected on 19.04 acres of land. The building is 100% leased to Hudson's Bay Company.

1111 46th Avenue, Montréal, Québec

A 107,644 square foot industrial building erected on 7.92 acres of land and built in 1973. The building is 100% leased to Palmar Inc.

1200 55th Avenue, Montréal, Québec

A 68,461 square foot industrial building erected on 257,986 square feet of land in close proximity to Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The building was built in 1987 and is 100% leased to A.R. Medicom Inc. It has 57 outdoor parking spaces. The building has expansion potential for approximately 35,000 additional square feet.

5055 Lévy Street, Montréal, Québec

A 60,666 square foot industrial complex, built in 1989/1990, consisting of 34,651 square feet of industrial space and approximately 30 feet of clear height, and 25,700 square feet of office space. The property is located in proximity to Montréal-Trudeau Airport. It is 100% leased. Major tenants include TI Titanium Ltd., Services Kamtech Inc. and Aviyatech Technologies Inc.

2400 Trans-Canada Highway, Pointe-Claire, Québec

A 194,993 square foot industrial complex erected on 894,300 square feet of land bordering the south service road of the Trans-Canada Highway, in the hear of the west-end industrial park. The property was built in 1969/1976/1995. It is 72.6% leased. Major tenants include Sears Canada Inc. and Roberts Fire Protection Ltd.

243 Hymus Blvd., Pointe-Claire, Québec

A 40,000 square foot industrial building built in 1969. It is 100% leased to Harwell Packaging Inc.

2555 Pitfield Blvd., Montréal, Québec

A 99,000 square foot industrial building built in 2003 consisting of 85,200 square feet of warehouse space at 22 feet of clear height and 14,700 square feet of office/showroom space. It is erected on approximately 200,100 square feet of land. The building is not leased.

731-749 Meloche Avenue and 11450 Côte-de-Liesse Road, Dorval, Québec

A 35,626 square foot industrial building erected on 92,282 square feet of land in close proximity to Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The building was built in 1979 and is 100% leased. It has 20 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Gemmar Computers Int., Kodiak Fret Int. and Abrasicorp & Equipment Ltd.

703-729 Meloche Avenue, Dorval, Québec

A 31,690 square feet industrial building erected on 75,567 square feet of land in close proximity to Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The building was built in 1980 and is 99.9% leased to 13 tenancies, including Heidelberg Canada Graphic Equipment Limited, Société en Commandite Tafisa and Chic-Tex.

679-701 Meloche Avenue and 135-137 Lindsay Avenue, Dorval, Québec

A 34,718 square foot industrial building erected on 85,500 square feet of land in close proximity to Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The building was built in 1981 and is 88.3% leased to nine tenancies and has 20 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Fabrication D.E.C. Inc., General Electric Canada and Outillages King Canada.

1710-1850 55th Avenue and 5435 François-Cusson Street, Montréal, Québec

A 78,813 square foot industrial building erected on 222,781 square feet of land in close proximity to Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The building was built in 1986 and is 90.3% leased to eight tenancies and has 154 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include LH MFG. Inc., Transit Nord-Plus Inc., Auto Journal Inc. and Teco-Westinghouse Motors (Canada) Inc.

1520-1660 55th Avenue and 5430 Fairway Street, Montréal, Québec

A 79,179 square foot industrial building erected on 228,707 square feet of land in close proximity to Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The building was built in 1986 and is 95.3% leased to nine tenancies and has 154 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include MBS Bearing Services Inc., Elkon Inc. and Joslyn Canada Inc.

1875 55th Avenue and 22-62 Lindsay Avenue, Dorval, Québec

An 81,908 square foot industrial building built in 1988 and erected on 216,434 square feet of land in close proximity to Montréal-Trudeau Airport. The building is 100% leased to nine tenancies and has 171 outdoor parking spaces. Major tenants include Amscan Distributors (Canada) Ltd., Omnimedia Corporation Limited and Airport Courier.

72 du Tremblay Road, Boucherville, Québec

A 28,610 square foot industrial building erected on 220,738 square feet of land. It is located on Montréal's South Shore, near Autoroute 20. It was built in 2008 and is 100% leased to Société en commandite Strongco.

4.5 HYPOTHECS AND DEBENTURES**4.5.1 HYPOTHECS**

The Portfolio of the REIT is conservatively leveraged, with predominantly fixed rate debt. As at December 31, 2008, the weighted average interest rate pursuant to the Hypothecs is approximately 5.58% per annum and the weighted average term to maturity of the Hypothecs is approximately 7.1 years.

The following table summarizes the Immovable Hypothecs on the REIT's Properties:

| Properties | Balance as at December 31, 2008 | Interest Rate | Maturity Date |
|--|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| HYPOTHECS - FIXED RATE | | | |
| OFFICE PROPERTIES | | | |
| 4635 1st Avenue, Québec City | \$1,929,182 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 5055 Wilfrid-Hamel Blvd. West, Québec City | \$1,336,222 | 5.35% | March 2022 |
| 5075 Wilfrid-Hamel Blvd. West, Québec City | \$1,959,489 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 2014 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City | \$3,494,734 | 5.35% | March 2022 |
| 2200 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City | \$1,768,417 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 979 de Bourgogne Avenue, Québec City | \$4,170,896 | 5.75% | June 2018 |
| 455 du Marais Street, Québec City | \$3,734,569 | 5.35% | March 2022 |
| 3175 des Quatre-Bourgeois Road, Québec City | \$8,520,552 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 150 René-Lévesque Blvd., Québec City | \$26,780,000 | 5.39% | December 2010 |
| 50 Président-Kennedy Road, Lévis | \$13,001,663 | 5.51% | July 2017 |
| 565-585 Charest Blvd. East, Québec City | \$5,367,726 | 6.00% | February 2009 |
| 255 Crémazie Blvd. East, Montréal | \$20,310,022 | 4.97% | July 2013 |
| 3400 Jean-Béraud Avenue, Laval | \$8,924,354 | 7.46% | October 2012 |
| 201-211 Laurier Street East, Montréal | \$15,272,688 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 19100-19200 Trans-Canada Highway, Baie-d'Urfé | \$1,152,588 | 5.40% | April 2010 |
| 19100-19200 Trans-Canada Highway, Baie-d'Urfé | \$110,654 | 6.14% | April 2010 |
| 375 Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Blvd., Mont-Saint-Hilaire | \$4,244,403 | 6.68% | November 2018 |
| 325 Honorius-Charbonneau Blvd., Mont-Saint-Hilaire | \$1,358,209 | 6.68% | November 2018 |
| 4700 de la Savane Street, Montréal (emphyteutic lease) | \$4,172,634 | 8.16% | April 2012 |
| 455 Fénelon Blvd., Dorval | \$8,247,246 | 5.17% | February 2021 |
| 9900 Cavendish Blvd., Montréal | \$6,161,302 | 6.30% | March 2014 |
| 9999 Cavendish Blvd., Montréal | \$4,795,595 | 5.30% | December 2021 |
| 9960-9970 Côte-de-Liesse Road, Montréal | \$1,188,675 | 5.17% | February 2021 |
| 1, 2, 3, 4 Place Laval, Laval | \$18,796,803 | 5.53% | January 2009 |
| 3080 Le Carrefour Blvd., Laval | \$6,326,967 | 5.43% | January 2009 |
| 3090 Le Carrefour Blvd., Laval | \$4,643,632 | 5.43% | January 2009 |
| 3100 Le Carrefour Blvd., Laval | \$5,514,293 | 5.43% | January 2009 |
| 2525 Daniel-Johnson Blvd., Laval | \$5,142,374 | 5.43% | January 2009 |
| 1111 Dr.-Frederik-Philips Blvd., Montréal | \$7,664,031 | 6.30% | October 2014 |
| 3300 Côte-Vertu Blvd., Montréal | \$5,937,905 | 6.30% | October 2014 |
| 2001 McGill College Avenue, Montréal | \$97,045,063 | 5.41% | November 2013 |
| 550 de la Cité Blvd., Gatineau | \$28,620,195 | 5.51% | December 2018 |
| 480 de la Cité Blvd., Gatineau | \$3,306,596 | 6.61% | July 2019 |
| 400 Cooper Street, Ottawa | \$10,233,439 | 5.19% | September 2015 |
| 400 Cooper Street, Ottawa | \$7,258,226 | 6.00% | April 2010 |
| Sub-total | \$348,491,344 | | |
| RETAIL PROPERTIES | | | |
| 1371 Ste-Foy Road, Québec City | \$562,678 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 5600 de la Rive-Sud Blvd., Lévis | \$734,962 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 1400 St-Jean-Baptiste Blvd., Québec City | \$5,385,632 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 245 Soumande Street, Québec City | \$6,407,013 | 5.35% | March 2022 |
| 8500 Henri-Bourassa Blvd., Québec City | \$31,331,443 | 4.97% | July 2013 |
| 355 du Marais Street, Québec City | \$2,612,652 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 325 du Marais Street, Québec City | \$4,924,243 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 2600 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec City | \$2,612,652 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 2800 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec City | \$7,395,196 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 3000 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec City | \$3,233,831 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 1479-1485 St-Bruno Blvd., St-Bruno (Yellow-Pennington) | \$689,107 | 6.94% | January 2019 |
| 1465, St-Bruno Blvd., St-Bruno (Bureau en Gros) | \$1,325,863 | 6.94% | January 2019 |
| 1475, St-Bruno Blvd., St-Bruno (Walmart) | \$5,904,950 | 6.94% | January 2019 |
| 1495, St-Bruno Blvd., St-Bruno (Cineplex Odeon) | \$2,763,905 | 6.94% | January 2019 |

| Properties | Balance as at December 31, 2008 | Interest Rate | Maturity Date |
|--|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 800 Claude-Jutras Blvd., St-Bruno | \$2,853,183 | 5.72% | January 2019 |
| 239 Samson Blvd., Laval | \$4,737,031 | 4.97% | July 2013 |
| 2101-2137 Curé-Labelle Blvd., Laval | \$5,507,931 | 6.85% | January 2013 |
| 2790 Jacques-Cartier Blvd., Longueuil | \$3,134,920 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 2761 Jacques-Cartier Blvd., Longueuil | \$1,044,973 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 340-360 Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Blvd., Mont-Saint-Hilaire | \$2,037,314 | 6.68% | November 2018 |
| 370-380 Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Blvd., Mont-Saint-Hilaire | \$3,055,970 | 6.68% | November 2018 |
| 345-365 Honorius-Charbonneau Blvd., Mont-Saint-Hilaire | \$5,432,836 | 6.68% | November 2018 |
| 377-383 Sir-Wilfrid-Laurier Blvd., Mont-Saint-Hilaire | \$848,881 | 6.68% | November 2018 |
| 933 Armand-Frappier Blvd., Sainte-Julie | \$1,152,333 | 6.50% | October 2011 |
| 120 de l'Hôpital Blvd., Gatineau | \$6,925,440 | 5.36% | April 2018 |
| Sub-total | \$112,614,939 | | |
| INDUSTRIAL AND MIXED-USE PROPERTIES | | | |
| 2385 Watt Street, Québec City | \$2,089,947 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 830 Godin Avenue, Québec City | \$1,598,748 | 4.97% | July 2013 |
| 1990 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City | \$5,224,867 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 2010 Lavoisier Street, Québec City | \$2,572,242 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 2022 Lavoisier Street, Québec City | \$2,813,390 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 2025 Lavoisier Street, Québec City | \$1,439,008 | 5.35% | March 2022 |
| 5130 Rideau Street, Québec City | \$1,028,946 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 1515 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec City | \$2,612,652 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 955 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec City | \$1,600,205 | 5.51% | July 2017 |
| 2020 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City | \$1,507,533 | 5.35% | March 2022 |
| 2100 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City | \$1,250,160 | 5.51% | July 2017 |
| 2150 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City | \$1,028,946 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 2180 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City | \$870,884 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 100 Chabot Street, Québec City | \$1,469,923 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 1730-1790 Newton Avenue, Québec City | \$2,089,947 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 4175 Ste-Anne Blvd., Québec City | \$1,088,605 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 625 des Canetons Street, Québec City | \$1,175,939 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 4975 Rideau Street, Québec City | \$1,524,047 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 2755 Dalton Avenue, Québec City | \$798,310 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 120 New York Street, Saint-Augustin-de-Desmaures | \$2,932,661 | 5.75% | June 2018 |
| 650 Godin Avenue, Québec City | \$8,305,066 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 625 Godin Avenue, Québec City | \$2,733,007 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 2700 Jean-Perrin Street, Québec City | \$7,100,908 | 5.51% | July 2017 |
| 2181-2211 Léon-Hamel Street, Québec City | \$2,912,279 | 5.35% | March 2022 |
| 1540 Cyrille-Duquet Street, Québec City | \$750,096 | 5.51% | July 2017 |
| 445 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec City | \$5,036,529 | 5.35% | March 2022 |
| 500 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec City | \$3,000,384 | 5.51% | July 2017 |
| 5275 Wilfrid-Hamel West Blvd., Québec City | \$1,249,435 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 1670 Semples Street, Québec City | \$3,200,409 | 5.51% | July 2017 |
| 450 Saint-Jean-Baptiste Avenue, Québec City | \$2,250,288 | 5.51% | July 2017 |
| 2500 Jean-Perrin Street, Québec City | \$4,600,588 | 5.51% | July 2017 |
| 2600 Jean-Perrin Street, Québec City | \$3,100,397 | 5.51% | July 2017 |
| 989-999 Pierre-Bertrand Blvd., Québec | \$1,361,897 | 4.97% | July 2013 |
| 955 Pierre-Bertrand Blvd., Québec | \$2,901,432 | 4.97% | July 2013 |
| 1775 Léon-Harmel Street, Québec City | \$943,458 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 795 Craig Street, Saint-Romuald | \$1,040,302 | 5.36% | April 2018 |
| 8288 Pie-IX Blvd., Montréal | \$4,426,993 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 1455 32nd Avenue, Montréal | \$1,713,105 | 5.35% | March 2022 |
| 9100 du Parcours Street, Montréal | \$6,450,825 | 5.51% | July 2017 |
| 10550 Parkway Blvd., Montréal | \$1,790,707 | 9.13% | January 2012 |
| 2105 Dagenais West Blvd., Laval | \$3,570,470 | 6.79% | May 2014 |

| Properties | Balance as at December 31, 2008 | Interest Rate | Maturity Date |
|--|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 3424-3428 Francis-Hugues Avenue, Laval | \$725,737 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 40 du Tremblay Road, Boucherville | \$5,582,918 | 5.75% | June 2018 |
| 667-687 Giffard Street, Longueuil | \$1,814,342 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 784-818 Guimond Blvd., Longueuil | \$2,960,645 | 4.97% | July 2013 |
| 9101-9175 des Sciences Blvd., Montréal | \$3,054,538 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 1675 Montarville Blvd., Boucherville | \$4,866,045 | 5.75% | June 2018 |
| 1405-1475 55th Avenue, Dorval | \$3,700,473 | 5.51% | July 2017 |
| 4500 Louis-B.-Mayer Street, Laval | \$2,057,892 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 2900 Joseph-A.-Bombardier Street, Laval | \$6,350,223 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 2800-2816 Joseph-A.-Bombardier Street, Laval | \$8,440,170 | 5.30% | May 2017 |
| 330 Avro Street, Pointe-Claire | \$2,077,295 | 8.35% | March 2013 |
| 19701 Clark-Graham Avenue, Baie-d'Urfé | \$7,620,235 | 5.83% | July 2021 |
| 11000 Parkway Blvd., Montréal | \$6,681,110 | 5.35% | March 2022 |
| 2156-2168 de la Province Street, Longueuil | \$1,783,375 | 5.36% | April 2018 |
| 2170 de la Province Street, Longueuil | \$980,856 | 5.36% | April 2018 |
| 715 Delage Street, Longueuil | \$1,783,375 | 5.36% | April 2018 |
| 3600 Matte Blvd., Brossard | \$1,575,315 | 5.36% | April 2018 |
| 3650 Matte Blvd., Brossard | \$2,972,292 | 5.36% | April 2018 |
| 115 de Vaudreuil Street, Boucherville | \$980,856 | 5.36% | April 2018 |
| 3071-3075 Louis-A.-Amos Street, Montréal | \$4,818,928 | 6.46% | July 2014 |
| 1615-1805 55th Avenue, Dorval | \$7,936,019 | 5.36% | April 2018 |
| 3339-3403 Griffith Street, Montréal | \$4,820,864 | 5.17% | February 2021 |
| 8100 Cavendish Blvd., Montréal | \$3,436,777 | 5.17% | February 2021 |
| 1949 Onésime-Gagnon Street, Montréal | \$2,339,567 | 6.46% | July 2014 |
| 2260 32nd Avenue, Montréal | \$4,170,896 | 5.75% | June 2018 |
| 2102-2150 32th Avenue, Montréal | \$3,745,088 | 5.36% | April 2018 |
| 2024-2080 32th Avenue, Montréal | \$1,803,453 | 6.46% | July 2014 |
| 6320-6380 Côte-de-Liesse Road, Montréal | \$2,575,517 | 5.17% | February 2021 |
| 1925-1975 Hymus Blvd., Laval | \$3,783,363 | 5.17% | February 2021 |
| 80-140 Lindsay Avenue, Dorval | \$1,749,552 | 5.17% | February 2021 |
| 8411-8453 Dalton Road, Mount-Royal | \$1,115,953 | 5.17% | February 2021 |
| 8459-8497 Dalton Road, Mount-Royal | \$1,498,808 | 5.17% | February 2021 |
| 8545-8579 Dalton Road, Mount-Royal | \$1,650,955 | 5.17% | February 2021 |
| 8605-8639 Dalton Road, Mount-Royal | \$1,386,806 | 5.17% | February 2021 |
| 7075 Place Robert-Joncas, Montréal | \$8,975,892 | 6.30% | October 2014 |
| 1225 Volta Street, Boucherville | \$5,641,493 | 5.17% | February 2021 |
| 2000 Halpern Street, Montréal | \$16,622,627 | 4.68% | August 2010 |
| 2105 23rd Avenue, Montréal | \$6,810,976 | 5.82% | February 2009 |
| 1111 46th Avenue, Montréal | \$3,639,770 | 4.98% | July 2015 |
| 5055 Lévy Street, Montréal | \$2,979,259 | 5.14% | November 2011 |
| 243 Hymus Blvd., Pointe-Claire | \$1,316,117 | 4.84% | January 2012 |
| 2555 Pitfield Blvd., Montréal | \$4,312,631 | 4.84% | January 2012 |
| 1710-1850 55th Avenue, Montréal | \$792,221 | 10.63% | October 2011 |
| 1520-1660 55th Avenue, Montréal | \$792,221 | 10.63% | October 2011 |
| 1875 55th Avenue, Dorval | \$1,307,695 | 11.00% | October 2011 |
| Sub-Total | \$271,186,675 | | |
| <u>HYPOTHECS - FLOATING INTEREST RATE</u> | | | |
| None | | | |
| TOTAL HYPOTHECS | \$732,292,958 | 5.58% | |

The following table summarizes the capital reimbursements, including balances upon maturity, of the Hypothecs as at December 31, 2008:

Debt Maturities⁽¹⁾

| | Office | Retail | Industrial and Mixed-Use | Total |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2009 | \$ 45,791 | \$ — | \$ 6,810,976 | \$ 52,602,772 |
| 2010 | \$ 35,301,468 | \$ — | \$ 16,622,627 | \$ 51,924,095 |
| 2011 | \$ — | \$ 1,152,333 | \$ 5,871,398 | \$ 7,023,731 |
| 2012 | \$ 13,096,988 | \$ — | \$ 7,419,454 | \$ 20,516,442 |
| 2013 | \$ 117,355,085 | \$ 41,576,405 | \$ 10,900,016 | \$ 169,831,506 |
| 2014 and beyond | \$ 136,946,009 | \$ 69,886,200 | \$ 223,562,203 | \$ 430,394,412 |
| Total | \$ 348,491,346 | \$ 112,614,938 | \$ 271,186,674 | \$ 732,292,958 |
| Weighted Average Interest Rate on Hypothecs | 5.57% | 5.66% | 5.58% | 5.58% |
| Weighted Average Term to Maturity on Hypothecs .. | 5.6 years | 8.1 years | 8.6 years | 7.1 years |

Notes:

(1) As at December 31, 2008, the REIT's indebtedness stood at 50.6% of Gross Book Value, excluding convertible debentures.

4.5.2 DEBENTURES

The following table presents the features of Cominar's unsecured convertible subordinated Debentures and the balances as at December 31, 2008:

| | Series A | Series B | Series C | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Contractual Interest rate | 6.30% | 5.70% | 5.80% | |
| Issue date | September 2004 | May 2007 | October 2007 | |
| Conversion price per unit | \$17.40 | \$27.50 | \$25.25 | |
| Date of interest payment | June 30 and December 31 | June 30 and December 31 | March 31 and September 30 | |
| Date of redemption at Cominar's election | June 2008 | June 2010 | September 2010 | |
| Date of maturity | June 2014 | June 2014 | September 2014 | |
| Balance as at December 31, 2008 | \$22,635,000 | \$80,500,000 | \$110,000,000 | Total \$213,135,000 |

As at December 31, 2008, the REIT's indebtedness, including the convertible debentures, was, 61.9% of the Gross Book Value.

5. CAPITALIZATION

The following table shows the REIT's capitalization as at December 31, 2008.

| Capitalization | As at December 31, 2008 |
|---|--------------------------------|
| | (\$000) |
| Hypothecs | 732,293 |
| Debentures | <u>213,135</u> |
| TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT | 945,428 |
| Market Capitalization ⁽¹⁾ | <u>734,552</u> |
| TOTAL CAPITALIZATION | 1,679,980 |
| LONG-TERM DEBT AS A % OF TOTAL CAPITALIZATION | 56.3% |

Note:
 (1) Based on 45,852,175 Units outstanding and a Unit price of \$16.02

6. NON-COMPETITION AGREEMENT

6.1 GENERAL

The corporations and partnerships comprising the Dallaire Group and the late Jules Dallaire, Messrs. Michel Dallaire and Alain Dallaire entered into the Non-Competition Agreement with the REIT, which restricts certain real estate related activities by them and their spouses (collectively the "**Restricted Group**").

6.2 SCOPE OF RESTRICTIONS AND RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL

Except as provided in the Non-Competition Agreement, each member of the Restricted Group will be prohibited from investing in office, retail, industrial or mixed-use Properties, unless the REIT has been offered such investment in accordance with the terms of the Non-Competition Agreement. The Non-Competition Agreement provides that each member of the Restricted Group, during the term of any lease of a tenant of any Property or within 60 days of the expiry thereof, may not solicit such tenant to move to a building in which the REIT does not have an interest. The foregoing restriction does not apply to a tenant which has ceased to be a tenant of any property of the REIT and which requires additional space that the REIT is unable to accommodate.

The restrictions in the Non-Competition Agreement only apply to Properties situated in Canada.

The Non-Competition Agreement provides for a right of first refusal in favour of the REIT with respect to any proposed sale of any office, retail, industrial or mixed-use property owned by any member of the Restricted Group pursuant to a third party offer to purchase which such member is prepared to accept, for the same price and on the same terms and conditions as such third party offer to purchase.

6.3 TERM OF RESTRICTIONS

The restrictions in the Non-Competition Agreement apply to the Dallaire Group until the occurrence of the later of the following events: (i) one year after the Dallaire Family, directly or indirectly, ceases to own, in the aggregate, at least 10% of the Units then outstanding; and (ii) Mr. Jules Dallaire ceases to be bound by the Non-Competition Agreement and ceases to have an active role in the management of the Dallaire Group.

The late Jules Dallaire, Messrs. Michel Dallaire and Alain Dallaire are bound by such restrictions until one year after the occurrence of the later of the following events: (i) he ceases to be a Trustee, officer or employee of the REIT; and (ii) if he has an interest in the Dallaire Group, whether as a shareholder, director or officer of a corporation comprising the Dallaire Group or as a partner of a partnership comprising the Dallaire Group, (a) he ceases to have such an interest or (b) the Dallaire Family,

directly or indirectly, ceases to own at least 10% of the Units then outstanding. Upon any of the late Jules Dallaire, Messrs. Michel Dallaire or Alain Dallaire ceasing to be bound by such restrictions, his spouse will also cease to be so bound.

A breach of the Non-Competition Agreement by Mr. Michel Dallaire or his spouse (so long as he has an active role in the management of the REIT) shall entitle the compensation committee to terminate his employment with the REIT without entitlement to severance, in addition to all of its other recourses. A breach of the Non-Competition Agreement by Mr. Alain Dallaire or his spouse (so long as he has an active role in the management of the Dallaire Group) shall entitle the compensation committee to terminate his employment with the REIT without entitlement to severance, in addition to all of its other recourses.

6.4 EXCLUSIONS FROM RESTRICTIONS

The restrictions in the Non-Competition Agreement do not apply to the Restricted Group with respect to any real estate other than office, retail, industrial or mixed-use Properties or with respect to any investments in respect of which any member of the Restricted Group has no active management or which they do not control.

In addition, any member of the Restricted Group and his spouse shall have the right to invest in and develop any of the Excluded Property or any Immovable Property transmitted by way of donation, will, succession or bequest to him or her, provided that in either case, as soon as practicable (but in any event within 90 days) after the date on which such property is substantially non-residentially leased, the REIT is offered the opportunity to purchase their interest at fair market value, except however in the case of Immovable Property transmitted at arm's length by way of donation, will, succession or bequest which is gratuitous and stipulates inalienability.

However, no exclusion limits the restriction on soliciting tenants as described above.

7. RISK FACTORS

The activities of the REIT and an investment in Units or Debentures involve certain risks. Investors should carefully consider, in light of their own financial circumstances, the factors set out below as well as other information contained or incorporated by reference in this AIF.

7.1 RISK FACTORS RELATED TO THE BUSINESS OF THE REIT

7.1.1 ACCESS TO CAPITAL AND DEBT, AND CURRENT GLOBAL FINANCIAL CONDITIONS

The real estate industry is highly capital intensive. The REIT will require access to capital to maintain its properties, as well as to fund its growth strategy and significant capital expenditures from time to time. There can be no assurances that the REIT will have access to sufficient capital or access to capital on terms favourable to the REIT for future property acquisitions and developments, financing or refinancing of properties, funding operating expenses or other purposes. In addition, the REIT may not be able to borrow funds under its credit facilities due to the limitations on the incurrence of debt by the REIT set forth in the Contract of Trust. Failure by the REIT to access required capital could adversely impact the REIT's financial condition and results of operations and decrease the amount of cash available for distribution.

Recent market events and conditions, including disruptions in the international and regional credit markets and other financial systems and the deterioration of global economic conditions, could impede the REIT's access to capital or debt financing or increase the cost of capital or debt financing. In 2007 and 2008, credit markets in the United States experienced serious disruptions due to a deterioration in residential property values, defaults and delinquencies in the residential mortgage market and a decline in the credit quality of mortgage-backed securities. These problems led to a slow-down in residential housing market transactions, declining housing prices, delinquencies in non-mortgage consumer credit and a general decline in consumer confidence. These conditions worsened and spread through North America and the world in 2008 and are continuing in 2009, causing a loss of confidence in the global credit and financial markets and resulting in the collapse of, and government intervention in, major banks, financial institutions and insurers and creating a climate of greater volatility, less liquidity, widening of credit spreads, a lack of price transparency, increased credit losses and tighter credit conditions. Notwithstanding various actions by governments, concerns about the general condition of the capital markets, financial instruments, banks, investment banks, insurers and other financial institutions caused the broader credit markets to further deteriorate, stock markets to decline substantially and the economy to slow down. Several countries, including Canada, are in a recession. There is also significant uncertainty as to the duration of current events.

These unprecedented disruptions in the credit and financial markets have had a significant material adverse impact on a number of financial institutions and have limited access to capital and credit for many companies. These disruptions could, among other things, make it more difficult for the REIT to obtain, or increase the cost of obtaining, capital and debt financing for the REIT's operations. Failure to raise capital when needed or on reasonable terms may have a material adverse effect on the REIT's financial condition and results of operations, including its acquisition and development program.

7.1.2 DEBT FINANCING

The REIT has and will continue to have substantial outstanding consolidated indebtedness comprised primarily of hypothecs, property mortgages and indebtedness under its Acquisition Facility. The REIT intends to finance its growth strategy, including acquisitions and developments, through a combination of its working capital and liquidity resources, including its cash flow from operations, additional indebtedness and public or private sales of equity or debt securities. The REIT may not be able to renegotiate the terms of repayment of existing indebtedness at favourable rates, especially in light of current disruptions in the international and regional credit markets and other financial systems and the deterioration of global and regional economic conditions. In addition, the terms of the REIT's indebtedness generally contain customary provisions that, upon an event of default, result in the acceleration of repayment of amounts owed and that restrict the distributions that may be made by the REIT. Therefore, upon an event of default under such indebtedness or an inability to renew same at maturity, the REIT's ability to make distributions will be adversely affected.

A portion of the REIT's cash flow is devoted to servicing its debt, and there can be no assurance that the REIT will continue to generate sufficient cash flow from operations to meet required interest or principal payments, such that it could be required to seek renegotiation of such payments or obtain additional equity, debt or other financing. The Acquisition Facility matures on June 30, 2010, approximately \$52.3 million and, giving effect to loan agreements entered into since the beginning of 2009, approximately \$99.8 million of secured debt of the REIT mature in 2009 and 2010, respectively. As of the date of this short form prospectus, the REIT has renewed or refinanced all of its mortgage loans maturing in 2009.

The REIT is subject to the risk that any of its existing indebtedness may not be able to be refinanced upon maturity or that the terms of such refinancing may not be as favourable as the terms of its existing indebtedness.

7.1.3 OWNERSHIP OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY

All immovable property investments are subject to elements of risk. Such investments are affected by general economic conditions, local real estate markets, demand for leased premises, competition from other available premises, municipal valuations and assessments and various other factors. Canada is presently in recession. With respect to the REIT, this risk is increased by the concentration of the Properties in three geographical areas.

The value of immovable property and any improvements thereto may also depend on the credit and financial stability of the tenants and the economic environment in which they operate. The REIT's income and Distributable Income would be adversely affected if one or more major tenants or a significant number of tenants were to become unable to meet their obligations under their leases or if a significant amount of available space in the properties in which the REIT will have an interest is not able to be leased on economically favourable lease terms. In the event of default by a tenant, delays or limitations in enforcing rights as a lessor may be experienced and substantial costs in protecting the REIT's investment may be incurred. The ability to rent unleased space in the properties in which the REIT will have an interest will be affected by many factors, including the level of economic activity generally and the competition for tenants by other properties. Costs may be incurred in making improvements or repairs to property required by a new tenant. The failure to rent unleased space on a timely basis or at all would likely have an adverse effect on the REIT's financial condition.

Certain significant expenditures, including property taxes, maintenance costs, hypothecary payments, insurance costs and related charges must be made throughout the period of ownership of immovable property regardless of whether the property is producing any income. If the REIT is unable to meet hypothecary payments on any property, loss could be sustained as a result of the hypothecary creditor's exercise of its hypothecary recourses.

Immovable property investments tend to be relatively illiquid, with the degree of liquidity generally fluctuating in relationship with demand for and the perceived desirability of such investments. Such illiquidity may tend to limit the REIT's ability to vary its portfolio promptly in response to changing economic or investment conditions. If the REIT were to be required to liquidate its immovable property investments, the proceeds to the REIT might be significantly less than the aggregate carrying value of its Properties.

The REIT is subject to the risks associated with debt financing, including the risk that existing hypothecary indebtedness secured by the REIT's Properties will not be able to be refinanced or that the terms of such refinancing will not be as favourable as the terms of existing indebtedness. In order to minimize this risk, the REIT will attempt to appropriately structure the timing of the renewal of significant tenant leases on its respective Properties in relation to the time at which hypothecary indebtedness on such Properties becomes due for refinancing.

Some of the leases of the REIT's Properties have early termination provisions, which, if exercised, would reduce the average lease term. However, such termination rights are generally exercisable only at a cost to the tenant and the amount of space in the REIT's portfolio which could be affected and operating revenues derived therefrom are not significant.

Expiries of leases for the REIT's Properties, including those of major tenants, will occur from time to time over the short and long-term. No assurances can be provided that the REIT will be able to renew any or all of the leases upon their expiration or that rental rate increases will occur or be achieved upon any such renewals. The failure to renew leases or achieve rental rate increases may adversely impact the REIT's financial condition and results of operations and decrease the amount of cash available for distribution.

7.1.4 COMPETITION

The REIT competes for suitable immovable property investments with individuals, corporations and institutions (both Canadian and foreign) which are presently seeking or which may seek in the future immovable property investments similar to those desired by the REIT. Many of those investors have greater financial resources than those of the REIT, or operate without the investment or operating restrictions of the REIT or according to more flexible conditions. An increase in the availability of investment funds and an increase in interest in immovable property investments may tend to increase competition for immovable property investments, thereby increasing purchase prices and reducing the yield on them.

In addition, numerous other developers, managers and owners of properties compete with the REIT in seeking tenants. The existence of competing developers, managers and owners and competition for the REIT's tenants could have an adverse effect on the REIT's ability to lease space in its Properties and on the rents charged, and could adversely affect the REIT's revenues and, consequently, its ability to meet its debt obligations.

7.1.5 ACQUISITIONS

The REIT's business plan includes growth through identifying suitable acquisition opportunities, pursuing such opportunities, consummating acquisitions and effectively operating and leasing such properties. If the REIT is unable to manage its growth effectively, it could adversely impact the REIT's financial condition and results of operations and decrease the amount of cash available for distribution. There can be no assurance as to the pace of growth through property acquisitions or that the REIT will be able to acquire assets on an accretive basis, and as such there can be no assurance that distributions to Unitholders will increase in the future.

7.1.6 DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

Information regarding our development projects, development costs, capitalization rates and expected returns are subject to change, which may be material, as assumptions regarding items such as, but not limited to, tenant rents, building sizes, leasable areas, project completion timelines and project costs, are updated periodically based on revised site plans, our cost tendering process, continuing tenant negotiations, demand for leasable space in our markets, the obtaining of required building permits, ongoing discussions with municipalities and successful property re-zonings. There can be no assurance that any assumptions in this regard will materialize as expected and any changes in these assumptions could have a material adverse effect on our development program, asset values and financial results. Certain development projects are material to the REIT.

7.1.7 DEPENDENCE ON KEY PERSONNEL

The management of the REIT depends on the services of certain key personnel, including Mr. Michel Dallaire, President and Chief Executive Officer of the REIT. The loss of the services of any key personnel could have a material adverse effect on the REIT.

7.1.8 POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

The REIT may be subject to various conflicts of interest because of the fact that the Dallaire Group and their respective directors, officers and associates, as well as the Trustees, are engaged in a wide range of real estate and other business activities. The REIT may become involved in transactions that conflict with the interests of the foregoing.

The Trustees may from time to time deal with persons, firms, institutions or corporations with which the REIT may be dealing, or which may be seeking investments similar to those desired by the REIT. The interests of these persons could conflict with those of the REIT. In addition, from time to time, these persons may be competing with the REIT for available investment opportunities.

Any decisions regarding the enforcement by the REIT of the terms of any agreement entered into by the REIT with a Trustee who is not an Independent Trustee, with the Dallaire Group or an affiliate thereof, or with an associate of a non-Independent Trustee may be made by a majority of the Independent Trustees only.

The Contract of Trust contains “conflicts of interest” provisions requiring Trustees to disclose material interests in material contracts and transactions and refrain from voting thereon. The REIT concluded a non-competition agreement with the corporation and partnerships comprising the Dallaire Group and Messrs. Jules Dallaire, Michel Dallaire and Alain Dallaire, which allows for the resolution of certain potential conflicts of interest.

7.1.9 GENERAL UNINSURED LOSSES

The REIT subscribed a blanket comprehensive general liability including insurance against fire, flood, extended coverage and rental loss insurance with policy specifications, limits and deductibles customarily carried for similar properties. There are, however, certain types of risks (generally of a catastrophic nature such as from wars or environmental contamination), which are either uninsurable or not insurable on an economically viable basis. The REIT also carries insurance for earthquake risks, subject to certain policy limits, deductibles and self-insurance arrangements, and will continue to carry such insurance if it is economical to do so. Should an uninsured or underinsured loss occur, the REIT could lose its investment in, and anticipated profits and cash flows from, one or more of its Properties, but the REIT would continue to be obligated to repay any hypothecary recourse or mortgage indebtedness on such Properties.

Many insurance companies have eliminated coverage for acts of terrorism from their policies, and borrowers may not be able to obtain coverage for terrorist acts at commercially reasonable rates or at any price. Damage to a property sustained as a result of an uninsured terrorist or similar act would likely adversely impact the REIT's financial condition and results of operation and decrease the amount of cash available for distribution.

7.1.10 GOVERNMENT REGULATION

The REIT and its Properties are subject to various governmental legislation and regulation. Any change in such legislation or regulation adverse to the REIT and its Properties could affect the operating and financial performance of the REIT.

In addition, environmental and ecological legislation and policies have become increasingly important in recent years. Under various laws, the REIT could become liable for the costs of removal or remediation of certain hazardous or toxic substances released on or in its Properties or disposed of at other locations or for the costs of other remedial or preventive work. The failure to remove or remediate such substances, or to effect such remedial or preventive work if any, may adversely affect an owner's ability to sell such real estate or to borrow using such real estate as collateral, and could potentially also result in claims against the owner by private plaintiffs or governmental agencies. Notwithstanding the above, the REIT is not aware of any material non-compliance, liability or other claim in connection with any of its Properties, nor is the REIT aware of any environmental condition with respect to any of its Properties that it believes would involve material expenditure by the REIT.

7.1.11 LIMIT ON ACTIVITIES

In order to maintain its status as a “mutual fund trust” under the Tax Act, the REIT cannot carry on most active business activities and is limited in the types of investments it may make. The Contract of Trust contains restrictions to this effect.

7.1.12 DEBT FINANCING

The REIT has and will continue to have considerable consolidated indebtedness comprised basically of mortgage loans and debts contracted pursuant to the terms of its credit facilities. The REIT intends to fund its expansion strategy, including its acquisitions and development projects, from its working capital and liquidities, including cash flow from operations, by incurring further indebtedness and by selling debt or equity securities in the course of its operations or on the public markets. Notwithstanding that the REIT is of the view that although unlikely, it may be unable to renegotiate repayment terms of such indebtedness at favourable rates. Moreover, the REIT's financing arrangements contain the usual provisions that, in the event of default, accelerate repayment of sums due and limit the amount of distributions that the REIT can make. Consequently, in the event of default under such terms, the REIT's ability to make distributions could be adversely affected.

Part of the cash flow of the REIT is devoted to servicing such debt, and there can be no assurance that the REIT will continue to generate sufficient cash flow from operations to meet required interest and principal payments. If the REIT is unable to meet interest or principal payments, it could be required to seek renegotiation of such payments or obtain additional equity, debt or other financing. Moreover, the REIT is subject to the risk that existing debt will not be able to be refinanced at maturity or that the terms of such refinancing will not be as favourable as the terms of existing indebtedness.

7.2 RISK FACTORS RELATED TO THE OWNERSHIP OF UNITS AND DEBENTURES

7.2.1 MARKET PRICE

A publicly traded real estate investment trust will not necessarily trade at values determined solely by reference to the underlying value of its real estate assets. Accordingly, the Units may trade at a premium or a discount to values implied by the initial appraisal of the value of its Properties or the value of such Properties from time to time.

Whether or not the Debentures will trade at lower prices depends on many factors, including liquidity of the Debentures, prevailing interest rates and the markets for similar securities, the market price of the Units, general economic conditions and the REIT's financial condition, historic financial performance and future prospects.

Although the REIT intends to make distributions of its available cash to Unitholders, these cash distributions are not assured. The actual amount distributed will depend on numerous factors including, but not limited to, current global financial conditions and disruptions in the marketplace the REIT's financial performance, debt covenants and obligations, working capital requirements and future capital requirements. The market price of the Units may deteriorate if the REIT is unable to meet its cash distribution targets in the future.

The after-tax return from an investment in Units to Unitholders subject to Canadian income tax will depend, in part, on the composition for tax purposes of distributions paid by the REIT (portions of which may be fully or partially taxable or may constitute non-taxable returns of capital). The composition for tax purposes of those distributions may change over time, thus affecting the after-tax return to Unitholders.

One of the factors that may influence the market price of the Units is the annual yield on the Units. Accordingly, an increase in market interest rates may lead purchasers of Units to demand a higher annual yield, which could adversely affect the market price of the Units. Unlike fixed-income securities, there is no obligation of the REIT to distribute to Unitholders any fixed amount and reductions in, or suspensions of, distributions may occur that would reduce yield based on the market price of the Units. In addition, the market price for the Units may be affected by changes in general market conditions, fluctuations in the markets for equity securities, changes in the economic environment and numerous other factors beyond the control of the REIT.

7.2.2 STRUCTURAL SUBORDINATION OF UNITS AND DEBENTURES

In the event of a bankruptcy, liquidation or reorganization of the REIT or any of its subsidiaries, holders of certain of their indebtedness and certain trade creditors will generally be entitled to payment of their claims from the assets of the REIT and those subsidiaries before any assets are made available for distribution to the Unitholders and Debentureholders. The Units and Debentures will be effectively subordinated to most of the other indebtedness and liabilities of the REIT and its subsidiaries. Neither the REIT, nor any of its subsidiaries will be limited in their ability to incur additional secured or unsecured indebtedness.

7.2.3 CREDIT RISK AND PRIOR RANKING INDEBTEDNESS: ABSENCE OF COVENANT PROTECTION

The likelihood that Debentureholders will receive payments owing to them under the terms of the Debentures will depend on the financial health of the REIT and its creditworthiness. In addition, the Debentures are unsecured obligations of the REIT and are subordinate in right of payment to all the REIT's existing and future senior indebtedness (as defined in the Indenture). Therefore, if the REIT becomes bankrupt, liquidates its assets, reorganizes or enters into certain other transactions, the REIT's assets will be available to pay its obligations with respect to the Debentures only after it has paid all of its senior and secured indebtedness in full. There may be insufficient assets remaining following such payments to pay amounts due on any or all of the Debentures then outstanding. The Debentures are also effectively subordinate to claims of creditors of the REIT's subsidiaries except to the extent the REIT is a creditor of such subsidiaries ranking at least *pari passu* with such other creditors. The Indenture does not prohibit or limit the ability of the REIT or its subsidiaries to incur additional debt or liabilities (including senior indebtedness) or to make distributions, except, in respect of distributions, where an Event of Default (as defined in the Indenture) has occurred and such default has not been cured or waived. The Indenture does not contain any provision specifically intended to protect Debentureholders in the event of a future leveraged transaction involving the REIT.

7.2.4 CONVERSION FOLLOWING CERTAIN TRANSACTIONS

In the case of certain transactions, each Debenture will become convertible into the securities, cash or property receivable by a Unitholder in the kind and amount of securities, cash or property into which the Debenture was convertible immediately prior to the transaction. This change could substantially lessen or eliminate the value of the conversion privilege associated with the Debentures in the future. For example, if the REIT were acquired in a cash merger, each Debenture would become convertible solely into cash and would no longer be convertible into securities whose value would vary depending on the REIT's future prospects and other factors.

7.2.5 AVAILABILITY OF CASH FLOW

Distributable Income may exceed actual cash available to the REIT from time to time because of items such as principal repayments, tenant allowances, leasing commissions and capital expenditures. The REIT may be required to use part of its debt capacity or to reduce distributions in order to accommodate such obligations.

The REIT may need to refinance its debt obligations from time to time, including upon expiration of its debt. There could be a negative impact on Distributable Income if debt obligations of the REIT are replaced with debt that has less favourable terms or if the REIT is unable to refinance its debt. In addition, loan and credit agreements with respect to debt obligations of the REIT, include, and may include in the future, certain covenants with respect to the operations and financial condition of the REIT and Distributable Income may be restricted if the REIT is unable to maintain any such covenants.

7.2.6 UNITHOLDER LIABILITY

The Contract of Trust provides that no Unitholder or annuitant under a plan of which a Unitholder acts as trustee or carrier (an "annuitant") will be held to have any personal liability as such, and that no resort shall be had to the private property of any Unitholder or annuitant for satisfaction of any obligation or claim arising out of or in connection with any contract or obligation of the REIT or of the Trustees. Only assets of the REIT are intended to be liable and subject to levy or execution.

The Contract of Trust further provides that certain written instruments signed by the REIT (including all immovable hypothecs and, to the extent the Trustees determine to be practicable and consistent with their obligation as Trustees to act in the best interests of the Unitholders, other written instruments creating a material obligation of the REIT) shall contain a provision or be subject to an acknowledgment to the effect that such obligation will not be binding upon Unitholders personally or upon any annuitant. Except in case of bad faith or gross negligence on their part, no personal liability will attach under the laws of the Province of Québec to Unitholders or annuitants for contract claims under any written instrument disclaiming personal liability as aforesaid.

However, in conducting its affairs, the REIT will be acquiring immovable property investments, subject to existing contractual obligations, including obligations under hypothecs, mortgages and leases. The Trustees will use all reasonable efforts to have any such obligations, other than leases, modified so as not to have such obligations binding upon any of the Unitholders or annuitants personally. However, the REIT may not be able to obtain such modification in all cases. If a claim is not satisfied by the REIT, there is a risk that a Unitholder or annuitant will be held personally liable for performance of the obligations of the REIT where the liability is not disavowed as described above. The possibility of any personal liability attaching to Unitholders or annuitants under the laws of the Province of Québec for contract claims where the liability is not so disavowed is remote.

The REIT will use all reasonable efforts to obtain acknowledgments from the hypothecary creditors under assumed hypothecs that assumed hypothec obligations will not be binding personally upon the Trustees, the Unitholders or any annuitant.

Claims against the REIT may arise other than under contracts, including claims in delict, claims for taxes and possibly certain other statutory liabilities. The possibility of any personal liability of Unitholders for such claims is considered remote under the laws of Québec, and the nature of the REIT's activities are such that most of its obligations arise by contract, with non-contractual risks being largely insurable. In the event that payment of a REIT obligation were to be made by a Unitholder, such Unitholder would be entitled to reimbursement from the available assets of the REIT.

Article 1322 of the *Civil Code of Québec* effectively states that the beneficiary of a trust is liable towards third persons for the damage caused by the fault of the trustees of such trust in carrying out their duties only up to the amount of the benefit such beneficiary has derived from the act of such trustees and that such obligations are to be satisfied from the trust patrimony. Accordingly, although this provision remains to be interpreted by the courts, it should provide additional protection to Unitholders with respect to such obligations.

The Trustees will cause the activities of the REIT to be conducted, with the advice of counsel, in such a way and in such jurisdictions as to avoid, to the extent they determine to be practicable and consistent with their duty to act in the best interests of the Unitholders, any material risk of liability on the Unitholders for claims against the REIT. The Trustees will, to the extent available on terms which they determine to be practicable, cause the insurance carried by the REIT, to the extent applicable, to cover the Unitholders and annuitants as additional insureds.

7.2.7 STATUS FOR TAX PURPOSES

Cominar currently qualifies as a mutual fund trust for income tax purposes. According to its Contract of Trust, Cominar is required to annually distribute all of its taxable income to Unitholders and thus is generally not subject to tax on such amounts. In order to maintain its current status, Cominar is required to comply with specific restrictions regarding its activities and the investments held by it. If it were to cease to qualify as a mutual fund trust, the consequences could be material and adverse.

Under its Tax Fairness Plan, Canada's Department of Finance introduced new measures into taxation legislation aimed at taxing distributions of specified investment flow-through entities ("SIFTs") so that taxation of such entities approximates that of corporations. Bill C-52 enacting those measures received Royal Assent on June 22, 2007.

Briefly, a SIFT is a trust resident in Canada, whose investments therein are listed or traded on a stock exchange or some other public market and which has one or more non-portfolio properties.

The new rules apply as of the SIFT's 2007 taxation year. However, SIFTs existing as at October 31, 2006 and which do not undergo "undue expansion" are entitled to transitional relief for a period of four years before the new rules apply.

The new tax rules do not apply to a SIFT that qualifies as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") for a given taxation year. A REIT is a trust resident in Canada that satisfies the following conditions: (i) its "non-portfolio properties" held during the year are "qualified REIT property", (ii) at least 95% of its income for the taxation year is derived from one or more of the following sources: rent from "real or immovable properties"; interest; capital gains from the disposition of real or immovable properties; dividends and royalties, (iii) at least 75% of its income for the taxation year is derived from one or more of the following sources: rent from "real or immovable properties" to the extent that it is derived from properties situated in Canada; interest from mortgages or hypothecs on real or immovable properties situated in Canada and capital gains from the disposition of real or immovable properties situated in Canada and (iv) the total fair market value of all properties that it holds, each of which is a real or immovable property situated in Canada, cash or generally, a claim of the Government of Canada or of certain other government bodies, is not at any time in the year less than 75% of the equity value of the at that time.

As at December 31, 2008, Cominar satisfied all the requisite criteria and qualifies as a REIT. Consequently, the new taxation rules governing SIFTs do not apply to Cominar.

Moreover, Management fully intends to take such measures as are necessary to satisfy those criteria on a continuing basis in the future.

7.2.8 DILUTION

The number of Units the REIT is authorized to issue is unlimited. The Trustees have the discretion to issue additional Units in other circumstances. Additional Units may also be issued pursuant to the DRIP, the Unit Option Plan and any other incentive plan of the REIT, and upon conversion of the Debentures and Units issuable to the Debenture Trustee (as defined in the Indenture) in payment of interest on Debentures. Any issuance of Units may have a dilutive effect on the Unitholders.

7.2.9 RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN UNITHOLDERS AND LIQUIDITY OF UNITS

The Contract of Trust imposes restrictions on non-resident Unitholders who are prohibited from beneficially owning more than 49% of the Units. These restrictions may limit the rights of certain Unitholders, including non-residents of Canada, to acquire Units, to exercise their rights as Unitholders and to initiate and complete take-over bids in respect of the Units. As a result, these restrictions may limit the demand for Securities from certain Unitholders and thereby adversely affect the liquidity and market value of the Securities held by the public. Unitholders who are non-residents of Canada are required to pay all withholding taxes payable in respect of distributions by the REIT. The REIT withholds such taxes as required by the Income Tax Act and remits such payment to the tax authorities on behalf of the Unitholder. The Income Tax Act contains measures to subject non-residents of Canada to withholding tax of certain otherwise non-taxable distributions of Canadian mutual funds to non-resident Unitholders. This may limit the demand for Units and/or Debentures and thereby affect their liquidity and market value.

7.2.10 CASH DISTRIBUTIONS ARE NOT GUARANTEED

There can be no assurance regarding the amount of income to be generated by the REIT's Properties. The ability of the REIT to make cash distributions, and the actual amount distributed, will be entirely dependent on the operations and assets of the REIT and its Subsidiaries, and will be subject to various factors including financial performance, obligations under applicable credit facilities, fluctuations in working capital, the sustainability of income derived from anchor tenants and capital expenditure requirements. The market value of the Units will deteriorate if the REIT is unable to meet its distribution targets in the future, and that deterioration may be significant. In addition, the composition of cash distributions for tax purposes may change over time and may affect the after-tax return for investors.

7.2.11 NATURE OF AN INVESTMENT IN THE REIT

A holder of a Unit of the REIT does not hold a share of a body corporate. As holders of Units of the REIT, the Unitholders will not have statutory rights normally associated with ownership of shares of a corporation including, for example, the right to bring "oppression" or "derivative" actions. The rights of Unitholders are based primarily on the Contract of Trust. There is no statute governing the affairs of the REIT equivalent to the CBCA, which sets out the rights, and entitlements of shareholders of corporation in various circumstances.

8. DISTRIBUTIONS

The following outlines the distribution policy of the REIT as contained in the Contract of Trust. The distribution policy may be amended only with the approval of a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of Unitholders.

8.1 GENERAL

The REIT distributes to Unitholders monthly, on or about the 15th day in each calendar month (other than January) and on December 31 each calendar year (a "**Distribution Date**"), not less than 85% of the Distributable Income of the REIT for the preceding calendar month and, in the case of distributions made on December 31, for the calendar month then ended. Unitholders also are entitled to receive a distribution on December 31 of each year of: (i) the net realized capital gains of the REIT and the net recapture income of the REIT for the year then ended; and (ii) any excess of the income of the REIT for the purposes of the Income Tax Act over distributions otherwise made for that year.

Distributions are made in cash. Distributions may be adjusted for amounts paid in prior periods if the actual Distributable Income for the prior periods is greater than or less than the Trustees' estimates for the prior periods.

If the Trustees anticipate a cash shortfall and determine that it would be in the best interests of the REIT, they may reduce for any period the percentage of Distributable Income to be distributed to Unitholders.

Monthly distributions will be based on the Trustees' estimate of yearly Distributable Income, subject to adjustment from time to time throughout the year.

8.2 COMPUTATION OF DISTRIBUTABLE INCOME FOR DISTRIBUTION PURPOSES

The Distributable Income of the REIT is calculated based on the REIT's income determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, subject to certain adjustments as set out in the Contract of Trust, including that capital gains and capital losses be excluded, net recapture income be excluded, no deduction be made for non-capital losses, capital cost allowance, terminal losses, amortization of cumulative eligible capital or amortization of costs of issuing Units or financing fees related to the instalment loan, and leasehold and tenant improvements be amortized. Distributable Income so calculated may reflect any other adjustments determined by the Trustees in their discretion and may be estimated whenever the actual amount has not been fully determined. Such estimates will be adjusted as of the subsequent Distribution Date when the amount of Distributable Income has been finally determined.

8.3 COMPUTATION OF NET REALIZED CAPITAL GAINS AND NET RECAPTURE INCOME

The net realized capital gains of the REIT for any year means the amount, if any, by which the capital gains of the REIT for the year exceed the aggregate of (i) the amount of any capital losses of the REIT for the year and (ii) the amount of any net capital losses of the REIT from prior years to the extent not previously deducted. The net recapture income of the REIT for any year means the amount, if any, by which the amount required to be included in the income of the REIT for income tax purposes for such year in respect of recapture of capital cost allowance previously claimed by the REIT exceeds terminal losses realized by the REIT in the year.

8.4 TAX DEFERRAL ON 2008 DISTRIBUTIONS

The distributions made by the REIT to Unitholders in 2008 were tax-deferred at 67.4% by reason of the REIT's ability to claim capital cost allowance and certain other deductions. In the year of acquisition of a property, capital cost allowance is restricted to one-half of the normal annual rates. The adjusted cost base of Units held by a Unitholder will generally, subject to certain conditions under the Tax Act, be reduced by the non-taxable portion of distributions made to the Unitholder (other than the non-taxable portion of certain capital gains). A Unitholder will generally realize a capital gain to the extent that the adjusted cost base of the Unitholders' Units would otherwise be a negative amount.

8.5 DISTRIBUTIONS DURING THE LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

The following table presents the distributions per Unit made by the REIT for the last three fiscal years ending on December 31.

| Year | Distribution per Unit (\$) |
|------|-------------------------------|
| 2008 | 1.417 |
| 2007 | 1.301 |
| 2006 | 1.230 |

9. CAPITAL STRUCTURE

9.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The ownership interests in the REIT constitute a single class of Units. Units represent a Unitholder's proportionate undivided ownership interest in the REIT. The aggregate number of Units that the REIT may issue is unlimited. As at December 31, 2008, there were 45,852,175 Units outstanding. No Unit has any preference or priority over another. No Unitholder has or is deemed to have any right of ownership in any of the assets of the REIT. Each Unit confers the right to one vote at any meeting of Unitholders and to participate equally and ratably in any distributions by the REIT and, in the event of any required distribution of all of the property of the REIT, in the net assets of the REIT remaining after satisfaction of all liabilities. Units are issued in registered form, are non-assessable when issued and are transferable. Issued and outstanding Units may be subdivided or consolidated from time to time by the Trustees without Unitholder approval. No certificates for fractional Units will be issued and fractional Units will not entitle the holders thereof to vote.

The Units are issued upon the terms and subject to the conditions of the Contract of Trust, which Contract of Trust is binding upon all Unitholders.

The REIT has also issued unsecured subordinated convertible debentures, which are more fully described in section 4.5.2 of this Annual Information Form.

9.2 RESTRICTION ON THE ISSUE AND TRANSFER OF UNITS

The Contract of Trust imposes certain restrictions to non-residents of Canada, who may not be the beneficial owners of more than 49% of Units. See "Restrictions on Certain Unitholders and Liquidity of Units".

10. DISTRIBUTION REINVESTMENT PLAN

The REIT has set up a distribution reinvestment plan (the "***Distribution Reinvestment Plan***") pursuant to which Unitholders may elect to have all cash distributions of the REIT automatically reinvested in additional Units at a price per Unit calculated by reference to the weighted average of the trading price of Units on the Toronto Stock Exchange for the twenty trading days immediately preceding the relevant Distribution Date. No brokerage commissions will be payable in connection with the purchase of Units under the Distribution Reinvestment Plan and all administrative costs will be borne by the REIT. Proceeds received by the REIT upon the issuance of additional Units under the Distribution Reinvestment Plan will be used by the REIT for future property acquisitions, capital improvements and working capital.

In order to encourage participation in the Distribution Reinvestment Plan, the Trustees of the REIT amended it on March 27, 2001, so that the Unitholders who participated in the Distribution Reinvestment Plan will be granted the right to receive an additional number of Units equal to 5% of the distributions to which they are entitled and which they choose to reinvest.

Unitholders who reside in the United States or who are United States citizens will not be entitled to participate in the Distribution Reinvestment Plan.

11. MARKET FOR SECURITIES OF THE REIT

11.1 MARKET FOR UNITS

The REIT's Units are listed and posted for trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "CUF.UN".

The following table sets forth the market price range, in Canadian dollars, and trading volumes of the REIT's Units on the Toronto Stock Exchange for each month of the most recently completed fiscal year.

| Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2008 | High (\$) | Low (\$) | Trading Volumes |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| January | 20.44 | 17.08 | 2,326,000 |
| February | 19.74 | 18.07 | 1,406,000 |
| March | 20.62 | 18.70 | 1,144,900 |
| April | 21.36 | 19.91 | 1,188,700 |
| May | 21.50 | 19.75 | 1,143,900 |
| June | 22.30 | 20.54 | 1,227,100 |
| July | 22.05 | 19.78 | 1,535,100 |
| August | 23.00 | 21.35 | 1,071,900 |
| September | 22.90 | 19.52 | 1,139,200 |
| October | 21.46 | 15.50 | 1,995,300 |
| November | 19.69 | 12.97 | 1,361,300 |
| December | 17.00 | 13.27 | 1,632,500 |

11.2 MARKET FOR DEBENTURES

The Debentures are listed and posted for trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol “CUF.DB”, “CUF.DB.B” and “CUF.DB.C”. The following tables set forth the market price range, in Canadian dollars, and trading volumes of the REIT’s Debentures for each month of the most recently completed fiscal year.

| CUF.DB | | | |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 | High (\$) | Low (\$) | Trading volumes (000) |
| January | 115.00 | 104.45 | 249 |
| February | 113.86 | 107.70 | 402 |
| March | 120.00 | 108.22 | 499 |
| April | 122.23 | 113.04 | 312 |
| May | 121.00 | 115.02 | 199 |
| June | 125.02 | 118.02 | 135 |
| July | 126.00 | 113.99 | 453 |
| August | 139.09 | 122.00 | 245 |
| September | 130.09 | 118.28 | 620 |
| October | 120.87 | 98.00 | 229 |
| November | 110.00 | 76.00 | 193 |
| December | 98.00 | 77.29 | 112 |

CUF.DB.B

| Fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 | High (\$) | Low (\$) | Trading volumes (000) |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| January | 97.00 | 91.80 | 1,089 |
| February | 94.00 | 92.00 | 1,349 |
| March | 95.50 | 93.00 | 3,240 |
| April | 95.00 | 93.11 | 508 |
| May | 95.99 | 93.50 | 3,279 |
| June | 95.00 | 93.10 | 2,508 |
| July | 97.00 | 93.75 | 456 |
| August | 100.00 | 94.50 | 424 |
| September | 97.50 | 90.50 | 232 |
| October | 93.95 | 75.00 | 620 |
| November | 84.95 | 74.25 | 465 |
| December | 78.89 | 70.00 | 949 |

CUF.DB.C

| Fiscal year ended December 31,2008 | High (\$) | Low (\$) | Trading volumes (000) |
|---|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| January | 96.48 | 91.01 | 2,675 |
| February | 95.00 | 92.01 | 4,559 |
| March | 95.25 | 93.71 | 3,109 |
| April | 94.84 | 92.26 | 3,730 |
| May | 95.25 | 93.00 | 7,698 |
| June | 95.50 | 93.60 | 6,471 |
| July | 95.00 | 93.00 | 2,996 |
| August | 98.50 | 95.00 | 6,264 |
| September | 98.50 | 91.55 | 5,122 |
| October | 93.44 | 75.00 | 2,427 |
| November | 86.00 | 73.01 | 2,098 |
| December | 80.50 | 72.55 | 2,047 |

11.3 PREVIOUS OFFERINGS

Units

The following table sets forth the date, number and prices at which the REIT has issued Units during fiscal year 2008.

| Date | Issuance Type | Total Units Issued | Price per Unit |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| January 2008 | Exercise of Options | 3,600 | \$14.00 |
| | DRIP | — | — |
| February 2008 | Conversion of Debentures | — | — |
| | Exercise of Options | 22,600 | \$14.00 |
| March 2008 | DRIP | 6,338 | \$18.39 |
| | Conversion of Debentures | 344 | \$17.40 |
| April 2008 | Exercise of Options | 15,600 | \$13.33 |
| | DRIP | 6,211 | \$19.32 |
| May 2008 | Conversion of Debentures | 3,332 | \$17.40 |
| | Exercise of Options | 63,900 | \$14.05 |
| June 2008 | DRIP | 6,113 | \$19.94 |
| | Conversion of Debentures | 1,954 | \$17.40 |
| July 2008 | Exercise of Options | 26,000 | \$14.90 |
| | DRIP | 6,165 | \$20.71 |
| August 2008 | Conversion of Debentures | 3,907 | \$17.40 |
| | Exercise of Options | 103,000 | \$15.30 |
| September 2008 | DRIP | 28,450 | \$21.26 |
| | Conversion of Debentures | 16,608 | \$17.40 |
| October 2008 | Exercise of Options | 22,100 | \$14.35 |
| | DRIP | 5,973 | \$21.66 |
| November 2008 | Conversion of Debentures | 20,745 | \$17.40 |
| | Exercise of Options | 83,700 | \$15.12 |
| December 2008 | DRIP | 6,047 | \$21.35 |
| | Conversion of Debentures | 15,746 | \$17.40 |
| January 2009 | Exercise of Options | — | — |
| | DRIP | 26,311 | \$22.16 |
| February 2009 | Conversion of Debentures | 22,527 | \$17.40 |
| | Exercise of Options | — | — |
| March 2009 | DRIP | 6,478 | \$19.55 |
| | Conversion of Debentures | — | — |
| April 2009 | Exercise of Options | — | — |
| | DRIP | 34,080 | \$17.54 |
| May 2009 | Conversion of Debentures | — | — |
| | Exercise of Options | 2,600 | \$14.00 |
| June 2009 | DRIP | 19,063 | \$14.50 |
| | Conversion of Debentures | — | — |

Options

On February 6, 2008, the REIT granted 932,700 options to purchase Units pursuant to the Unit Option Plan at an exercise price of \$18.68.

On December 19, 2008, the REIT granted 1,161,600 options to purchase Units pursuant to the Unit Option Plan at an exercise price of \$15.14.

12. TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS OF THE REIT

12.1 INFORMATION CONCERNING TRUSTEES

The following table sets forth the name of each current Trustee, the positions and offices within the REIT currently held by them, their principal occupations and their employment during the last five years, the period during which each served as Trustee of the REIT and the approximate number of Units they have advised are beneficially owned, directly or indirectly, by them or over which they exercise control or direction as at March 17, 2009:

| Name, municipality of residence and office | Principal occupation | Period during which served as a Trustee | Number of Units beneficially owned or over which control or direction is exercised ⁽¹⁾ |
|---|---|---|---|
| Robert Després , O.C., G.O.Q. ^{(2) (5) (6)} Québec (Borough de la Cité) Independent Trustee | Chairman of the Board Director of various corporations | 1998- | 16,500 |
| Michel Dallaire , P.Eng. Québec (Borough of Beauport), Québec AM Total Investments Trustee, President and Chief Executive Officer of the REIT | President and Chief Executive Officer of the REIT | 1998- | 8,731,493 ⁽⁷⁾ |
| Me Michel Paquet Québec (Borough of Sainte-Foy-Sillery), Québec AM Total Investments Trustee, Executive Vice-President, Legal Affairs and Secretary of the REIT | Executive Vice-President, Legal Affairs and Secretary of the REIT | 1998- | 8,621,705 ⁽⁷⁾ |
| Alain Dallaire Lac Beauport, Québec AM Total Investments Trustee, Executive Vice-President, Operations | Executive Vice-President, Operations of the REIT | 2006- | 8,639,458 ⁽⁷⁾ |
| Pierre Gingras ^{(3) (6)} Québec, Québec AM Total Investments Trustee | President of Placements Moras inc., a personal holding company, director of Desjardins Sécurité Financière, a life insurance company | 1998- | 94,606 ⁽⁸⁾ |
| Yvan Caron ^{(2) (3) (4)} Québec (Borough of Limoilou), Québec Independent Trustee | Consultant | 1998- | Nil |
| Me Gérard Coulombe , Q.C. ^{(4) (5) (6)} Sainte-Marthe (Vaudreuil), Québec Independent Trustee | Senior partner with Lavery De Billy, Montréal | 2007- | 1,306 |
| Dino Fuoco , CMA, FCMA ^{(2) (3) (6)} Boucherville, Québec Independent Trustee | President of Équipements vétérinaires Matvet inc., president of La Société financière Opal inc., a personal holding company | 2006- | Nil |
| Ghislaine Laberge ^{(4) (5)} Montréal (Borough of Verdun), Québec Independent Trustee | Consultant in real estate investments, director of Hypothèques CDPQ Inc. and of Cadim Inc. | 1998- | Nil |

NOTES:

- (1) Each Trustee has furnished information as to the Units beneficially owned by him or over which he exercises control or direction.
- (2) Member of the Audit Committee.
- (3) Member of the Investment Committee.
- (4) Member of the Compensation Committee.
- (5) Member of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee.
- (6) Will hold office as a Trustee for a term expiring at the close of the annual meeting of Unitholders for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2009.
- (7) Comprises 8,256,000 Units held by AM Total Investments, general partnership (formerly known as Cominar, general partnership). The Units held by AM Total Investments, general partnership, are indirectly held by Corporation Financière Alpha (CFA) Inc. ("CFA") and 357,000 Units are held by Fiducie testamentaire Jules Dallaire. The shares of CFA are owned by the children of the late Jules Dallaire, including Michel Dallaire, and related family trusts.
- (8) Comprises 18,606 Units held by Placements Moras inc.

The term of Michel Dallaire, Alain Dallaire, Michel Paquet and Pierre Gingras will expire upon the election or appointment of their respective successors by the Dallaire Group.

Each of the Trustees listed above has held his or her principal occupation for the five preceding years, except for Dino Fuoco who, from September 2001 to 2003, was Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Société Générale de Financement du Québec and who has been, since September 2003, President of La Société Financière Opal Inc. and since August 2006, President of Équipements vétérinaires Matvet Inc.

In April 2005, Michel Dallaire was appointed Chief Executive Officer of Cominar, in replacement of Jules Dallaire. He was previously Chief Operating Officer of Cominar.

12.2 INFORMATION CONCERNING NON-TRUSTEE OFFICERS

| Non-Trustee Officer | Office with the REIT | Province of Residence and Country |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Michel Berthelot | Executive Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer | Québec, Canada |
| Michel Ouellette | Executive Vice-President, Acquisitions and Development | Québec, Canada |
| René Bérubé | Vice-President, Leasing - Québec | Québec, Canada |
| Andrée Dallaire | Vice-President, Corporate Affairs | Québec, Canada |
| Michel Leclerc | Vice-President, Property Management - Québec | Québec, Canada |
| Jean-Guy Moreau | Vice-President, Development | Québec, Canada |
| Wally Commisso | Vice-President, Property Management - Montréal | Québec, Canada |
| Anne-Marie Dubois | Vice-President, Leasing - Montréal | Québec, Canada |
| Roger Turpin | Vice-President and Treasurer | Québec, Canada |
| Richard Nolin | Vice-President, Commercial | Québec, Canada |

Each of the non-trustee officers of the REIT has held his or her present principal office or another position with the REIT for the five preceding years, except for Andrée Dallaire, who has joined the REIT in February 2005 and who was formerly a consultant; Michel Leclerc, who joined the REIT as Vice-President, Building Operations Québec in March 2007 and who was previously Director of Equipment Services at the Commission scolaire Beauce-Etchemin; Jean-Guy Moreau who joined the REIT as Vice-President, Development in May 2007 and who was previously Director of Québec City's land management division; Wally Commisso and Anne-Marie Dubois, respectively Vice-President, Building Operations – Montréal and Vice-President, Rentals – Montréal who joined the REIT in June 2007, and who were previously Vice-President, Building Operations and Vice-President, Office and Industrial Leasing for the Alexis Nihon REIT; and Roger Turpin, who joined the REIT as Vice-President and Treasurer in September 2007 and who was previously Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer of the Alexis Nihon REIT.

As at February 17, 2009, the executive officers and Trustees of the REIT beneficially owned or exercised control or direction over 8,918,621 Units, or approximately 20% of the issued and outstanding Units.

12.3 INDEPENDENCE

The REIT considers that the Independent Trustees are independent within the meaning of National Instrument 58-101 respecting disclosure of corporate governance practices and that the members of the Audit Committee are independent within the meaning of Regulation 52-110 respecting Audit Committees. The Trustees appointed by the Dallaire Group are not considered independent.

12.4 AUDIT COMMITTEE**12.4.1 GENERAL PROVISIONS**

The REIT has an Audit Committee which currently consists of Messrs. Dino Fuoco (Chairman), Yvan Caron and Robert Després. All the members of the Audit Committee are Independent Trustees and are considered "independent" and "financially literate" within the meaning of Multilateral Instrument 52-110 with respect to Audit Committees. Mr. Fuoco is a Fellow member of the Corporation des Comptables en Management Accrédités du Québec, Mr. Després is a Fellow of the Corporation of Certified General Accountants of Quebec and a Fellow of the Ordre des comptables en management accrédités du Québec, and Yvan Caron is the former President of the Fédération des Caisses populaires Desjardins de Québec.

12.4.2 MANDATE OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The mandate of the Audit Committee is to assist the Board of Trustees of the REIT in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities. As such, the Audit Committee reviews the financial reporting process, the system of internal controls, the management of financial risks, the audit process and the REIT's process for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and its own general policies. The Committee maintains effective working relationships with the Board of Trustees, Management and external auditors. The mandate of the Audit Committee is attached hereto as Schedule "A".

12.4.3 EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE OF AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

The following is a brief summary of the education and experience of each member of the Audit Committee that is relevant to the performance of his or her responsibilities as a member of the Audit Committee, including any education or experience that has provided the member with an understanding of the accounting principles used by the REIT to prepare its annual and interim financial statements.

| Name of Audit Committee Member | Relevant Education and Experience |
|--|---|
| Dino Fuoco, CMA, FCMA | Mr. Fuoco is a member of the Corporation des Comptables en Management Accrédités du Québec and is also a Fellow member of this Corporation. Mr. Fuoco serves as director of several public companies and as Chairman of a number of Audit Committees. Mr. Fuoco presently chairs the Audit Committee of the REIT. |
| Robert Després, OC., GOQ., M.Sc.C., FCGA, FCMA | Mr. Després, M.Sc., is a Fellow of the Corporation des Comptables en Management Accrédités du Québec and is also a Fellow of the Corporation professionnelle des comptables généraux licenciés du Québec. He serves as director of several public companies and as Chairman and member of audit committees. |
| Yvan Caron | Mr. Caron has held senior positions with Caisses populaires Desjardins de Québec. Mr. Caron served as President of the Fédération des caisses populaires Desjardins de Québec and as Executive Vice-President of Place Desjardins inc. |

Each of the Audit Committee members therefore understands the accounting principles used by the REIT to prepare its financial statements and has the capacity to generally assess the application of the accounting principles related to the accounting of estimates, accounts receivable, accounts payable and reserves. Messrs. Fuoco, Després and Caron all have experience in the preparation, audit, analysis and assessment of financial statements containing accounting issues of a generally similar scope and complexity as can reasonably be expected to be raised by the REIT's financial statements. Messrs. Fuoco, Després and Caron also understand internal controls and disclosure controls and procedures.

12.4.4 EXTERNAL AUDITOR SERVICE FEES

The following table shows fees paid to Ernst & Young LLP in the past two fiscal years for various services provided to the REIT:

| | Year ended December 31, 2008 (\$) | Year ended December 31, 2007 (\$) |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Audit Fees | 111,100 | 98,900 |
| Audit – Operating Expenses | 9,850 | 10,050 |
| Fees related to conversion to IFRS | 25,000 | --- |
| Audit – Related Fees | 13,000 | 40,000 |
| Fees related to fiscal services | 88,108 | 72,318 |
| Other Fees | <u>18,565</u> | <u>175,280</u> |
| TOTAL: | 265,623 | 396,548 |

Audit Fees

These fees include professional services rendered by the external auditors for statutory audits of the annual financial statements.

Audit – Related Fees

These fees include professional services for consultation services during the statutory audits or interim reviews.

Audit – Operating Expenses

These fees include professional services for audits of the operating expenses of certain properties in accordance with leases in place for such properties

Fees Related to Fiscal Services and Other Fees

These fees include the total fees paid to the auditors for services other than those presented in the preceding categories, including fiscal services and fees incurred in connection with the REIT's offer for all outstanding Alexis Nihon units and reviews of internal controls.

12.4.5 PROCEDURES FOR THE ENGAGEMENT OF AUDIT AND NON-AUDIT SERVICES

The Audit Committee may engage advisors if it deems it necessary in the exercise of its functions, and fix and pay their remuneration. However, if the amount exceeds \$40,000 during a given year, the Committee must obtain the prior authorization of the Board of Trustees.

12.5 CEASE TRADE ORDERS AND BANKRUPTCIES

To the knowledge of the Trustees and officers of the REIT and based on the information furnished to it, no trustee or officer of the REIT, is, as at the date of this annual information form or has been, within the 10 years prior to such date, a director, trustee, chief executive officer or chief financial officer of any company which, while that person was acting in that capacity:

- (i) was the subject of a cease trade or similar order or an order that denied the relevant company access to any exemption under securities legislation, for a period of more than 30 consecutive days;
- (ii) was subject to an event that resulted, after the director or executive officer ceased to be a director or executive officer, in the company being the subject of a cease trade or similar order or an order that denied the relevant company access to any exemption under securities legislation, for a period of more than 30 consecutive days; or
- (iii) within a year of that person ceasing to act in that capacity, became bankrupt, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency or was subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold its assets; or

with the exception of Gérard Coulombe, who sat on the Board of Directors of Centre International de Gestion de Projets G.P. a non-profit corporation until September 28, 2005, who was declared bankrupt on September 29, 2005.

12.5.1 PERSONAL BANKRUPTCIES

No trustee or officer at the meeting, has within the past 10 years, become bankrupt, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency or was subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold his, her or its assets.

13. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS AND REGULATORY ACTIONS

The REIT is involved in various claims and litigation as a regular part of its business. Management believes that the resolution of these claims and litigation (which in certain cases are subject to applicable deductibles covered by insurance) will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position or results of operations.

In addition, in the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, the REIT has not been subject of any penalties or sanctions imposed by a court pursuant to securities legislation or regulatory authority or any penalties or sanctions that a reasonable investor would consider significant and that were imposed by a court or regulatory body or any settlement agreements pertaining to such penalties or sanctions.

14. MANAGEMENT AND OTHER INFORMED PERSONS IN MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS

To the REIT's knowledge, for the year ended December 31, 2008, no present or proposed Trustee or officer of the REIT has a material interest in a transaction or proposed transaction which may or will have a material impact on the REIT.

Michel Dallaire and Alain Dallaire, Trustees and officers of the REIT, indirectly control Dalcon Inc. and Corporation Financière Alpha (CFA) Inc. Michel Paquet, also a Trustee and officer of the REIT, is associated with these corporations, as an officer thereof.

During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, the REIT recorded net leasing revenues of \$0.8 million from Dalcon Inc. and Corporation Financière Alpha (CFA) Inc. The REIT incurred expenses of \$16.3 million for the completion by Dalcon Inc., on its behalf, of leasehold improvements and of \$33.3 million for the construction and development of income-producing properties on its behalf by Dalcon Inc.

15. TRANSFER AGENT AND REGISTRAR

The REIT's transfer agent and registrar is Computershare Trust Company of Canada. The register of transfers maintained is located at its offices in Montréal, Québec.

16. INTEREST OF EXPERTS

Ernst & Young LLP are the external auditors of the REIT who prepared the Auditor's Report to the Unitholders dated February 11, 2009 (except for note 24d, which is as of February 12, 2009) with respect to the consolidated annual financial statements of the REIT for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. Ernst & Young LLP is independent with respect to the REIT within the meaning of the Code of Ethics of the *Ordre des comptables agréés du Québec*.

17. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information with respect to the REIT may be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Additional information, including Trustees and officers' remuneration, principal holder of the REIT's Units and Units authorized for issuance under the Unit Option Plan, where applicable, is contained in the REIT's information circular for its most recent annual meeting of Unitholders that involves the election of Trustees.

Additional financial information is provided in the REIT's financial statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 available at www.sedar.com.

SCHEDULE "A"
AUDIT COMMITTEE
CHARTER

CONSTITUTION

The Board of Trustees (the "**Board**") has by resolution set up an Audit Committee (the "**Committee**") made up of three unrelated and independent trustees (as such term is defined in the Independence Standards Applicable to Audit Committees) who are financially literate.

The Board appoints the members and designates the Committee Chair. The Committee may from time to time invite other persons it considers advisable to attend its meetings and participate in deliberations and discussions on the various matters transacted by the Committee. Any person invited to attend Committee meetings who is not a member of the Committee is not entitled to vote on decisions made thereat.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE CHAIR OF THE COMMITTEE

The Chair of the Committee is responsible for the following:

- (i) Scheduling Committee meetings;
- (ii) In consultation with the Executive Vice-President and CFO, preparing the agenda for Committee meetings and ensuring that relevant documentation is made available in a timely manner;
- (iii) Chairing Committee meetings;
- (iv) Ensuring that the Committee fulfils its responsibilities as per its Charter and complies with the terms thereof; and
- (v) Reporting to the Board of Trustees on all matters transacted by the Committee.

QUORUM

A majority of the Committee members constitutes the quorum.

MEMBER TERMS

Members appointed to the Committee hold office until the first meeting of the Board following the annual general meeting of Unitholders or until they resign or are removed. Any member who ceases to be a Trustee shall cease to be a member of the Committee and may also be removed from office at any time by the Board.

PROCEDURE

The Committee follows the same procedure for calling and holding its meetings as the Board does with regard to such issues. The Board secretary also serves as secretary of the Committee.

MEETINGS

The Committee meets as often as circumstances require but it must hold at least four regularly scheduled meetings per year.

PRESENCE OF EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The external auditor attends Committee meetings when the auditor's presence is considered necessary, and in particular for the part thereof during which the auditor's approach and the audit scope are presented and when the auditor's remuneration is discussed as well as when the audited annual financial statements, the audit report, the auditor's responses to the Committee's questions and the letter to Management with comments from Management are reviewed. The external auditor may request that the Committee Chair convene a meeting of the Committee.

POWERS OF THE COMMITTEE

The Committee exercises all powers and duties conferred upon it under the Contract of Trust and the laws and regulations governing the REIT.

In the exercise of its duties, the Committee or its representative is authorized to access the books, ledgers and accounts of the REIT and its subsidiaries, and to discuss any question concerning the financial situation and financial results of the REIT and its subsidiaries with the officers and the internal and external auditors of the REIT and its subsidiaries.

The Committee is also authorized to obtain any information it may require from employees, who must respond promptly to the requests of the Committee or its representatives, and to meet as often as necessary with the officers, internal and external auditors or external advisors.

The Committee may engage independent attorneys or other advisors it deems necessary in the exercise of its duties, and fix and pay their remuneration. However, should the amounts incurred exceed \$40,000 during a given year, the Committee shall obtain Board approval in the form of a resolution adopted to this effect.

PURPOSE OF THE COMMITTEE

The Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its responsibility to oversee the financial management of the REIT, the financial information presentation process, the internal control system, the internal and external auditing process, the identification and management of financial risks and the procedures set up to ensure compliance with the code of ethics and professional conduct and the laws and regulations governing the REIT. In performing its duties, the Committee shall promote good relations with the Board, Management and the internal and external auditors.

The REIT's Management is responsible for the preparation, presentation and integrity of financial statements as well as for the efficient functioning of the system of internal controls respecting disclosure of financial information. Management and the internal audit department, if any, are responsible for implementing and applying appropriate accounting and financial principles and policies respecting the disclosure of financial information and internal controls and procedures in accordance with accounting standards and practices and in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations.

The external auditor is responsible for planning and conducting an audit of the REIT's annual financial statements, in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, which are intended among other things to establish with reasonable assurance that the financial information set forth in the financial statements is free from material inaccuracies pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles. The auditor must also inform the Committee of any deficiency that it may find during its annual audit regarding the effective functioning of the system of internal controls, including as concerns the disclosure of financial information.

Unless the situation is otherwise and the Committee members are aware of it – in which case, they must promptly inform the Board of Trustees – the latter are entitled to rely on the integrity of the persons or organizations that provide them with internal and external information, on the accuracy of the financial and other information that the Committee members receive from such persons or organizations and on statements made by Management and the external auditor regarding non-audit services provided by the external auditor.

MANDATE

1. Recommend to the Board the choice of the external auditor, whose work it is directly responsible for overseeing, and remind same that the ultimate client are the Unitholders and not Management;

2. Recommend to the Board the remuneration to be paid to the external auditor as well as the terms and conditions of the auditor's mandate;
3. Determine and confirm the independence of the external auditor;
4. Review with the external auditor the approach and scope of the audit program, oversee the auditor's work and report to the Board on material qualifications that the Committee may have or that the external auditor may have formulated;
5. Give prior approval to all non-audit services desired to be referred to external auditors to the extent the remuneration paid for these services does not exceed 5% of the total remuneration paid by the REIT and its subsidiaries to external auditors during the fiscal year in which the services are rendered and provided that the Audit Committee is kept informed thereof at each meeting.

In addition, the Committee may, subject to certain conditions, adopt specific policies and procedures to delegate prior approval authority. It may also delegate this authority to one of its members provided said member informs the Committee at its next regular meeting following the approval;

6. Oversee performance of the work of the external auditor;
7. Review the quarterly unaudited financial statements and notes thereto, the management discussion and analysis, the press releases, the message to Unitholders and any other written communications intended for the public, the regulatory authorities, etc. and recommend their approval to the Board. Unaudited financial statements must be accompanied by a notice to that effect;
8. Review the annual audited financial statements and recommend their approval to the Board, as well as all financial statements and reports that may require review by the Committee pursuant to applicable laws and regulations or in response to a request from the Board. The Committee is also responsible for reviewing all related financial information, including the financial information contained in the annual report, the MD&A, the annual information form and any prospectus;

In performing this task, the Committee shall discuss with the external auditor such issues as the acceptability and quality of the accounting principles and practices applied, underlying assumptions and material judgments affecting the REIT's financial statements, while ensuring that there is no disagreement between the auditor and Management concerning the financial statements. Should a disagreement arise, the Committee is responsible for resolving it;

9. Receive at each regular meeting a certificate signed by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer to the effect that the quarterly and annual financial statements and the related MD&A are free of false or misleading information and that they fairly reflect the REIT's financial situation, operating results and cash flow for the period in question;
10. Receive and examine the external auditor's reports following the interim and final audit as well as the auditor's letter to Management together with Management's comments on each point raised;
11. Following a review of the external auditor's comments and suggestions with the auditor, report to the Board on the following matters:
 - the pertinence of accounting records and how they are kept;
 - the pertinence and efficiency of the accounting, internal control and information systems as well as the extent to which they are properly and uniformly applied;
 - the competency and efficiency of the personnel assigned to accounting, financial and internal control tasks as well as the number of people working in each of these areas.
12. Assess the performance of the external auditor;
13. Following consultation with the external and internal auditors, request that Management indicate to the Committee the major risks to which the REIT is exposed and the actions taken to minimize them, and report to the Committee thereon at each regular meeting. Following a review, the Committee shall make any necessary modifications;

14. Following the periodic evaluation of the competency, performance and independence of the external auditor, recommend to the Board renewal or, if deemed appropriate, termination of the auditor's mandate either by recommending that the mandate not be renewed or by recommending that a meeting of the Unitholders be held to consider the auditor's removal;
15. Periodically assess the need to set up an internal audit program. Where such a function exists or is created:
 - determine how the work it includes will be carried out;
 - examine the approach and scope of the program, the audit plan and the budget;
 - review quarterly the reports issued together with comments from Management;
 - keep informed of projects and activities related to this program;
 - assess its performance;
 - ensure that Management follows up on the recommendations it and the Committee have accepted;
 - ensure the best possible match between the external auditor's program and the internal auditor's program.
16. Obtain at each quarterly meeting an officer certificate stating that the REIT complies with all applicable laws and regulations, including rules of corporate governance, that there are no off-balance sheet activities and that the REIT is not in default under any of its loans or contracts;
17. Review the efficiency of the system implemented to ensure that the REIT complies with all applicable laws and regulations and review the results of any investigations that Management conducted and ensure that the Committee is informed of any fraudulent activity or accounting irregularities;
18. Review quarterly the status of pending, ongoing and threatened litigation or actions;
19. Ensure that a code of ethics and professional conduct is in place and that all trustees, officers and employees are made aware of it, evaluate the system established to ensure compliance with the code and make sure the Committee is advised, at least once a year, of all infringements reported and, as quickly as possible following the occurrence thereof, of any material infringement;
20. Review the policies and procedures in place for the approval of the expenses and bonuses of officers;
21. Periodically address important accounting issues and review the manner in which the most recent reports and statements, both professional and regulatory, are presented;
22. Ensure that the general insurance portfolio for the REIT and its subsidiaries is adequate and make appropriate recommendations to the Board while ensuring that the recovery plan in the event of disaster is appropriate;
23. Review and report to the Board on contingent liabilities and commitments of the REIT and its subsidiaries;
24. Establish procedures for the confidential and anonymous communication of employees' concerns about questionable matters relating to accounting or audit;
25. Review and approve the REIT's hiring policies regarding partners, employees and former partners and employees of the present and former external auditor;
26. Establish the list of questions to be submitted in writing at the end of the year to the external auditor and Management and review the responses received when reviewing the audited financial statements;
27. Ensure that the Committee's Charter is disclosed when required, including in the annual information form;
28. Review any financing proposal and its impact on the REIT's operations, financial results and financial situation;
29. Review the findings of any investigation conducted by any regulatory body;
30. Assess Management's performance of its responsibilities respecting the security of computer systems and applications, and its emergency plans for handling financial information in the event of a system breakdown;

31. Review and closely monitor proposals that are made or may be made by Canada's Minister of Finance pertaining to the taxation system applicable to trusts and partnerships and report thereon to the Board, from time to time;
32. Periodically meet separately with Management, the internal auditor, if any, and the external auditor;
33. Review once a year and update the Committee's Charter and its work program, as required;
34. Assess the performance of the Committee and its members at least once a year and inform the Board thereof;
35. Confirm each year that the Committee has fulfilled its responsibilities as per its Charter;
36. Perform all other tasks related to the Charter as the Board may request.

ANNUAL WORK PROGRAM

The annual work program is appended hereto.

MINUTES

Minutes are prepared for each Committee meeting.

REPORT TO BOARD

The Committee must report on its proceedings at the following Board meeting.

REMUNERATION

The Committee members receive remuneration as fixed by the Board for their services.

Revised May 2008